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DISCLAIMER

Attached please find an electronic copy of the Offering Circular dated March 28, 2005 (the "Offering Circular") relating to the offering by Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Ltd. and Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Inc. of certain Notes and Preferred Shares (the "Offering").

The information contained in the electronic copy of the Offering Circular has been formatted in a manner which should exactly replicate the printed Offering Circular; however, physical appearance may differ and other discrepancies may occur for various reasons, including electronic communication difficulties or particular user equipment. The user of this electronic copy of the Offering Circular assumes the risk of any discrepancies between it and the printed version of the Offering Circular.

Neither this e-mail nor the attached Offering Circular constitutes an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy the securities described in the Offering Circular in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction.

In order to be eligible to view this e-mail and/or access the Offering Circular or make an investment decision with respect to the securities described therein, you must either (i) be a "qualified purchaser" within the meaning of Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended who is also (1) a "Qualified Institutional Buyer" within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or (2) an "accredited investor" within the meaning of Rule 501(a) under the Securities Act or (ii) not be a "U.S. person" within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act.

By opening the attached documents and accessing the Offering Circular, you agree to accept the provisions of this page and consent to the electronic transmission of the Offering Circular.

THIS E-MAIL IS NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OR FORWARDED TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THE PERSON RECEIVING THIS ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION FROM MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED AS INITIAL PURCHASER AND ANY PERSON RETAINED TO ADVISE THE PERSON RECEIVING THIS ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION WITH RESPECT TO THE OFFERING CONTEMPLATED IN THE OFFERING CIRCULAR AND IS NOT TO BE REPRODUCED IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER. ANY FURTHER DISTRIBUTION, FORWARDING OR REPRODUCTION OF THIS EMAIL IN WHOLE OR IN PART IS UNAUTHORIZED. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS DIRECTIVE MAY RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF THE SECURITIES ACT. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY AUTHORIZED HEREIN, THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS EMAIL MESSAGE IS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION INTENDED ONLY FOR THE USE OF THE INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY TO WHOM IT IS ADDRESSED.

NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING HEREIN TO THE CONTRARY, EFFECTIVE FROM THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF DISCUSSIONS, RECIPIENTS OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR AND EACH EMPLOYEE, REPRESENTATIVE OR OTHER AGENT OF ANY SUCH RECIPIENT MAY DISCLOSE TO ANY AND ALL PERSONS, WITHOUT LIMITATION OF ANY KIND, THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT AND TAX STRUCTURE OF THIS OFFERING AND ALL MATERIALS OF ANY KIND, INCLUDING OPINIONS OR OTHER TAX ANALYSES, THAT ARE PROVIDED TO THE RECIPIENTS RELATING TO SUCH TAX TREATMENT AND TAX STRUCTURE. THIS AUTHORIZATION TO DISCLOSE SUCH TAX TREATMENT AND TAX STRUCTURE DOES NOT PERMIT DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE ISSUER, THE COISSUER, THE COLLATERAL MANAGER OR ANY OTHER PARTY TO THE TRANSACTION, THIS OFFERING OR THE PRICING (EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PRICING IS RELEVANT TO THE TAX STRUCTURE OR TAX TREATMENT) OF THIS OFFERING.

OFFERING CIRCULAR

U.S.\$880,000,000 Class A-1 First Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Delayed Draw Notes Due 2041 U.S.\$40,000,000 Class A-2 Second Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes Due 2041 U.S.\$46,000,000 Class B Third Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes Due 2041 U.S.\$11,500,000 Class C-1A Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Floating Rate Notes Due 2041 U.S.\$4,000,000 Class C-1B Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Fixed Rate Notes Due 2041 U.S.\$7,500,000 Class C-1C Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Fixed Rate Notes Due 2041 15,500 Preferred Shares (having an Aggregate Liquidation Preference of U.S.\$15,500,000)

Backed Primarily by a Portfolio of Asset-Backed Securities and Related Synthetic Securities

Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Ltd. Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Inc.

Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands (the "Issuer"), and Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Co-Issuer" and, together with the Issuer, the "Co-Issuers"), will issue U.S.\$880,000,000 Class A-1 First Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Delayed Draw Notes due 2041 (the "Class A-1 Notes"), U.S.\$40,000,000 Class A-2 Second Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes due 2041 (the "Class A-1 Notes"), U.S.\$40,000,000 Class A-2 Second Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes due 2041 (the "Class B Notes"), U.S.\$11,500,000 Class C-1A Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Floating Rate Notes due 2041 (the "Class C-1A Notes"); U.S.\$4,000,000 Class C-1B Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Fixed Rate Notes due 2041 (the "Class C-1B Notes"); and U.S.\$7,500,000 Class C-1C Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Fixed Rate Notes due 2041 (the "Class C-1C Notes" and, together with the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes, the "Class C Notes", and together with the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes, the "Notes"). The Notes will be issued and secured pursuant to an Indenture dated as of March 29, 2005 (the "Indenture") between the Issuer, the Co-Issuer and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee"). Concurrently with the issuance of the Notes, the Issuer will issue 15,500 Preferred Shares with an aggregate liquidation preference of U.S.\$15,500,000 (as more fully described herein, the "Preferred Shares") pursuant to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer (the "Issuer Charter") and in accordance with a Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement dated as of March 29, 2005 between the Issuer, Walkers SPV Limited, as preferred share registrar, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as preferred share paying agent. The Notes and the Preferred Shares being offered hereby are referred to herein as the "Offered Securities". The collateral securing the Notes will be managed



It is a condition to the issuance of the Offered Securities that the Class A-1 Notes be rated "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), "AAA" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("Standard & Poor's") and "AAA" by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch", and together with Moody's and Standard & Poor's, the "Rating Agencies"), that the Class A-2 Notes be rated "Aaa" by Moody's, "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and "AAA" by Fitch, that the Class B Notes be rated "Aa2" by Moody's, "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "AA" by Fitch and that the Class C Notes be rated "Baa2" by Moody's, "BBB" by Standard & Poor's and "BBB" by Fitch. The Preferred Shares will not be rated. Application will be made to list the Offered Securities on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange. There can be no assurance that listing on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange will be granted.

SEE "RISK FACTORS" IN THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR FOR A DESCRIPTION OF CERTAIN FACTORS THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED IN CONNECTION WITH AN INVESTMENT IN THE OFFERED SECURITIES. THE PLEDGED ASSETS OF THE ISSUER ARE THE SOLE SOURCE OF PAYMENTS ON THE OFFERED SECURITIES. THE OFFERED SECURITIES DO NOT REPRESENT AN INTEREST IN OR OBLIGATIONS OF, AND ARE NOT INSURED OR GUARANTEED BY, THE TRUSTEE, THE COLLATERAL MANAGER, THE HEDGE COUNTERPARTY, MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INCORPORATED OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES.

THE OFFERED SECURITIES BEING OFFERED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), UNDER APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR THE CO-ISSUER HAS BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940, AS AMENDED, IN RELIANCE ON THE EXEMPTION PROVIDED BY SECTION 3(c)(7) THEREOF. THE OFFERED SECURITIES ARE BEING OFFERED (A) IN THE UNITED STATES IN RELIANCE UPON AN EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT TO QUALIFIED PURCHASERS (AS DEFINED HEREIN) WHO ARE ALSO (I) "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYERS" (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OR (II) ACCREDITED INVESTORS WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 501(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND (B) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION S ("REGULATION S") UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT TO PERSONS WHO ARE NOT U.S. PERSONS (AS DEFINED IN REGULATION S). EACH ORIGINAL PURCHASER OF A NOTE WILL BE DEEMED TO MAKE, AND EACH ORIGINAL PURCHASER OF A PREFERRED SHARE BY ITS EXECUTION OF AN INVESTOR APPLICATION FORM (AN "INVESTOR APPLICATIONS. SEE "TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS".

The Offered Securities are offered by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and its affiliates (in such capacity, together with such affiliates, the "Initial Purchaser"), from time to time in individually negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued. Sales of the Offered Securities to purchasers in the United States will be made through Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated. The Initial Purchaser may sell a portion of the Offered Securities to Maxim Group LLC, as co-manager, for distribution to investors. The Initial Purchaser reserves the right to withdraw, cancel or modify such offer and to reject orders in whole or in part. It is expected that the Offered Securities will be delivered on or about March 29, 2005, in the case of the Notes and the Regulation S Global Preferred Shares, through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and in the case of the Definitive Preferred Shares, in the offices of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, against payment therefor in immediately available funds. It is a condition to the issuance of the Offered Securities that all Offered Securities be issued concurrently.

Merrill Lynch & Co.

Maxim Group LLC

Lead Manager

Co-Manager

The date of this offering circular is March 28, 2005.

NOTICE TO NEW HAMPSHIRE RESIDENTS

NEITHER THE FACT THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR AN APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE HAS BEEN FILED UNDER CHAPTER 421-B OF THE NEW HAMPSHIRE REVISED STATUTES WITH THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE NOR THE FACT THAT A SECURITY IS EFFECTIVELY REGISTERED OR A PERSON IS LICENSED IN THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE CONSTITUTES A FINDING BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE THAT ANY DOCUMENT FILED UNDER RSA 421-B IS TRUE, COMPLETE AND NOT MISLEADING. NEITHER ANY SUCH FACT NOR THE FACT THAT AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION IS AVAILABLE FOR A SECURITY OR A TRANSACTION MEANS THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAS PASSED IN ANY WAY UPON THE MERITS OR QUALIFICATIONS OF, OR RECOMMENDED OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO, ANY PERSON, SECURITY OR TRANSACTION. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE, OR CAUSE TO BE MADE, TO ANY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER, CUSTOMER OR CLIENT ANY REPRESENTATION INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

NO PERSON IS AUTHORIZED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY OFFERING MADE HEREBY TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OTHER THAN AS CONTAINED HEREIN AND, IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATION MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE ISSUER, THE CO-ISSUER, THE INITIAL PURCHASER, THE COLLATERAL MANAGER, THE HEDGE COUNTERPARTIES OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES. THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL, OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY, (A) ANY SECURITIES OTHER THAN THE OFFERED SECURITIES OR (B) ANY OFFERED SECURITIES IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR SUCH PERSON TO MAKE SUCH AN OFFER OR SOLICITATION. DISTRIBUTION OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR AND THE OFFERING OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES IN CERTAIN JURISDICTIONS MAY BE RESTRICTED BY LAW. PERSONS INTO WHOSE POSSESSION THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR COMES ARE REQUIRED BY THE CO-ISSUERS AND THE INITIAL PURCHASER TO INFORM THEMSELVES ABOUT, AND TO OBSERVE, ANY SUCH RESTRICTIONS. IN PARTICULAR, THERE ARE RESTRICTIONS ON THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR, AND THE OFFER AND SALE OF OFFERED SECURITIES, IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE CAYMAN ISLANDS. SEE "PLAN OF THE DELIVERY OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR SHALL NOT UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES IMPLY THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE CO-ISSUERS OR THAT THE INFORMATION HEREIN IS CORRECT AS OF ANY DATE SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR. THE CO-ISSUERS AND THE INITIAL PURCHASER RESERVE THE RIGHT, FOR ANY REASON, TO REJECT ANY OFFER TO PURCHASE IN WHOLE OR IN PART, TO ALLOT TO ANY OFFEREE LESS THAN THE FULL AMOUNT OF OFFERED SECURITIES SOUGHT BY SUCH OFFEREE OR TO SELL LESS THAN THE MINIMUM DENOMINATION OF ANY CLASS OF NOTES OR THE MINIMUM NUMBER OF PREFERRED SHARES.

THE NOTES ARE LIMITED RECOURSE OBLIGATIONS OF THE CO-ISSUERS AND THE PREFERRED SHARES ARE LIMITED RECOURSE OBLIGATIONS OF THE ISSUER. THE NOTES ARE PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE COLLATERAL DEBT SECURITIES AND OTHER COLLATERAL PLEDGED BY THE ISSUER TO SECURE THE NOTES. NONE OF THE SECURITY HOLDERS, MEMBERS, OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, MANAGERS OR INCORPORATORS OF THE ISSUER, THE CO-ISSUER, THE TRUSTEE, THE ADMINISTRATOR, THE COLLATERAL MANAGER, ANY RATING AGENCY, THE SHARE TRUSTEE, THE INITIAL PURCHASER, ANY HEDGE COUNTERPARTY, ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY WILL BE OBLIGATED TO MAKE PAYMENTS ON THE NOTES. CONSEQUENTLY, THE NOTEHOLDERS MUST RELY SOLELY ON AMOUNTS RECEIVED IN RESPECT OF THE COLLATERAL DEBT SECURITIES AND OTHER COLLATERAL PLEDGED TO SECURE THE NOTES FOR THE PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL THEREOF AND INTEREST THEREON.

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NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING HEREIN TO THE CONTRARY, EFFECTIVE FROM THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF DISCUSSIONS, RECIPIENTS OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR AND EACH EMPLOYEE, REPRESENTATIVE OR OTHER AGENT OF ANY SUCH RECIPIENT MAY DISCLOSE TO ANY AND ALL PERSONS, WITHOUT LIMITATION OF ANY KIND, THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX TREATMENT AND TAX STRUCTURE OF THIS OFFERING AND ALL MATERIALS OF ANY KIND, INCLUDING OPINIONS OR OTHER TAX ANALYSES, THAT ARE PROVIDED TO THE RECIPIENTS RELATING TO SUCH TAX TREATMENT AND TAX STRUCTURE. THIS AUTHORIZATION TO DISCLOSE SUCH TAX TREATMENT AND TAX STRUCTURE DOES NOT PERMIT DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE ISSUER, THE CO-ISSUER, THE COLLATERAL MANAGER, THE HEDGE COUNTERPARTY OR ANY OTHER PARTY TO THE TRANSACTION, THIS OFFERING OR THE PRICING (EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PRICING IS RELEVANT TO TAX STRUCTURE OR TAX TREATMENT) OF THIS OFFERING.

AN INVESTMENT IN THE OFFERED SECURITIES IS NOT SUITABLE FOR ALL INVESTORS AND IS APPROPRIATE ONLY FOR AN INVESTOR CAPABLE OF (A) ANALYZING AND ASSESSING THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH DEFAULTS, LOSSES AND RECOVERIES ON, REINVESTMENT OF PROCEEDS OF AND OTHER CHARACTERISTICS OF ASSETS SUCH AS THOSE INCLUDED IN THE COLLATERAL AND (B) BEARING SUCH RISKS AND THE FINANCIAL CONSEQUENCES THEREOF AS THEY RELATE TO AN INVESTMENT IN THE OFFERED SECURITIES. INVESTORS SHOULD BE AWARE THAT THEY MAY BE REQUIRED TO BEAR THE FINANCIAL RISKS OF AN INVESTMENT IN OFFERED SECURITIES FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR ARE NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS LEGAL, BUSINESS OR TAX ADVICE. EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN ATTORNEY, BUSINESS ADVISOR AND TAX ADVISOR AS TO LEGAL, BUSINESS AND TAX ADVICE. IT IS EXPECTED THAT PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS INTERESTED IN PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING ARE WILLING AND ABLE TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATION OF THE RISKS POSED BY AN INVESTMENT IN THE OFFERED SECURITIES.

THIS DOCUMENT WILL COMPRISE THE LISTING DOCUMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE LISTING OF THE PREFERENCE SHARES ON THE CHANNEL ISLANDS STOCK EXCHANGE. NEITHER THE ADMISSION OF THE PREFERENCE SHARES TO THE OFFICIAL LIST, NOR THE APPROVAL OF THIS LISTING DOCUMENT PURSUANT TO THE LISTING REQUIREMENTS OF THE CHANNEL ISLANDS STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION BY THE CHANNEL ISLANDS STOCK EXCHANGE AS TO THE COMPETENCE OF THE SERVICE PROVIDERS TO OR ANY OTHER PARTY CONNECTED WITH THE ISSUER, THE ADEQUACY AND ACCURACY OF INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS LISTING DOCUMENT OR THE SUITABILITY OF THE ISSUER FOR INVESTMENT OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

THE OFFERED SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY SECURITIES COMMISSION OR OTHER REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF ANY STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION, AND NONE OF THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAS CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

This Offering Circular has been prepared by the Co-Issuers solely for use in connection with the offering of the Offered Securities described herein (the "Offering"). The Co-Issuers have taken all reasonable care to confirm that the information contained in this Offering Circular is true and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading in any material respect and that there are no other facts relating to the Co-

Issuers or the Offered Securities, the omission of which makes this Offering Circular as a whole or any such information contained herein, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, misleading in any material respect. The Co-Issuers accept responsibility for the information contained in this document accordingly. To the best knowledge and belief of the Co-Issuers the information contained in this document is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The Co-Issuers disclaim any obligation to update such information and do not intend to do so. Neither the Initial Purchaser nor any of its affiliates makes any representation or warranty as to, has independently verified or assumes any responsibility for, the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Neither the Collateral Manager nor any of its affiliates makes any representation or warranty as to, has independently verified or assumes any responsibility for, the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein (other than the information describing the Collateral Manager set forth under "The Collateral Manager" and the subsections of the Risk Factors entitled "Conflicts of Interest Involving the Collateral Manager" and "Dependence on the Collateral Manager and Key Personnel and Prior Investment Results"). None of the Hedge Counterparty, any of its guarantors nor any of its respective affiliates makes any representation or warranty as to, has independently verified or assumes any responsibility for, the accuracy and completeness of the information contained herein. No other party to the transactions described herein makes any representation or warranty as to, has independently verified or assumes any responsibility for, the accuracy and completeness of the information contained herein. Nothing contained in this Offering Circular is or should be relied upon as a promise or representation as to future results or events. The Trustee has not participated in the preparation of this Offering Circular and assumes no responsibility for its contents.

None of the Initial Purchaser, the Collateral Manager, any Hedge Counterparty, their respective affiliates and any other person party to the transactions described herein (other than the Co-Issuers) assumes any responsibility for the performance of any obligations of either of the Co-Issuers or any other person described in this Offering Circular (other than its own obligations under documents entered into by it) or for the due execution, validity or enforceability of the Offered Securities or for the value or validity of the Collateral.

This Offering Circular contains summaries of certain documents. The summaries do not purport to be complete and are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents, copies of which will be made available to offerees upon request. Requests and inquiries regarding this Offering Circular or such documents should be directed to the Initial Purchaser at 4 World Financial Center, New York, New York 10080; Attention: Global Structured Credit Products.

The Co-Issuers will make available to any offeree of the Offered Securities, prior to the issuance thereof, the opportunity to ask questions of and to receive answers from the Co-Issuers or a person acting on their behalf concerning the terms and conditions of the Offering, the Co-Issuers or any other relevant matters and to obtain any additional information to the extent the Co-Issuers possess such information or can obtain it without unreasonable expense.

Although the Initial Purchaser may from time to time make a market in any Class of Notes or the Preferred Shares, the Initial Purchaser is under no obligation to do so. If the Initial Purchaser commences any market-making, the Initial Purchaser may discontinue the same at any time. There can be no assurance that a secondary market for any Class of the Notes or the Preferred Shares will develop, or if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the holders of such Offered Securities with liquidity of investment or that it will continue for the life of such Offered Securities.

NONE OF THE CO-ISSUERS, THE INITIAL PURCHASER, THE COLLATERAL MANAGER, THE HEDGE COUNTERPARTY OR THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION TO ANY OFFEREE OR PURCHASER OF OFFERED SECURITIES REGARDING THE LEGALITY OF INVESTMENT THEREIN BY SUCH OFFEREE OR PURCHASER UNDER APPLICABLE LEGAL INVESTMENT OR SIMILAR LAWS OR REGULATIONS OR THE PROPER CLASSIFICATION OF SUCH AN INVESTMENT THEREUNDER.

Offers, sales and deliveries of the Offered Securities are subject to certain restrictions in the United States, the United Kingdom, the Cayman Islands and other jurisdictions. See "Plan of Distribution" and "Transfer Restrictions".

No invitation may be made to the public in the Cayman Islands to subscribe for the Offered Securities.

NOTICE TO FLORIDA RESIDENTS

THE OFFERED SECURITIES ARE OFFERED PURSUANT TO A CLAIM OF EXEMPTION UNDER SECTION 517.061 OF THE FLORIDA SECURITIES ACT (THE "FLORIDA ACT") AND HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE FLORIDA ACT IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA. FLORIDA RESIDENTS WHO ARE NOT INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 517.061(7) OF THE FLORIDA ACT HAVE THE RIGHT TO VOID THEIR PURCHASES OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES WITHOUT PENALTY WITHIN THREE DAYS AFTER THE FIRST TENDER OF CONSIDERATION.

NOTICE TO CONNECTICUT RESIDENTS

THE OFFERED SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE CONNECTICUT SECURITIES LAW. THE OFFERED SECURITIES ARE SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY AND SALE.

NOTICE TO GEORGIA RESIDENTS

THE OFFERED SECURITIES HAVE BEEN ISSUED OR SOLD IN RELIANCE ON PARAGRAPH (13) OF CODE SECTION 10-5-9 OF THE GEORGIA SECURITIES ACT OF 1973, AND MAY NOT BE SOLD OR TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN A TRANSACTION WHICH IS EXEMPT UNDER SUCH ACT OR PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION UNDER SUCH ACT.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF AUSTRIA

THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR IS NOT A PROSPECTUS UNDER THE AUSTRIAN CAPITAL MARKETS ACT OR THE AUSTRIAN INVESTMENT FUNDS ACT. THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR HAS NOT BEEN EXAMINED BY A PROSPECTUS AUDITOR AND NO PROSPECTUS ON THE PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES HAS BEEN PUBLISHED OR WILL BE PUBLISHED IN AUSTRIA. THE OFFERED SECURITIES ARE OFFERED IN AUSTRIA ONLY TO A RESTRICTED AND SELECTED NUMBER OF PROFESSIONAL AND SOPHISTICATED INDIVIDUAL INVESTORS, AND NO PUBLIC OFFERING OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES IN AUSTRIA IS BEING MADE OR IS INTENDED TO BE MADE. THE OFFERED SECURITIES CAN ONLY BE ACQUIRED FOR A COMMITMENT EXCEEDING ATS600,000 OR ITS EQUIVALENT VALUE IN ANY FOREIGN CURRENCY. THE INTERESTS ISSUED BY THE CO-ISSUERS ARE NOT OFFERED IN AUSTRIA, AND THE CO-ISSUERS ARE NOT AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED AS A FOREIGN INVESTMENT FUND IN AUSTRIA.

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NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF BELGIUM

THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, TRANSFERRED OR DELIVERED IN OR FROM BELGIUM AS PART OF THEIR INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OR AT ANY TIME THEREAFTER, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, OTHER THAN TO PERSONS OR ENTITIES MENTIONED IN ARTICLE 3 OF THE ROYAL DECREE OF JANUARY 9, 1991 RELATING TO THE PUBLIC CHARACTERISTIC OF OPERATIONS CALLING FOR SAVINGS AND ON THE ASSIMILATION OF CERTAIN OPERATIONS TO A PUBLIC OFFER (BELGIAN OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF JANUARY 12, 1991). THEREFORE, THE OFFERED SECURITIES ARE EXCLUSIVELY DESIGNED FOR CREDIT INSTITUTIONS, STOCK EXCHANGE COMPANIES, COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT FUNDS, COMPANIES OR INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE COMPANIES AND/OR PENSION FUNDS ACTING FOR THEIR OWN ACCOUNT ONLY.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

PURSUANT TO S. 194 OF THE COMPANIES LAW (2004 REVISION) OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS, THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF DENMARK

EACH OF THE CO-ISSUERS AND THE INITIAL PURCHASER HAS AGREED THAT IT HAS NOT OFFERED OR SOLD AND WILL NOT OFFER, SELL OR DELIVER ANY OFFERED SECURITIES IN THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY WAY OF PUBLIC OFFER, UNLESS SUCH OFFER, SALE OR DELIVERY IS, OR WAS, IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE DANISH ACT NO. 1072 OF DECEMBER, 20, 1995 ON SECURITIES TRADING, CHAPTER 12 ON PROSPECTUSES ON FIRST PUBLIC OFFER OF CERTAIN EXECUTIVE SECURITIES AND ANY EXECUTIVE ORDERS ISSUED IN PURSUANCE THEREOF.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF FINLAND

THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR PRIVATE INFORMATION PURPOSES OF INTERESTED INVESTORS ONLY. IT MAY NOT BE USED FOR AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED A PUBLIC OFFERING OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES. THE RAHOITUSTARKASTUS HAS NOT AUTHORIZED ANY OFFERING OF THE SUBSCRIPTION OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES; ACCORDINGLY, THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD IN FINLAND OR TO RESIDENTS THEREOF EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY FINNISH LAW. THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR IS STRICTLY FOR PRIVATE USE BY ITS HOLDER AND MAY NOT BE PASSED ON TO THIRD PARTIES.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF FRANCE

THE OFFERED SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE OFFERED, MARKETED, DISTRIBUTED, SOLD, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN THE REPUBLIC OF FRANCE OR TO THE PUBLIC IN THE REPUBLIC OF FRANCE OTHER THAN TO QUALIFIED INVESTORS (INVESTISSEURS QUALIFIES) ACTING FOR THEIR OWN ACCOUNT AND/OR A LIMITED CIRCLE OF INVESTORS (CERCLE RESTREINT D'INVESTISSEURS), ALL AS

DEFINED IN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE L. 411-2 OF THE FRENCH CODE MONETAIRE ET FINANCIER AND DECRET NO. 98-880 DATED 1 OCTOBER 1998.

THE OFFERED SECURITIES WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY APPROVAL BY OR REGISTRATION (VISA) WITH THE FRENCH AUTORITE DES MARCHES FINANCIERS.

THE DIRECT OR INDIRECT OFFER, MARKETING, DISTRIBUTION, SALE, RE-SALE OR OTHER TRANSFER OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES TO THE PUBLIC IN THE REPUBLIC OF FRANCE MUST COMPLY WITH ARTICLES L. 411-1, L.411-2, L.412-1 AND L.621-8 OF THE FRENCH CODE MONÉTAIRE ET FINANCIER.

IN RESPECT OF OFFERED SECURITIES OFFERED, MARKETED, DISTRIBUTED SOLD, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED TO A LIMITED CIRCLE OF MORE THAN 100 INVESTORS (CERCLE RESTREINT D'INVESTISSEURS) IN THE REPUBLIC OF FRANCE, EACH INVESTOR IN SUCH LIMITED CIRCLE OF INVESTORS (CERCLE RESTREINT D'INVESTISSEURS) MUST CERTIFY HIS/HER PERSONAL, PROFESSIONAL OR FAMILY RELATIONSHIP WITH ONE OF THE DIRECTORS.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF GERMANY

THE OFFERED SECURITIES WILL NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY OTHER THAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GERMAN SECURITIES SALES PROSPECTUS ACT OF DECEMBER 13, 1990 OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY, AS AMENDED (WERTPAPIERVERKAUFSPROSPEKTGESETZ), THE GERMAN INVESTMENT ACT OF DECEMBER 15, 2003 OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY, AS AMENDED (INVESTMENTGESETZ) AND ANY OTHER LEGAL OR REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY GOVERNING THE ISSUE, OFFER AND SALE OF SECURITIES. THE ISSUER WILL USE REASONABLE EFFORTS TO (1) MAKE AVAILABLE TO THE GERMAN INVESTORS THE INFORMATION REQUIRED PURSUANT TO § 5 (1) SENTENCE 1 NOS. 1 AND 2 IN CONNECTION WITH SENTENCE 2, § 5 (1) SENTENCE 1 NO. 4 AND § 5 (3) SENTENCE 1 OF THE INVESTMENTSTEUERGESETZ (THE "GERMAN INVESTMENT TAX ACT"), (2) FURNISH TO THE GERMAN FEDERAL TAX OFFICE (BUNDESAMT FÜR FINANZEN) UPON ITS REQUEST WITHIN THREE MONTHS PROOF OF THE CORRECTNESS OF THE INFORMATION REFERRED TO UNDER CLAUSE (1) ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 5 (1) SENTENCE 1 NO. 5 OF THE GERMAN INVESTMENT TAX ACT AND (3) MAKE THE PUBLICATION IN THE ELECTRONIC EDITION OF THE FEDERAL GAZETTE (ELEKTRONISCHER BUNDESANZEIGER) REQUIRED PURSUANT TO § 5 (1) SENTENCE 1 NO. 3 OF THE GERMAN INVESTMENT TAX ACT IN THE GERMAN LANGUAGE PROVIDED THAT THE ISSUER SHALL HAVE NO OBLIGATION TO MAKE SUCH INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO ANY NOTEHOLDER THAT IS A GERMAN INVESTOR UNLESS SUCH NOTEHOLDER REQUESTS SUCH INFORMATION FROM THE ISSUER AND AGREES WITH THE ISSUER TO PAY ALL COSTS OR EXPENSES INCURRED BY THE ISSUER WITH RESPECT TO THE PERFORMANCE OF ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER CLAUSES (1), (2) AND (3) ABOVE (OR, IF MORE THAN ONE SUCH NOTEHOLDER MAKES SUCH REQUEST AND AGREES TO PAY SUCH EXPENSES, ITS PRO RATA SHARE, BASED ON THE RESPECTIVE AGGREGATE OUTSTANDING AMOUNT OF NOTES HELD BY ALL SUCH NOTEHOLDERS, OF SUCH EXPENSES). ALL PROSPECTIVE GERMAN INVESTORS ARE URGED TO SEEK INDEPENDENT TAX ADVICE. THE INITIAL PURCHASER DOES NOT GIVE TAX ADVICE.

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NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF HONG KONG

NO PERSON MAY OFFER OR SELL ANY OFFERED SECURITIES IN HONG KONG BY MEANS OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR OR ANY OTHER DOCUMENT OTHERWISE THAN TO PERSONS WHOSE ORDINARY BUSINESS IT IS TO BUY OR SELL SHARES OR DEBENTURES (WHETHER AS PRINCIPAL OR AGENT) OR IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 32 OF THE LAWS OF HONG KONG). UNLESS IT IS A PERSON WHO IS PERMITTED TO DO SO UNDER THE SECURITIES LAWS OF HONG KONG, NO PERSON MAY IN HONG KONG ISSUE, OR HAVE IN ITS POSSESSION FOR THE PURPOSES OF ISSUE, THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR OR ANY OTHER ADVERTISEMENT, INVITATION OR DOCUMENT RELATING TO THE OFFERED SECURITIES OTHER THAN (I) IN RESPECT OF OFFERED SECURITIES TO BE DISPOSED OF TO PERSONS OUTSIDE HONG KONG OR ONLY TO PERSONS WHOSE BUSINESS INVOLVES THE ACQUISITION, DISPOSAL OR HOLDING OF SECURITIES, WHETHER AS PRINCIPAL OR AGENT, OR (II) IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN INVITATION TO THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PROTECTION OF INVESTORS ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 335 OF THE LAWS OF HONG KONG).

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF JAPAN

THE OFFERED SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN, AND WILL NOT BE, REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE LAW OF JAPAN. NEITHER THE OFFERED SECURITIES NOR ANY INTEREST THEREIN MAY BE OFFERED, SOLD, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN JAPAN OR TO OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OF ANY RESIDENT OF JAPAN (WHICH TERM AS USED HEREIN MEANS ANY PERSON RESIDENT IN JAPAN, INCLUDING ANY CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF JAPAN), OR TO OTHERS FOR RE-OFFERING OR SALE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN JAPAN OR TO A RESIDENT OF JAPAN EXCEPT PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF, AND OTHERWISE IN COMPLIANCE WITH, THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE LAW AND ANY OTHER APPLICABLE LAW, REGULATIONS AND MINISTERIAL GUIDELINES OF JAPAN.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE NETHERLANDS

THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, TRANSFERRED OR DELIVERED, WHETHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, TO ANY INDIVIDUAL OR LEGAL ENTITY IN THE NETHERLANDS OTHER THAN TO INDIVIDUALS WHO, OR LEGAL ENTITIES WHICH, IN THE COURSE OF THEIR OCCUPATION OR BUSINESS, DEAL OR INVEST IN SECURITIES (AS SET OUT IN SECTION 1 OF THE REGULATION OF 9 OCTOBER 1990 IN IMPLEMENTATION OF SECTION 14 OF THE ACT ON THE SUPERVISION OF INVESTMENT INSTITUTIONS).

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SINGAPORE

THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR WILL, PRIOR TO ANY SALE OF SECURITIES PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 106D OF THE COMPANIES ACT (CAP. 50), BE LODGED, PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 106D, WITH THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES IN SINGAPORE, WHICH TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS CONTENTS, BUT HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED AS A PROSPECTUS WITH THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES IN SINGAPORE. ACCORDINGLY, THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED, AND NEITHER THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR NOR ANY OTHER OFFERING DOCUMENT OR MATERIAL RELATING TO THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY BE CIRCULATED OR DISTRIBUTED, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, TO THE PUBLIC OR ANY

MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC IN SINGAPORE OTHER THAN TO INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS OR OTHER PERSONS OF THE KIND SPECIFIED IN SECTION 106C AND SECTION 106D OF THE COMPANIES ACT OR ANY OTHER APPLICABLE EXEMPTION INVOKED UNDER DIVISION 5A OF PART IV OF THE COMPANIES ACT. THE FIRST SALE OF SECURITIES ACQUIRED UNDER A SECTION 106C OR SECTION 106D EXEMPTION IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 106E OF THE COMPANIES ACT.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SPAIN

THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED WITH THE COMISIÓN NACIONAL DEL MERCADO DE VALORES OF SPAIN AND MAY NOT BE DISTRIBUTED IN SPAIN IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING AND SALE OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES WITHOUT COMPLYING WITH ALL LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS IN RELATION THERETO.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF SWITZERLAND

THE CO-ISSUERS HAVE NOT BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE SWISS FEDERAL BANKING COMMISSION AS A FOREIGN INVESTMENT FUND UNDER ARTICLE 45 OF THE SWISS FEDERAL LAW ON INVESTMENT FUNDS OF 18 MARCH 1994. ACCORDINGLY, THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR DISTRIBUTED ON A PROFESSIONAL BASIS IN OR FROM SWITZERLAND, AND NEITHER THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR NOR ANY OTHER OFFERING MATERIALS RELATING TO THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY BE DISTRIBUTED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY SUCH OFFERING OR DISTRIBUTION. THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY, HOWEVER, BE OFFERED AND THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR MAY BE DISTRIBUTED IN SWITZERLAND ON A PROFESSIONAL BASIS TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS IN CIRCUMSTANCES SUCH THAT THERE IS NO PUBLIC OFFER.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD AND, PRIOR TO THE EXPIRY OF THE PERIOD OF SIX MONTHS FROM THE CLOSING DATE, WILL NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD TO PERSONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM EXCEPT TO PERSONS WHOSE ORDINARY ACTIVITIES INVOLVE THEM IN ACQUIRING, HOLDING, MANAGING OR DISPOSING OF INVESTMENTS (AS PRINCIPAL OR AGENT) FOR THE PURPOSE OF THEIR BUSINESS OR OTHERWISE IN CIRCUMSTANCES THAT HAVE NOT RESULTED AND WILL NOT RESULT IN AN OFFER TO THE PUBLIC IN THE UNITED KINGDOM WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE PUBLIC OFFERS OF SECURITIES REGULATIONS 1995. THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR AND ANY OTHER DOCUMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING AND ISSUANCE OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES MAY ONLY BE ISSUED OR PASSED ON TO A PERSON OF A KIND DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 49(2) OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES AND MARKETS ACT 2000 (FINANCIAL PROMOTION) ORDER 2001 OR IS A PERSON TO WHOM THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR OR ANY OTHER SUCH DOCUMENT MAY OTHERWISE LAWFULLY BE ISSUED OR PASSED ON (ALL SUCH PERSONS TOGETHER BEING REFERRED TO AS "RELEVANT PERSONS"). ANY INVESTMENT OR INVESTMENT ACTIVITY TO WHICH THIS DOCUMENT RELATES IS AVAILABLE ONLY TO RELEVANT PERSONS AND WILL BE ENGAGED IN ONLY WITH RELEVANT PERSONS.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

To permit compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act in connection with the sale of the Offered Securities, each of the Co-Issuers (or the Issuer, in the case of the Preferred Shares) will be required to furnish, upon request of a holder of an Offered Security, to such holder and a prospective purchaser designated by such holder the information required to be delivered under Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act if at the time of the request such Co-Issuer is not a reporting company under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or exempt from reporting pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Exchange Act. Such information may be obtained from (a) in the case of the Notes, the Trustee or (b) in the case of the Preferred Shares, the Preferred Share Paying Agent. It is not contemplated that either of the Co-Issuers will be such a reporting company or so exempt.

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SUMMARY

The following summary does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this Offering Circular. An index of defined terms used herein appears at the back of this Offering Circular.

CERTAIN GENERAL TERMS

Issuer: Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Ltd.

Co-Issuer (with respect to the Notes

only):

Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Inc.

Collateral Manager: Maxim Advisory LLC

Initial Purchaser: Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated acting in its

individual capacity and through its affiliates. Sales of the Offered Securities to purchasers in the United States will be made through Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith

Incorporated.

Trustee/Custodian/Preferred Share

Paying Agent:

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

Closing Date: March 29, 2005

Ramp-Up Completion Date: The date that is the earlier of (a) July 25, 2005 and (b) the first

date on which the aggregate Principal Balance of the Collateral Debt Securities (including Collateral Debt Securities not yet purchased, but as to which the Issuer has entered into binding purchase agreements for regular settlement) <u>plus</u> the aggregate Principal Balance of all Eligible Investments purchased with Principal Proceeds on deposit in the Principal Collection Account <u>plus</u> the aggregate amount of all Principal Proceeds distributed on any prior Quarterly Distribution Date is at least equal to U.S.\$1,000,000,000 (such date, the "Ramp-Up

Completion Date").

Quarterly Distribution Dates: February 5, May 5, August 5 and November 5 of each calendar

year (adjusted as described herein in the case of non-Business

Days), commencing on August 5, 2005.

Expected Proceeds: The gross proceeds received from the issuance and sale of the Notes and Preferred Shares are expected to be approximately

U.S.\$1,004,500,000 (after giving effect to and assuming the making of all Borrowings under the Class A-1 Notes after the Closing Date) and the gross proceeds as of the Closing Date

are expected to be approximately U.S.\$857,000,000.

The net proceeds from the issuance of the Notes and Preferred Shares, together with any up-front payments received from the initial Hedge Counterparty on the Closing Date in connection with the initial Hedge Agreement, are expected to be approximately U.S.\$852,300,000 after payment of organizational and structuring fees and expenses of the

Co-Issuers, including, without limitation (i) the legal fees and expenses of counsel to the Co-Issuers, the Initial Purchaser

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and the Collateral Manager, (ii) the expenses, fees and commissions incurred in connection with the acquisition by the Issuer of the Collateral Debt Securities acquired on the Closing Date, (iii) the expenses of offering the Offered Securities (including placement agency fees and structuring fees), (iv) the initial deposits into the Expense Account and the Interest Reserve Account and (v) the payment of the up-front collateral management fee to the Collateral Manager pursuant to the Collateral Management Agreement.

Use of Proceeds:

Net proceeds will be used by the Issuer to purchase on the Closing Date a diversified portfolio of Asset-Backed Securities and Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which may be Asset-Backed Securities or Corporate Debt Securities that, in each case, satisfy the investment criteria set forth in the Indenture and described herein.

GENERAL TERMS OF THE NOTES

Security	Principal Amount	Stated Maturity Date	Interest Rate ¹	Ratings (Moody's/S&P/Fitch)
Class A-1 First Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Delayed Draw Notes ²	U.S.\$880,000,000	May 5, 2041	LIBOR +0.27%	Aaa/AAA/AAA
Class A-2 Second Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes	U.S.\$40,000,000	May 5, 2041	LIBOR +0.50%	Aaa/AAA/AAA
Class B Third Priority Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes	U.S.\$46,000,000	May 5, 2041	LIBOR +0.73%	Aa2/AA/AA
Class C-1A Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Floating Rate Notes	U.S.\$11,500,000	May 5, 2041	LIBOR +2.95% ³	Baa2/BBB/BBB
Class C-1B Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Fixed Rate Notes	U.S.\$4,000,000	May 5, 2041	7.067%4	Baa2/BBB/BBB

¹ LIBOR is three-month LIBOR calculated as described herein and computed on the basis of a year of 360 days and actual number of days elapsed.

² All Class A-1 Notes will be issued on the Closing Date. U.S.\$732,500,000 of the principal amount of the Class A-1 Notes will be advanced on the Closing Date and further advances may be made under the Class A-1 Notes after the Closing Date as provided in the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement.

³ So long as any Class of Notes that is Senior remains outstanding, any interest on the Class C-1A Notes not paid when due will be deferred and capitalized.

⁴ So long as any Class of Notes that is Senior remains outstanding, any interest on the Class C-1B Notes not paid when due will be deferred and capitalized.

Security	Principal Amount	Stated Maturity Date	Interest Rate ¹	Ratings (Moody's/S&P/Fitch)
Class C-1C Fourth Priority Mezzanine Deferrable Secured Fixed Rate Notes	U.S.\$7,500,000	May 5, 2041	7.265% ⁵	Baa2/BBB/BBB

Minimum Denomination: U.S.\$250,000 and integral multiples of U.S.\$1,000 in excess thereof.

Drawdown of the Class A-1 Notes:

Pursuant to a Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement dated March 29, 2005 (the "Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement") between the Issuer, the Trustee, Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as distribution agent and the holders from time to time of the Class A-1 Notes, the holders of the Class A-1 Notes (or the Liquidity Provider(s) with respect to any such holder) will commit to make monthly advances under the Class A-1 Notes, on and subject to the terms and conditions specified therein, provided that the aggregate principal amount advanced under the Class A-1 Notes will not exceed \$880,000,000. Subject to compliance with certain borrowing conditions specified in the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement and described herein under "Description of the Notes-Drawdown—Class A-1 Notes", the Issuer may borrow amounts under the Class A-1 Notes during the Commitment Period (as defined herein). The aggregate principal amount that may be borrowed on any Borrowing Date (other than any borrowing of the entire unused amount of the Commitments under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement) will be an integral multiple of U.S.\$1,000 and at least U.S.\$5,000,000. See "Description of the Notes-Drawdown—Class A-1 Notes".

Prior to the Commitment Period Termination Date, each holder of Class A-1 Notes will be required to satisfy the Rating Criteria. If any holder of Class A-1 Notes fails at any time prior to the Commitment Period Termination Date to comply with the Rating Criteria, the Issuer will have the right (under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement) and the obligation (under the Indenture) to replace such holder with another entity that meets such ratings requirement (by requiring the non-complying holder to transfer all of its rights and obligations in respect of the Class A-1 Notes to such other entity). See "Description of the Notes—Drawdown—Class A-1 Notes".

⁵ So long as any Class of Notes that is Senior remains outstanding, any interest on the Class C-1C Notes not paid when due will be deferred and capitalized.

Seniority:

Generally, first, Class A-1 Notes, second, Class A-2 Notes, third, Class B Notes, and fourth, Class C Notes. Notwithstanding the foregoing general description of the relative seniority of the Notes, the Priority of Payments provides that (a) if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied; (b) on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation after the application of Uninvested Proceeds to pay principal of the Notes, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation; (c) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay Class C Deferred Interest; (d) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will on any Quarterly Distribution Date when the Preferred Shareholders have received a specified annualized Dividend Yield be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes; (e) on any Quarterly Distribution Date not occurring during a Sequential Pay Period, certain Principal Proceeds may be applied to the pro rata payment of Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes and Class B Notes up to the Class A/B Pro Rata Principal Payment Cap, with the remaining Principal Proceeds being available to pay principal of Class C Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments; and (f) any Quarterly Distribution Date not occurring during a Sequential Pay Period, Principal Proceeds that would during a Sequential Pay Period be applied to pay the principal of the Class C Notes on a pro rata basis will instead be applied to the pro rata payment of the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes. See "Description of the Notes-Priority of Payments".

Security for the Notes:

The Notes will be limited recourse debt obligations of the Co-Issuers secured solely by a pledge of the Collateral by the Issuer to the Trustee for the benefit of the holders from time to time of the Notes, the Collateral Manager, the Trustee and the Hedge Counterparty (collectively, the "Secured Parties") pursuant to the Indenture.

Interest Payments:

Accrued and unpaid interest will be payable on each Quarterly Distribution Date if and to the extent funds are available on such Quarterly Distribution Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

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Commitment Fee on the Class A-1 Notes:

A commitment fee ("Commitment Fee") will accrue on the unfunded Commitments for each day from and including the Closing Date to but excluding the Commitment Period Termination Date, at a rate per annum equal to 0.05%. The Commitment Fee will be payable quarterly in arrears on each Quarterly Distribution Date and will rank pari passu with the payment of interest on the Class A-1 Notes. The Commitment Fee will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed. No Class of Notes other than the Class A-1 Notes will be entitled to a commitment fee. See "Description of the Notes—Commitment Fee on Class A-1 Notes".

Principal Repayment:

Principal Proceeds will be applied on each Quarterly Distribution Date to pay principal of each Class or Sub-class of Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Mandatory Redemption:

As described in greater detail below, the Notes will be subject to mandatory redemption upon the failure of certain Coverage Tests. Any such redemption will be effected from Interest Proceeds as described below under "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

If either Class A/B Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, as described under "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption", Interest Proceeds will be used to pay principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, and third, the Class B Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class A/B Coverage Test to be satisfied.

If either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, as described under "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption", Interest Proceeds will be used to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied.

If there is a Rating Confirmation Failure, as described under "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption", the Issuer will be required to apply on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date, Uninvested Proceeds, Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds to the repayment of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, third, the Class B Notes, and fourth, the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes and the Class C-1C Notes, pro rata (including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest, Class C-1B Deferred Interest and Class C-1C Deferred Interest), in accordance with the Priority of Payments as and to the extent necessary for each Rating Agency to confirm the rating (including any private or confidential rating) assigned by it on the Closing Date to the Notes.

If, on any Quarterly Distribution Date, until the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes have been paid in full, the holders of the Preferred Shares ("Preferred Shareholders") have received distributions on the Preferred Shares sufficient to achieve an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum, any excess amount of Interest Proceeds will be applied to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes, pro rata (including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest and Class C-1B Deferred Interest).

Early Redemption:

The Notes will be subject to early redemption in connection with an Optional Redemption, Tax Redemption or Auction Call Redemption, each as described under "Description of the Notes—Optional Redemption and Tax Redemption" and "Description of the Notes—Auction Call Redemption" in accordance with the procedures, and subject to the satisfaction of the conditions, described under "Description of the Notes—Redemption Procedures".

Listing:

Application will be made to list the Notes on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange. The issuance and settlement of the Notes on the Closing Date are not conditioned on the listing of the Notes on such exchange, and there can be no guarantee that such application will be granted.

GENERAL TERMS OF THE PREFERRED SHARES

Aggregate Liquidation Preference: U.S.\$15,500,000 (U.S.\$1,000 per share).

Rating: Not rated

Minimum Trading Lot:

250 Preferred Shares (U.S.\$250,000 aggregate liquidation preference) (and increments of one Preferred Share in excess thereof) as described under "Form, Denomination, Registration and Transfer" provided that up to two subscribers may, with the consent of the Initial Purchaser, purchase fewer than 250 Preferred Shares on the Closing Date and such subscribers, and any transferees holding the Preferred Shares acquired by such subscribers, will be entitled to transfer all (but not some) of the Preferred Shares held by them in accordance with Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement.

The Preferred Shares will constitute part of the issued share capital of the Issuer and will not be secured.

On each Quarterly Distribution Date, to the extent funds are available therefor, Interest Proceeds remaining after the payment of interest on the Notes and certain other amounts in accordance with the Priority of Payments will be paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders, provided that on each Quarterly Distribution Date, until the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes have been paid in full, the amount of Interest Proceeds released from the lien of the Indenture for payment to the Preferred Shareholders will be limited to the amount necessary to permit the Preferred Shareholders to achieve on such Quarterly Distribution Date an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum on the aggregate liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares. After the Notes have been paid in full, Principal Proceeds remaining after the payment of certain other amounts will be paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders. The Preferred Share Paying Agent will distribute any funds received by it for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders on the date on which such funds are received. subject to certain conditions set forth in the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement and provisions of Cayman Islands law governing the declaration and payment of dividends.

To the extent funds are available, the Preferred Shares are expected to be redeemed following the Stated Maturity of the Notes unless redeemed prior thereto in connection with an Optional Redemption, Tax Redemption or Auction Call Redemption. Following the liquidation of the Collateral, any funds remaining after the redemption of the Notes and the payment of all other obligations of the Co-Issuers (other than amounts payable by the Issuer in respect of the Preferred Shares) will be distributed to the Preferred Shareholders and the Preferred Shares will be redeemed.

Status:

Distributions:

Redemption of the Preferred Shares:

Listing:

Application will be made to list the Preferred Shares on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange. The issuance and settlement of the Preferred Shares on the Closing Date are not conditioned on the listing of the Preferred Shares on such exchange, and there can be no guarantee that such application will be granted.

DESCRIPTION OF THE COLLATERAL

General:

The Notes (together with the Issuer's obligations to the Secured Parties other than the Noteholders) will be secured by (i) the Custodial Account and all of the Collateral Debt Securities and the Equity Securities credited by the Issuer to such account, (ii) the Interest Collection Account, the Uninvested Proceeds Account, the Principal Collection Account, the Payment Account, the Expense Account, the Interest Reserve Account, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account, the Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account, each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, each Synthetic Security Issuer Account, all funds and other property standing to the credit of each such account, Eligible Investments (and, in the case of the Uninvested Proceeds Account, U.S. Agency Securities) purchased with funds standing to the credit of each such account and all income from the investment of funds therein. (iii) the rights of the Issuer under the Hedge Agreement, (iv) the rights of the Issuer under the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Administration Agreement, the Investor Application Forms and the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, (v) all cash delivered to the Trustee, and (vi) all proceeds, accessions, profits, income benefits, substitutions replacements, whether voluntary or involuntary, of and to any of the property of the Issuer described in the preceding clauses (collectively, the "Collateral"). The security interest granted under the Indenture in each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account is subject to and subordinate to the security interest and rights of the relevant Synthetic Security Counterparty in and to such Synthetic Security Counterparty Account.

Acquisition and Disposition of Collateral Debt Securities:

It is anticipated that, on the Closing Date, the Issuer will have purchased (or entered into agreements to purchase for settlement following the Closing Date) Collateral Debt Securities having an aggregate Principal Balance of not less than U.S.\$800,000,000. It is anticipated that, no later than the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Issuer will have purchased additional Collateral Debt Securities (including Collateral Debt Securities not yet purchased, but as to which the Issuer has entered into binding purchase agreements for regular settlement) having an aggregate Principal Balance of not less than U.S.\$1,000,000,000.

All Collateral Debt Securities purchased by the Issuer will, on the date of purchase, be required to satisfy the criteria set forth in the Indenture and described herein under "Security for the Notes—Collateral Debt Securities" and "Security for the Notes—Eligibility Criteria".

Under the Indenture, the Collateral Manager will not be permitted to direct the Trustee to sell Collateral Debt Securities, except in the limited circumstances described in the Indenture and described herein under "Dispositions of Collateral Debt Securities". Uninvested Proceeds will be applied after the Closing Date to purchase additional Collateral Debt Securities. No investment in additional Collateral Debt Securities will be made after the Ramp-Up Completion Date.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in the Offered Securities involves certain risks. Prospective investors should carefully consider the following factors, in addition to the matters set forth elsewhere in this Offering Circular, prior to investing in the Offered Securities.

<u>Limited Liquidity</u>. There is currently no market for the Offered Securities. Although the Initial Purchaser may from time to time make a market in Offered Securities, the Initial Purchaser is under no obligation to do so. If the Initial Purchaser commences any market-making, it may discontinue the same at any time. There can be no assurance that a secondary market for any of the Offered Securities will develop, or if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the holders of such Offered Securities with liquidity of investment or that it will continue for the life of the Offered Securities. In addition, the Offered Securities are subject to certain transfer restrictions and can only be transferred to certain transferees as described under "Transfer Restrictions". Consequently, an investor in the Offered Securities must be prepared to hold its Offered Securities for an indefinite period of time or until the Stated Maturity of the Notes (or in the case of the Preferred Shares, the liquidation of the Issuer).

Limited-Recourse Obligations. The Notes are limited-recourse obligations of the Co-Issuers. The Notes are payable solely from the Collateral Debt Securities and other Collateral pledged to the Trustee to secure the Notes. None of the security holders, members, officers, directors, managers or incorporators of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Trustee, the Administrator, any Rating Agency, the Share Trustee, the Collateral Manager, the Initial Purchaser, any of their respective affiliates and any other person or entity will be obligated to make payments on the Notes. Consequently, the Noteholders must rely solely on amounts received in respect of the Collateral Debt Securities and other Collateral pledged to secure the Notes for the payment of principal thereof and interest and Commitment Fee thereon. There can be no assurance that the distributions on the Collateral Debt Securities and other Collateral pledged to the Trustee to secure the Notes will be sufficient to make payments on any Class of Notes, in particular after making payments on more Senior Classes of Notes and certain other required amounts ranking Senior to such Class. The Issuer's ability to make payments in respect of any Class of Notes will be constrained by the terms of the Notes of Classes more Senior to such Class and the Indenture. If distributions on the Collateral are insufficient to make payments on the Notes, no other assets will be available for payment of the deficiency and, following liquidation of all the Collateral, the obligations of the Co-Issuers to pay such deficiencies will be extinguished and will not thereafter revive. The Preferred Shares will be part of the issued share capital of the Issuer and will not be secured.

Subordination of Each Class of Subordinate Notes. Except as otherwise described in the Priority of Payments, the relative order of seniority of payment of each Class or Sub-class of Notes on each Quarterly Distribution Date is as follows: first, Class A-1 Notes, second, Class A-2 Notes, third, Class B Notes, and fourth, Class C Notes, with (a) each Class or Sub-class of Notes (other than the Class C Notes) in such list being "Senior" to each other Class of Notes that follows such Class of Notes in such list and (b) each Class of Notes in such list being "Subordinate" to each other Class of Notes that precedes such Class of Notes in such list. Notwithstanding the foregoing general description of the relative seniority of the Notes, the Priority of Payments provides that (a) if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied; (b) on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation after the application of Uninvested Proceeds to pay principal of the Notes, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation; (c) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay Class C Deferred Interest; (d) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will on any Quarterly Distribution Date

when the Preferred Shareholders have received a specified annualized Dividend Yield be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes; (e) on any Quarterly Distribution Date not occurring during a Sequential Pay Period, certain Principal Proceeds may be applied to the pro rata payment of Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes and Class B Notes up to the Class A/B Pro Rata Principal Payment Cap, with the remaining Principal Proceeds being available to pay principal of Class C Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments; and (f) any Quarterly Distribution Date not occurring during a Sequential Pay Period, Principal Proceeds that would during a Sequential Pay Period be applied to pay the principal of the Class C Notes on a pro rata basis will instead be applied to the pro rata payment of the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments". See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments". No payment of interest on any Class of Notes will be made until all accrued and unpaid interest and Commitment Fee on the Notes of each Class that is Senior to such Class and that remain outstanding has been paid in full. Except as described above, no payment of principal of any Class of Notes will be made until all principal of, and all accrued and unpaid interest and Commitment Fee on, the Notes of each Class that is Senior to such Class and that remain outstanding have been paid in full. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

If an Event of Default occurs, so long as any Notes are outstanding, the holders of the most Senior Class of Notes then outstanding will be entitled to determine the remedies to be exercised under the Indenture. So long as any Class A Notes or Class B Notes are outstanding, (a) the failure on any Quarterly Distribution Date to make payment in respect of interest on the Class C Notes by reason of the operation of the Priority of Payments will not constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture and (b) any interest on the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes and the Class C-1C Notes that is not paid when due by operation of the Priority of Payments will be deferred and capitalized. In the event of any realization on the Collateral, proceeds will be allocated to the Notes and other amounts in accordance with the Priority of Payments prior to any distribution to the Preferred Shareholders. See "Description of the Notes—The Indenture" and "—Priority of Payments". Remedies pursued by the holders of the Class or Classes of Notes entitled to determine the exercise of such remedies could be adverse to the interest of the holders of the other Classes of Notes. To the extent that any losses are suffered by any of the holders of any Offered Securities, such losses will be borne, first, by the holders of the Preferred Shares, second, by the holders of the Class C Notes, third, by the holders of the Class B Notes, fourth by the holders of the Class A-2 Notes and, fifth, by the holders of the Class A-1 Notes.

<u>Payments in Respect of the Preferred Shares</u>. The Issuer, pursuant to the Indenture, has pledged substantially all of its assets to secure the Notes and certain other obligations of the Issuer. The proceeds of such assets will only be available to make payments in respect of the Preferred Shares as and when such proceeds are released from the lien of the Indenture in accordance with the Priority of Payments. There can be no assurance that, after payment of principal of and interest and Commitment Fee on the Notes and other fees and expenses of the Co-Issuers in accordance with the Priority of Payments, the Issuer will have funds remaining to make distributions in respect of the Preferred Shares. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments". Cayman Islands law provides that dividends may only be paid by the Issuer if the Issuer has funds lawfully available for such purpose. Dividends may be paid out of profit and out of the Issuer's share premium account (which includes subscription monies in excess of the par value of each share less any subscription, placement or underwriting fees) provided that the Issuer will be solvent immediately following the date of such payment.

<u>Diversion of Interest Proceeds Otherwise Distributable to Preferred Shareholders.</u> On each Quarterly Distribution Date until the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes have been paid in full, the amount of Interest Proceeds released from the lien of the Indenture for payment to the Preferred Shareholders will be limited to the amount necessary to permit the Preferred Shareholders to achieve on such Quarterly Distribution Date an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum on the aggregate liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares. This may result in a reduction in the average annual return on the Preferred Shares until the redemption thereof. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds".

<u>Yield Considerations</u>. The yield to each holder of the Preferred Shares will be a function of the purchase price paid by such holder for the Preferred Shares and the timing and amount of dividends and other distributions made in respect of the Preferred Shares during the term of the transaction. Each prospective

purchaser of the Preferred Shares should make its own evaluation of the yield that it expects to receive on the Preferred Shares. Prospective investors should be aware that the timing and amount of dividends and other distributions will be affected by, among other things, the performance of the Collateral Debt Securities. Each prospective investor should consider the risk that an Event of Default will result in a lower yield on the Preferred Shares than that anticipated by the investor. In addition, if the Issuer fails any of the Coverage Tests, amounts that would otherwise be distributed as dividends to the holders of the Preferred Shares on any Quarterly Distribution Date may be paid to other investors in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Each prospective purchaser should consider that any such adverse developments could result in its failure to recover fully its initial investment in the Preferred Shares.

<u>Volatility of the Preferred Shares</u>. The Preferred Shares represent a leveraged investment in the underlying Collateral. Therefore, it is expected that changes in the value of the Preferred Shares will be greater than the change in the value of the underlying Collateral Debt Securities, which themselves are subject to credit, liquidity, interest rate and other risks. Utilization of leverage is a speculative investment technique and involves certain risks to investors. The indebtedness of the Issuer under the Notes will result in interest expense and other costs incurred in connection with such indebtedness that may not be covered by proceeds received from the Collateral. The use of leverage generally magnifies the Issuer's opportunities for gain and risk of loss.

<u>Ongoing Commitments—Class A-1 Notes</u>. Holders of the Class A-1 Notes will be obligated during the Commitment Period, subject to compliance by the Issuer with certain borrowing conditions specified in the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, to advance funds to the Issuer until the aggregate principal amount advanced under the Class A-1 Notes equals the aggregate amount of Commitments to make advances under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement; *provided* that (i) the aggregate amount advanced under the Class A-1 Notes may not in any event exceed \$880,000,000 and (ii) at the time of and immediately after giving effect to such Borrowing, no Event of Default or Default has occurred and is continuing or would result from such Borrowing. See "Description of the Notes—Drawdown—Class A-1 Notes".

<u>Nature of Collateral</u>. The Collateral is subject to credit, liquidity and interest rate risk. In addition, a significant portion of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral will be acquired by the Issuer after the Closing Date, and, accordingly, the financial performance of the Issuer may be affected by the price and availability of Collateral Debt Securities to be purchased. The amount and nature of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral have been established to withstand certain assumed deficiencies in payment occasioned by defaults in respect of the Collateral Debt Securities. If any deficiencies exceed such assumed levels, however, payment in respect of the Offered Securities could be adversely affected. To the extent that a default occurs with respect to any Collateral Debt Security included in the Collateral and the Issuer sells or otherwise disposes of such Collateral Debt Security, it is not likely that the proceeds of such Sale or disposition will be equal to the amount of principal and interest owing to the Issuer in respect of such Collateral Debt Security.

The market value of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral generally will fluctuate with, among other things, the financial condition of the obligors on or issuers of such Collateral Debt Securities or, with respect to Synthetic Securities included in the Collateral, of the obligors on or issuers of the Reference Obligations, the remaining term thereof to maturity, general economic conditions, the condition of certain financial markets, political events, developments or trends in any particular industry and changes in prevailing interest rates.

Although the Issuer is required to use its best efforts to invest Uninvested Proceeds in Collateral Debt Securities after the Closing Date, the Issuer may find that, as a practical matter, these investment opportunities are not available to it for a variety of reasons, including the limitations imposed by the Eligibility Criteria and the requirement with respect to Synthetic Securities that the Issuer receive confirmation of the ratings of the Notes from each of the Rating Agencies with respect to the purchase thereof. At any time there may be a limited universe of investments that would satisfy the Eligibility Criteria given the other investments in the Issuer's portfolio. As a result, the Issuer may at times find it difficult to purchase suitable investments. See "Security for the Notes— Dispositions of Collateral Debt Securities" and "—Eligibility Criteria". Although the Issuer expects that, on or prior to July 25, 2005, it will be able to purchase sufficient Collateral Debt Securities (including

Collateral Debt Securities not yet purchased, but as to which the Issuer has entered into binding purchase agreements for regular settlement) that satisfy the Eligibility Criteria, the Collateral Quality Tests and Coverage Tests described herein, there is no assurance that such limitations and tests will be satisfied on such date. Failure to satisfy such tests by such date may result in the repayment or redemption of a portion of the Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments. See "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption".

The Issuer is not permitted to sell Collateral Debt Securities except in certain limited circumstances described under "Security for the Notes—Dispositions of Collateral Debt Securities".

Asset-Backed Securities. Most of the Collateral Debt Securities acquired by the Issuer will consist of Asset-Backed Securities. "Asset-Backed Securities" are securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend primarily on the cash flow from (a) a specified pool of financial assets, either static or revolving, that by their terms convert into cash within a finite time period, together with rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of such securities or (b) real estate mortgages, either static or revolving, together with rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of such securities. Asset-Backed Securities backed by real estate mortgages do not entitle the holders thereof to share in the appreciation in value of or in the profits generated by the related real estate assets.

Asset-Backed Securities include but are not limited to securities for which the underlying collateral consists of assets such as home equity loans, leases, residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans, auto finance receivables and other debt obligations. Issuers of Asset-Backed Securities are primarily banks and finance companies, captive finance subsidiaries of non-financial corporations or specialized originators such as credit card lenders.

An Asset-Backed Security is typically created by the sale of assets or collateral to a conduit, which becomes the legal issuer of the Asset-Backed Securities. The securitization conduit or issuer is generally a bankruptcy-remote vehicle such as a grantor trust or other special-purpose entity. Interests in or other securities issued by the trust or special-purpose entity, which give the holder thereof the right to certain cash flows arising from the underlying assets, are then sold to investors through an investment bank or other securities underwriter. Each Asset-Backed Security has a servicer (often the originator of the collateral) that is responsible for collecting the cash flows generated by the securitized assets—principal, interest and fees net of losses and any servicing costs as well as other expenses—and for passing them along to the investors in accordance with the terms of the securities. The servicer processes the payments and administers the assets in the pool. In addition, a credit-rating agency often will analyze the policies and operations of the originator and servicer, as well as the structure, underlying pool of assets, expected cash flows and other attributes of the securities. Before assigning a rating to the issue, the rating agency will also assess the extent of loss protection provided to investors by the credit enhancements associated with the issue.

Asset-Backed Securities carry coupons that can be fixed or floating. The spread will vary depending on the credit quality of the underlying collateral, the degree and nature of credit enhancement and the degree of variability in the cash flows emanating from the securitized assets.

The structure of an Asset-Backed Security and the terms of the investors' interest in the collateral can vary widely depending on the type of collateral, the desires of investors and the use of credit enhancements. Although the basic elements of all Asset-Backed Securities are similar, individual transactions can differ markedly in both structure and execution. Important determinants of the risk associated with issuing or holding the securities include the process by which principal and interest payments are allocated and distributed to investors, how credit losses affect the issuing vehicle and the return to investors in such Asset-Backed Securities, whether collateral represents a fixed set of specific assets or accounts, whether the underlying collateral assets are revolving or closed-end, under what terms (including maturity of the asset-backed instrument) any remaining balance in the accounts may revert to the issuing entity and the extent to which the entity that is the actual source of the collateral assets is obligated to provide support to the issuing vehicle or to the investors in such Asset-Backed Securities.

Securities backed by closed-end installment loans are typically the least complex form of asset-backed instruments. Collateral for these Asset-Backed Securities typically includes leases, student loans and automobile loans. The loans that form the pool of collateral for the Asset-Backed Securities may have varying contractual maturities and may or may not represent a heterogeneous pool of borrowers. Unlike a mortgage pass-through instrument, the trustee does not need to take physical possession of any account documents to perfect a security interest in the receivables under the Uniform Commercial Code. The repayment stream on installment loans is fairly predictable, since it is primarily determined by a contractual amortization schedule. Early repayment on these instruments can occur for a number of reasons, with most tied to the disposition of the underlying collateral (for example, in the case of Asset-Backed Securities backed by automobile loans, the sale of the vehicles). Interest is typically passed through to security holders at a fixed rate that is slightly below the weighted average coupon of the loan pool, allowing for servicing and other expenses as well as credit losses.

Unlike closed-end installment loans, revolving credit receivables involve greater uncertainty about future cash flows. Therefore, Asset-Backed Securities structures using this type of collateral must be more complex to afford investors more comfort in predicting their repayment. Accounts included in the securitization pool may have balances that grow or decline over the life of the Asset-Backed Securities. Accordingly, at maturity of the Asset-Backed Securities, any remaining balances revert to the originator. During the term of the Asset-Backed Securities, the originator may be required to sell additional accounts to the pool to maintain a minimum dollar amount of collateral if accountholders pay down their balances in advance of predetermined rates. Credit card securitizations are the most prevalent form of revolving credit Asset-Backed Securities, although home equity lines of credit are a growing source of Asset-Backed Securities collateral. Credit card securitizations are typically structured to incorporate two phases in the life cycle of the collateral: an initial phase during which the principal amount of the securities remains constant and an amortization phase during which investors are paid off. A specific period of time is assigned to each phase. Typically, a specific pool of accounts is identified in the securitization documents, and these specifications may include not only the initial pool of loans but a portfolio from which new accounts may be contributed. The dominant vehicle for issuing securities backed by credit cards is a master trust structure with a "spread account" that is funded up to a predetermined amount through "excess yield"—that is, interest and fee income less credit losses, servicing and other fees. With credit card receivables, the income from the pool of loans—even after credit losses—is generally much higher than the return paid to investors. After the spread account accumulates to its predetermined level, the excess yield reverts to the issuer.

Holders of Asset-Backed Securities bear various risks, including credit risks, liquidity risks, interest rate risks, market risks, operations risks, structural risks and legal risks. In addition, concentrations of Asset-Backed Securities of a particular type, as well as concentrations of Asset-Backed Securities issued or guaranteed by affiliated obligors, serviced by the same servicer or backed by underlying collateral located in a specific geographic region, may subject the Offered Securities to additional risk.

Credit risk is an important issue in Asset-Backed Securities because of the significant credit risks inherent in the underlying collateral and because issuers are primarily private entities. Credit risk arises from losses due to defaults by the borrowers in the underlying collateral or the issuer's or servicer's failure to perform. These two elements can overlap as, for example, in the case of a servicer who does not provide adequate credit-review scrutiny to the serviced portfolio, leading to higher incidence of defaults. Market risk arises from the cash-flow characteristics of the security, which for many Asset-Backed Securities tend to be predictable. The greatest variability in cash flows comes from credit performance, including the presence of wind-down or acceleration features designed to protect the investor if credit losses in the portfolio rise well above expected levels. Interest-rate risk arises for the issuer from the relationship between the pricing terms on the underlying collateral and the terms of the rate paid to security holders and from the need to mark to market the excess servicing or spread account proceeds carried on the balance sheet. Liquidity risk can arise from increased perceived credit risk, such as that which occurred in 1996 and 1997 with the rise in reported delinquencies and losses on securitized pools of credit cards. Liquidity can also become a significant problem if concerns about credit quality, for example, lead investors to avoid the securities issued by the relevant special-purpose entity. Some securitization transactions may include a "liquidity facility," which requires the facility provider to advance funds to the relevant special-purpose entity should liquidity problems arise. However, where the originator is also the provider of the liquidity facility, the originator may experience similar market concerns if the assets it originates deteriorate and the ultimate practical value of the liquidity facility to the transaction may be questionable. Operations risk arises through the potential for misrepresentation of asset quality or terms by the originating institution, misrepresentation of the nature and current value of the assets by the servicer and inadequate controls over disbursements and receipts by the servicer.

Further issues may arise based on discretionary behavior of the issuer within the terms of the securitization agreement, such as voluntary buybacks from, or contributions to, the underlying pool of loans when credit losses rise. A bank or other issuer may play more than one role in the securitization process. An issuer can simultaneously serve as originator of loans, servicer, administrator of the trust, underwriter, provider of liquidity and credit enhancer. Issuers typically receive a fee for each element of the transaction they undertake. Institutions acquiring Asset-Backed Securities should recognize that the multiplicity of roles that may be played by a single firm—within a single securitization or across a number of them—means that credit and operational risk can accumulate into significant concentrations with respect to one or a small number of firms.

Often Asset-Backed Securities are structured to reallocate the risks entailed in the underlying collateral (particularly credit risk) into security tranches that match the desires of investors. For example, senior subordinated security structures give holders of senior tranches greater credit risk protection (albeit at lower yields) than holders of subordinated tranches. Under this structure, at least two classes of Asset-Backed Securities are issued, with the senior class having a priority claim on the cash flows from the underlying pool of assets. The subordinated class must absorb credit losses on the collateral before losses can be charged to the senior portion. Because the senior class has this priority claim, cash flows from the underlying pool of assets must first satisfy the requirements of the senior class. Only after these requirements have been met will the cash flows be directed to service the subordinated class. A significant portion of the Collateral will consist of Asset-Backed Securities that are subordinate in right of payment and rank junior to other securities that are secured by or represent an ownership interest in the same pool of assets. In addition, many of the Asset-Backed Securities included in the Collateral may have been issued in transactions that have structural features that divert payments of interest and/or principal to more senior classes when the delinquency or loss experience of the pool exceeds certain levels. As a result, such securities have a higher risk of loss as a result of delinquencies or losses on the underlying assets. In certain circumstances, payments of interest may be reduced or eliminated for one or more payment dates. Additionally, as a result of cash flow being diverted to payments of principal on more senior classes, the average life of such securities may lengthen. Subordinate Asset-Backed Securities generally do not have the right to call a default or vote on remedies following a default unless more senior securities have been paid in full. As a result, a shortfall in payments to subordinate investors in Asset-Backed Securities will generally not result in a default being declared on the transaction and the transaction will not be restructured or unwound. Furthermore, because subordinate Asset-Backed Securities may represent a relatively small percentage of the size of the asset pool being securitized, the impact of a relatively small loss on the overall pool may disproportionately affect the holders of such subordinate security.

Asset-Backed Securities often use various forms of credit enhancements to transform the risk-return profile of the underlying collateral, including third-party credit enhancements, recourse provisions, overcollateralization and various covenants. Third-party credit enhancements include standby letters of credit, collateral or pool insurance, or surety bonds from third parties. Recourse provisions are guarantees that require the originator to cover any losses up to a contractually agreed-upon amount. One type of recourse provision, often seen in securities backed by credit card receivables, is the "spread account." This account is actually an escrow account whose funds are derived from a portion of the spread between the interest earned on the assets in the underlying pool of collateral and the lower interest paid on securities issued by the trust. The amounts that accumulate in this escrow account are used to cover credit losses in the underlying asset pool, up to several multiples of historical losses on the particular assets collateralizing the securities. Overcollateralization is another form of credit enhancement that covers a predetermined amount of potential credit losses. It occurs when the value of the underlying assets exceeds the face value of the securities. A similar form of credit enhancement is the cash-collateral account, which is established when a third party deposits cash into a pledged account. The use of cash-collateral accounts, which are considered by enhancers to be loans, grew as the number of highly rated banks and other credit enhancers declined in the early 1990s. Cash-collateral accounts provide credit protection to investors of a securitization by eliminating "event risk," or the risk that the credit enhancer will have its credit rating downgraded or that it will not be able to fulfill its financial obligation to absorb losses.

Synthetic Securities. As described above, a portion of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral may consist of Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which are Asset-Backed Securities, Corporate Debt Securities or a specified pool of financial assets, either static or revolving, that by their terms convert into cash within a finite period of time. Investments in such types of assets through the purchase of Synthetic Securities present risks in addition to those resulting from direct purchases of such Collateral Debt Securities. With respect to Synthetic Securities, the Issuer will usually have a contractual relationship only with the counterparty of such Synthetic Security, and not the Reference Obligor(s) on the Reference Obligation(s). The Issuer generally will have no right directly to enforce compliance by the Reference Obligor(s) with the terms of either the Reference Obligation(s) or any rights of set-off against the Reference Obligor(s), nor will the Issuer generally have any voting or other consensual rights of ownership with respect to the Reference Obligation(s). The Issuer will not directly benefit from any collateral supporting the Reference Obligation(s) and will not have the benefit of the remedies that would normally be available to a holder of such Reference Obligation(s). In addition, in the event of the insolvency of the counterparty, the Issuer will be treated as a general creditor of such counterparty, and will not have any claim of title with respect to the Reference Obligation(s). Consequently, the Issuer will be subject to the credit risk of the counterparty as well as that of the Reference Obligor(s). As a result, concentrations of Synthetic Securities entered into with any one counterparty will subject the Offered Securities to an additional degree of risk with respect to defaults by such counterparty as well as by the Reference Obligor(s). One or more affiliates of the Initial Purchaser may act as counterparty with respect to all or a portion of the Synthetic Securities, which relationship may create certain conflicts of interest. Furthermore, such affiliates of the Initial Purchaser, may in their role as counterparty to all or a portion of the Synthetic Securities, manage a pool of Reference Obligations with respect to the Synthetic Securities and make determinations regarding those Reference Obligations. See "-Certain Potential Conflicts of Interest-Conflicts of Interest Involving the Initial Purchaser".

Illiquidity of Collateral Debt Securities. Some of the Collateral Debt Securities purchased by the Issuer will have no, or only a limited, trading market. The Issuer's investment in illiquid Collateral Debt Securities may restrict its ability to dispose of investments in a timely fashion and for a fair price as well as its ability to take advantage of market opportunities, although the Issuer is generally prohibited by the Indenture from selling Collateral Debt Securities except under certain limited circumstances described under "Security for the Notes—Dispositions of Collateral Debt Securities". Illiquid Collateral Debt Securities may trade at a discount from the price of comparable, more liquid investments. In addition, the Collateral may include privately placed Collateral Debt Securities that may or may not be freely transferable under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction or due to contractual restrictions on resale, and even if such privately placed Collateral Debt Securities are transferable, the prices realized from their sale could be less than those originally paid by the Issuer or less than what may be considered the fair value of such securities.

Rating Confirmation Failure; Mandatory Redemption. The Issuer will notify the Trustee, each Rating Agency and the Hedge Counterparty in writing within five Business Days after the Ramp-Up Completion Date (such notification, a "Ramp-Up Notice"). The Issuer will request that each Rating Agency confirm to the Issuer that it has not reduced or withdrawn the rating (including private or confidential ratings, if any) assigned by it on the Closing Date to any Class or Sub-class of Notes (a "Rating Confirmation"). If the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each Rating Agency by the first Determination Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date (a "Rating Confirmation Failure"), on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Issuer will be required to apply Uninvested Proceeds and, to the extent that Uninvested Proceeds are insufficient to redeem the Notes in full, Interest Proceeds and, to the extent that Interest Proceeds are insufficient to redeem the Notes in full, Principal Proceeds, in each case in accordance with the Priority of Payments, to the repayment of principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, third, the Class B Notes, and fourth, the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes and the Class C-1C Notes, including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest, Class C-1B Deferred Interest and Class C-1C Deferred Interest, to the extent necessary to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each Rating Agency. See "Description of the Notes-Mandatory Redemption" and "-Priority of Payments". The notional amount of the Hedge Agreement will be reduced in connection with a redemption of Notes on any Quarterly Distribution Date by reason of any Rating Confirmation Failure by an amount proportionate to the principal amount of Notes so redeemed.

<u>Credit Ratings</u>. Credit ratings of debt securities represent the rating agencies' opinions regarding their credit quality and are not a guarantee of quality. Rating agencies attempt to evaluate the safety of principal and interest payments and do not evaluate the risks of fluctuations in market value, therefore, they may not fully reflect the true risks of an investment. Also, rating agencies may fail to make timely changes in credit ratings in response to subsequent events, so that an issuer's current financial condition may be better or worse than a rating indicates. Consequently, credit ratings of the Collateral Debt Securities will be used only as a preliminary indicator of investment quality.

International Investing. A limited portion of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral may consist of obligations of issuers organized in a Special Purpose Vehicle Jurisdiction or obligations of a Qualifying Foreign Obligor. Moreover, subject to compliance with certain of the Eligibility Criteria described herein, collateral securing Asset-Backed Securities may consist of obligations of issuers or borrowers organized under the laws of various jurisdictions other than the United States. Investing outside the United States may involve greater risks than investing in the United States. These risks may include: (i) less publicly available information; (ii) varying levels of governmental regulation and supervision; and (iii) the difficulty of enforcing legal rights in a foreign jurisdiction and uncertainties as to the status, interpretation and application of laws therein. Moreover, many foreign companies are not subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, practices and requirements comparable to those applicable to U.S. companies.

In addition, there generally is less governmental supervision and regulation of exchanges, brokers and issuers in foreign countries than there is in the United States. For example, there may be no comparable provisions under certain foreign laws with respect to insider trading and similar investor protection securities laws that apply with respect to securities transactions consummated in the United States.

Foreign markets also have different clearance and settlement procedures, and in certain markets there have been times when settlements have failed to keep pace with the volume of securities transactions, making it difficult to conduct such transactions. Delays in settlement could result in periods when assets of the Issuer are uninvested and no return is earned thereon. The inability of the Issuer to make intended Collateral Debt Security purchases due to settlement problems or the risk of intermediary counterparty failures could cause the Issuer to miss investment opportunities. The inability to dispose of a Collateral Debt Security due to settlement problems could result either in losses to the Issuer due to subsequent declines in the value of such Collateral Debt Security or, if the Issuer has entered into a contract to sell the security, could result in possible liability to the purchaser. Transaction costs of buying and selling foreign securities, including brokerage, tax and custody costs, also are generally higher than those involved in domestic transactions. Furthermore, foreign financial markets, while generally growing in volume, have, for the most part, substantially less volume than U.S. markets, and securities of many foreign companies are less liquid and their prices more volatile than securities of comparable domestic companies.

In many foreign countries there is the possibility of expropriation, nationalization or confiscatory taxation, limitations on the convertibility of currency or the removal of securities, property or other assets of the Issuer, political, economic or social instability or adverse diplomatic developments, each of which could have an adverse effect on the Issuer's investments in such foreign countries. The economies of individual non-U.S. countries may also differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in such respects as growth of gross domestic product, rate of inflation, volatility of currency exchange rates, depreciation, capital reinvestment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments position.

<u>Certain Potential Conflicts of Interest</u>. The activities of the Collateral Manager, the Initial Purchaser and their respective affiliates may result in certain conflicts of interest.

Conflicts of Interest Involving the Collateral Manager. The size and scope of activities of the Collateral Manager create various potential and actual conflicts of interest that may arise from the advisory, investment, brokerage, underwriting, fixed income trading, institutional trading, consulting services in connection with

mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and divestitures, sales of insurance products and other activities of the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates and their respective clients and employees. The Collateral Manager provides investment advisory services to clients on a discretionary and non-discretionary basis. For discretionary accounts, the Collateral Manager has discretionary authority to buy or sell securities, as well as to specify the amount of securities to invest, without obtaining its client's consent. Various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall investment activities of the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates for their own accounts or for the accounts of others. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may invest for their own accounts or for the accounts of others in debt obligations or other securities that would be appropriate investments for the Issuer and they have no duty, in making such investments, to act in a way that is favorable to the Issuer, the Noteholders or the Preferred Shareholders. Such investments may be different from those made on behalf of the Issuer. The Collateral Manager and/or its Affiliates have no affirmative obligation to offer any investment to the Issuer, or to inform the Issuer of any investment opportunity before offering such investment to other funds or accounts that the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates may manage, advise or deal with or before acting upon such opportunity for their own account. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may have economic interests in or other relationships with issuers in whose obligations or securities the Issuer may invest. In particular, such persons may make and/or hold an investment in an issuer's securities that may be pari passu, senior or junior in ranking to an investment in such issuer's securities made and/or held by the Issuer or in which partners, security holders, officers, directors, agents or employees of such persons serve on boards of directors or otherwise have ongoing relationships. Each of such ownership and other relationships may result in securities laws restrictions on transactions in such securities by the Issuer and otherwise create conflicts of interest for the Issuer. In such instances, the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may in their sole discretion make investment recommendations and decisions for itself and others that may be the same as or different from those made for the Issuer with respect to the Collateral. In certain circumstances as described under "Security for the Notes-Dispositions of Collateral Debt Securities", the Collateral Manager on behalf of the Issuer is required to take certain actions with respect to dispositions of the Collateral.

Although the officers and employees of the Collateral Manager will devote as much time to the Issuer as the Collateral Manager deems appropriate, the officers and key professionals of the Collateral Manager may have conflicts in allocating their time and services among the Issuer and other accounts now or hereafter advised by the Collateral Manager and/or its Affiliates and allocating their time and services among the Collateral Manager and Affiliates of the Collateral Manager for whom they are also officers and employees. All of the executive officers of the Collateral Manager are also executive officers of Maxim Group LLC, an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager ("Maxim Group"). Such officers and key professionals, other than Mr. Chau, spend substantially all of their time in their responsibilities with Maxim Group and the balance with Maxim Advisory. Mr. Chau allocates almost all of his time to Maxim Advisory. The policies of the Collateral Manager are such that certain employees of the Collateral Manager may have or obtain information that, by virtue of the Collateral Manager's internal policies relating to confidential communications, cannot or may not be used by the Collateral Manager on behalf of the Issuer. In addition, the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may acquire material non-public confidential information that may restrict the Collateral Manager from purchasing securities or selling securities for itself or its clients (including the Issuer) or otherwise using such information for the benefit of its clients or itself.

The Indenture and the Collateral Management Agreement place significant restrictions on the Collateral Manager's ability to advise the Issuer to buy or sell securities for inclusion in the Collateral. Accordingly, during certain periods or in certain specified circumstances, the Collateral Manager's compliance with such restrictions may prohibit the Issuer from buying or selling securities or taking other actions that the Collateral Manager, absent such restrictions, might consider in the best interest of the Issuer, the Noteholders or the Preferred Shareholders.

The Collateral Manager and any of its Affiliates may engage in other businesses, which presently include, without limitation, brokerage, underwriting, fixed income trading and institutional trading activities, and furnishing investment management and advisory services to others, including, without limitation, serving as collateral manager or investment manager for, investing in, lending to, or being affiliated with, other entities organized to issue collateralized bond obligations secured by securities such as the Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer and other trusts and pooled investment vehicles that acquire interests in, provide financing to,

or otherwise deal with securities issued by issuers that would be suitable investments for the Issuer. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates will be free, in their sole discretion, to make recommendations to others, or effect transactions on behalf of themselves or for others, that may be the same as or different from those effected on behalf of the Issuer, and the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may furnish investment management and advisory services to others who may have investment policies similar to those followed by the Collateral Manager with respect to the Issuer and who may own securities of the same class, or which are the same type as, the Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer.

The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may enter into, for their own account, or for other accounts for which they have investment discretion, credit swap agreements relating to entities that are issuers of Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates and clients may also have equity and other investments in and may be lenders to, and may have other ongoing relationships with such entities. As a result, officers, key professionals and other employees of the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may possess information relating to the Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer that is not known to the individuals at the Collateral Manager responsible for monitoring the Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer and performing other obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement. In addition, the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates and their respective clients may invest in securities (or make loans) that are included among, rank pari passu with or senior to Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer, or have interests different from or adverse to those of the Issuer.

The Collateral Manager serves as collateral manager for Jupiter High-Grade CDO Ltd., a special purpose entity that in December 2004 issued CDO Securities. The Collateral Manager or its Affiliates may serve as a general partner and/or manager of additional special purpose entities organized to issue collateralized debt obligations secured by debt obligations. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may make investment decisions for their own account or for the accounts of others, including other special purpose entities organized to issue collateralized debt obligations, that may be different from those made by the Collateral Manager on behalf of the Issuer. The Collateral Manager or its Affiliates may at certain times simultaneously seek to purchase (or sell) investments for the account of the Issuer and sell (or purchase) the same investment for other clients, including other collateralized debt obligation vehicles for which it may serve as manager currently or in the future, or for its Affiliates or their clients. In the course of managing the Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer, the Collateral Manager may consider its relationships with its other clients, its Affiliates and the clients of its Affiliates (including companies the securities of which are pledged to secure the Notes). The Collateral Manager may decline to make a particular investment for the Issuer in view of such relationships. The effects of some of the conflicts of interest described in this section may have an adverse impact on the market from which the Collateral Manager seeks to buy, or to which the Collateral Manager seeks to sell, securities on behalf of the Issuer. The Collateral Manager may also at certain times simultaneously seek to purchase investments for the Issuer and/or other clients, including other collateralized debt obligation vehicles for which it may serve as manager currently or in the future, or for its Affiliates or their clients. Such ownership and such other relationships may result in securities laws restrictions on transactions in such securities by the Issuer.

The Collateral Management Agreement and the Indenture do not prohibit the Issuer from (i) purchasing Collateral Debt Securities from the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates or any of their respective clients or (ii) purchasing Collateral Debt Securities issued by any fund or entity owned or managed by the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates or any of their respective clients, if (a) such purchases are made at fair market value and otherwise on arms' length terms and (b) the Collateral Manager determines that such purchases are consistent with the Eligibility Criteria and investment criteria contained in the Indenture and the Collateral Management Agreement and applicable law.

In the event that the Collateral Manager directs the Trustee to purchase Collateral Debt Securities from the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates or from any account or portfolio for which the Collateral Manager or any of its Affiliates serves as investment advisor or as principal or sell Collateral Debt Securities or Equity Securities to the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates or any account or portfolio for which the Collateral Manager or any of its Affiliates serves as investment advisor, the Collateral Manager must first obtain the approval of the Directors of the Issuer for such purchases.

In the foregoing situations, the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates may have a potentially conflicting division of loyalties regarding both parties in the transaction. If an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager acts as a broker in an agency cross transaction, or acts as principal in a principal transaction, such Affiliate may receive commissions or other compensation from one or both of the parties in the transaction. Such Affiliate may have interests in such transactions that are adverse to those of the Issuer, such as an interest in obtaining favorable commissions and the officers and employees of the Collateral Manager who are also officers and employees of any such Affiliate may receive compensation related to the Affiliate's participation in such transactions.

The Collateral Manager, its Affiliates and their respective clients, including accounts for which the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates act as investment advisor, may at times own Offered Securities. The Collateral Manager, its Affiliates and their respective clients are not required to own or hold any Offered Securities and may sell any Offered Securities held by them (including any Preferred Shares purchased by them on the Closing Date) at any time. The Collateral Manager may pledge or otherwise assign all or a portion of its right to receive payment of collateral management fees and dividends and other distributions on Preferred Shares owned by it for the purpose of financing its acquisition of Preferred Shares.

Maxim Group is a full-service broker-dealer that offers equities, options, preferred stocks, corporate bonds, government bonds, municipal bonds, CDs, direct participation programs, and open and closed-end mutual funds to its clients. Maxim Group may participate in the distribution of the Offered Securities. The Offered Securities may be offered to institutional clients of Maxim Group and when sold to such clients, Maxim Group will receive a selling concession. In addition, Maxim Group may receive underwriting fees associated with the distribution of the Offered Securities.

The Collateral Management Agreement provides that the Notes and Preferred Shares owned by the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates and any client or account for which the Collateral Manager or any of its Affiliates has discretionary authority will be disregarded and deemed not outstanding on any vote determining the votes needed for (i) removal of the Collateral Manager and (ii) any assignment of the rights or obligations of the Collateral Manager thereunder. The Indenture and the Collateral Management Agreement do not otherwise restrict the ability of the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates to vote the Offered Securities held by them or by clients or accounts for which they have discretionary authority. The Indenture requires the written consent of the Collateral Manager to any amendment of the Indenture that reduces the rights or increases the obligations of the Collateral Manager. For purposes hereof, "Affiliate" means, with respect to the Collateral Manager, (i) any other person who, directly or indirectly, is in control of, or controlled by, or is under common control with, the Collateral Manager or (ii) any other person who is a director, managing member, officer, employee or general partner of (a) the Collateral Manager or (b) any such other person described in clause (i) above. For the purposes of the foregoing definition, control of a person shall mean the power, direct or indirect, (x) to vote more than 50% of the securities having ordinary voting power for the election of directors of such person or (y) to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such person whether by contract or otherwise. The ownership of the Preferred Shares by it and its Affiliates may give the Collateral Manager an incentive to take actions that vary from the interests of the holders of the Notes.

No provision in the Collateral Management Agreement prevents the Collateral Manager or any of its Affiliates from rendering services of any kind to any person or entity, including the issuer of any obligation included in the Collateral or any of such issuer's affiliates, the Trustee, the holders of the Offered Securities or any Hedge Counterparty. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates and their respective directors, officers, employees and agents may, among other things: (a) subject to the limitations set forth in the Collateral Management Agreement, serve as directors, partners, officers, employees, agents, nominees or signatories for any issuer of any obligation included in the Collateral; (b) subject to the limitations set forth in the Collateral Management Agreement, receive fees for services rendered to the issuer of any obligation included in the Collateral Management Agreement to the Issuer or its affiliates and be paid therefor; (d) subject to the limitations set forth in the Collateral Management Agreement, be a secured or unsecured creditor of, and/or hold an equity interest in, any issuer of any obligation included in the Collateral which has become or, in the Collateral Manager's reasonable opinion, may become a Defaulted Security. Services of this kind may lead to

conflicts of interest with the Collateral Manager, and may lead individual officers or employees of the Collateral Manager to act in a manner adverse to the Issuer.

Although the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates may at times be a holder of Offered Securities, its interests and incentives will not necessarily be completely aligned with those of the other holders of the Offered Securities (or of the holders of any particular Class of the Notes or the Preferred Shares).

The Collateral Management Agreement requires the Collateral Manager to use reasonable efforts to obtain the best prices and execution for all orders placed with respect to the Collateral, considering all circumstances that are relevant in its reasonable determination. Subject to the objective of obtaining the best prices and execution, the Collateral Manager may take into consideration research and other brokerage services furnished to the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates by brokers and dealers that are not Affiliates of the Collateral Manager. Such services may be used by the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates in connection with its other advisory activities or investment operations. The Collateral Management Agreement provides that the Collateral Manager may aggregate sales and purchase orders of securities placed with respect to the Collateral with similar orders being made simultaneously for other accounts managed by the Collateral Manager or with accounts of the Affiliates of the Collateral Manager if in the Collateral Manager's judgment such aggregation shall result in an overall economic benefit to the Issuer, taking into consideration the advantageous selling or purchase price, brokerage commission and other expenses. If a sale or purchase of a Collateral Debt Security, Eliqible Investment or Equity Security (in accordance with the terms of the Indenture) occurs as part of any aggregate sale or purchase order, the objective of the Collateral Manager (and any of its Affiliates involved in such transactions) shall be to allocate the executions among the relevant accounts in an equitable manner (taking into account constraints imposed by the Eligibility Criteria in the Indenture).

Maxim Advisory generally recommends Maxim Group to its clients for brokerage services. When a client of Maxim Advisory uses Maxim Group as a broker, Maxim Group will receive commissions each time a brokerage transaction is generated by its advisory client. Maxim Advisory may select other brokers and dealers. When using other brokers, Maxim Advisory takes into account its obligation of best execution and the research and other brokerage services provided by such other brokers and dealers to Maxim Advisory that may enhance its general portfolio management capabilities. The client of Maxim Advisory may not be the direct or exclusive beneficiary of all of such services.

Conflicts of Interest Involving the Initial Purchaser. Certain of the Collateral Debt Securities acquired by the Issuer may consist of obligations of issuers or obligors, or obligations sponsored or serviced by companies, for which the Initial Purchaser or an Affiliate of the Initial Purchaser has acted as underwriter, agent, placement agent or dealer or for which an Affiliate of the Initial Purchaser has acted as lender or provided other commercial or investment banking services. The Initial Purchaser or an Affiliate of the Initial Purchaser may structure issuers of Collateral Debt Securities and arrange to place such Collateral Debt Securities with the Issuer. The Initial Purchaser or one or more of its Affiliates may also act as counterparty with respect to Synthetic Securities. In its role as counterparty with respect to Synthetic Securities, the Initial Purchaser or one or more of its Affiliates may manage a pool of Reference Obligations with respect to the Synthetic Securities and make determinations regarding those Reference Obligations. In addition, an Affiliate of the Initial Purchaser may act as a Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement. The Initial Purchaser or one or more of its Affiliates may enter into derivative transactions with third parties relating to the Offered Securities or to Collateral Debt Securities acquired by the Issuer, and the Initial Purchaser or one or more of its Affiliates may, in connection therewith, acquire (or establish long, short or derivative financial positions with respect to) Offered Securities, Collateral Debt Securities or one or more portfolios of financial assets similar to the portfolio of Collateral Debt Securities acquired by (or intended to be acquired by) the Issuer. Such activities may create certain conflicts of interest.

<u>Ramp-Up Period Purchases.</u> The amount of Collateral Debt Securities purchased on the Closing Date and the amount and timing of the purchase of additional Collateral Debt Securities prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, will affect the return to holders of, and cash flows available to make payments on, the Offered Securities. Reduced liquidity and lower volumes of trading in certain Collateral Debt Securities, in addition to restrictions on investment contained in the Eligibility Criteria, could result in periods during which the Issuer is

unable to be fully invested in Collateral Debt Securities. During any such period, excess cash is expected to be invested in Eligible Investments. Because of the short term nature and credit quality of Eligible Investments, the interest rates payable on Eligible Investments tend to be significantly lower than the rates the Issuer would expect to earn on Collateral Debt Securities. The longer the period before investment or reinvestment in Collateral Debt Securities, the greater the adverse impact may be on aggregate Interest Proceeds collected and distributed by the Issuer, resulting in a lower yield than could have been obtained if the net proceeds associated with the offering of the Offered Securities (the "Offering") were immediately invested and remained invested at all times.

In addition, the timing of the purchase of Collateral Debt Securities prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the amount of any purchased accrued interest, the timing of additional Borrowings under Class A-1 Notes, the scheduled interest payment dates of the Collateral Debt Securities and the amount of the net proceeds associated with the Offering invested in lower-yielding Eligible Investments until reinvested in Collateral Debt Securities, may have a material impact on the amount of Interest Proceeds collected during the first Due Period, which could adversely affect interest payments on Notes and distributions on the Preferred Shares.

The Issuer will use its best efforts to purchase or enter into binding agreements to purchase on or before the Ramp-Up Completion Date Collateral Debt Securities having an aggregate Principal Balance, together with the aggregate Principal Balance of all Eligible Investments purchased with Principal Proceeds on deposit in the Principal Collection Account <u>plus</u> the aggregate amount of all Principal Proceeds distributed on any prior Quarterly Distribution Date, of not less than U.S.\$1,000,000,000 (in each case, assuming for these purposes (i) settlement in accordance with customary settlement procedures in the relevant markets on the Ramp-Up Completion Date of all agreements entered into by the Issuer to acquire Collateral Debt Securities scheduled to settle on or following the Ramp-Up Completion Date, (ii) that each such Collateral Debt Security is a Collateral Debt Security pledged to the Trustee and (iii) funds are available from Borrowings under the Class A-1 Notes).

Although the entire aggregate principal amount of the Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes will be advanced on the Closing Date, less than the entire aggregate principal amount of the Class A-1 Notes will be advanced on the Closing Date. During the period (the "Ramp-Up Period") from, and including, the Closing Date to, and including, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Issuer will borrow from the holders of the Class A-1 Notes on and subject to the terms and conditions in the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement in order to purchase eligible Collateral Debt Securities (for inclusion in the Collateral) having an aggregate Principal Balance of not less than the aggregate Principal Balance necessary for the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Indenture. The purchase price payable by the Issuer for each such Collateral Debt Security will not exceed the fair market price for such security as of the date that the Issuer unconditionally commits to purchase such security.

Whether or not the Issuer has succeeded in acquiring Collateral Debt Securities having an aggregate Principal Balance of U.S.\$1,000,000,000 by the Ramp-Up Completion Date, all Uninvested Proceeds remaining on the first Determination Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date are required to be applied as Interest Proceeds or Principal Proceeds (excluding any amounts necessary to settle all agreements entered into by the Issuer on or prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date to acquire Collateral Debt Securities scheduled to settle following the Ramp-Up Completion Date), as applicable, on the first Quarterly Distribution Date. After the Ramp-Up Period, the Issuer will not be entitled to purchase any additional Collateral Debt Securities.

<u>Unspecified Use of Proceeds</u>. On the Closing Date, proceeds from the issuance and sale of the Notes will be used to purchase Collateral Debt Securities having a par amount of not less than U.S.\$800,000,000. The remainder of the proceeds from the issuance and sale of the Notes (including amounts advanced in respect of the Class A-1 Notes after the Closing Date) will be invested in Collateral Debt Securities that will not have been identified by the Collateral Manager on the Closing Date. Purchasers of the Notes and the Preferred Shares will not have an opportunity to evaluate for themselves the relevant economic, financial and other information regarding the investments to be made by the Collateral Manager (on behalf of the Issuer) and, accordingly, will be dependent upon the judgment and ability of the Collateral Manager in investing and managing the proceeds of the Notes and in identifying investments over time. No assurance can be given that the Collateral Manager

(on behalf of the Issuer) will be successful in obtaining suitable investments or that, if such investments are made, the objectives of the Issuer will be achieved.

Purchase of Collateral Debt Securities. All of the Collateral Debt Securities purchased by the Issuer on the Closing Date will be purchased from a portfolio of Collateral Debt Securities selected by Maxim Capital Advisors LLC, an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager, and acquired and held by Merrill Lynch International ("MLI"), an affiliate of the Initial Purchaser, pursuant to the Warehouse Agreement. Under the terms of the Warehouse Agreement, MLI has the right to refuse to acquire any Collateral Debt Security selected by Maxim Capital Advisors LLC. Some of the Collateral Debt Securities subject to the Warehouse Agreement may have been originally acquired by the Initial Purchaser from the Collateral Manager or one of its Affiliates or clients and some of the Collateral Debt Securities subject to the Warehouse Agreement may include securities issued by a fund or other entity owned or managed by the Collateral Manager. The Issuer will purchase Collateral Debt Securities included in such warehouse portfolio only to the extent that the Collateral Manager determines such purchases are consistent with the investment guidelines of the Issuer, the restrictions contained in the Indenture and the Collateral Management Agreement and applicable law. The purchase price payable by the Issuer for such Collateral Debt Securities will be based on the purchase price paid when such Collateral Debt Securities were acquired under the Warehouse Agreement, accrued and unpaid interest on such Collateral Debt Securities as of the Closing Date and gains or losses incurred in connection with hedging arrangements entered into with respect to such Collateral Debt Securities. Accordingly, the Issuer will bear the risk of market changes subsequent to the acquisition of such Collateral Debt Securities and related hedging arrangements as if it had acquired such Collateral Debt Securities directly at the time of purchase by MLI of such Collateral Debt Securities and not the Closing Date.

In addition, on the Closing Date, the Issuer will enter into the Master Forward Sale Agreement pursuant to which the Issuer may purchase additional Collateral Debt Securities from MLI from time to time during the Ramp-Up Period. The purchase price payable for any Collateral Debt Security purchased by the Issuer pursuant to the Master Forward Sale Agreement will be the price determined at the time such Collateral Debt Security is purchased by MLI. Accordingly, the Issuer will bear the risk of market changes subsequent to the acquisition of such Collateral Debt Securities and related hedging arrangements as if it had acquired such Collateral Debt Securities directly at the time of purchase by MLI of such Collateral Debt Securities and not the Closing Date.

If an affiliate of the Initial Purchaser that sold Collateral Debt Securities to the Issuer were to become the subject of a case or proceeding under the United States Bankruptcy Code or another applicable insolvency law, the trustee in bankruptcy or other liquidator could assert that such Collateral Debt Securities are property of the insolvency estate of such affiliate. Property that such affiliate had pledged or assigned, or in which such affiliate had granted a security interest, as collateral security for the payment or performance of an obligation, would be treated as property of the estate of such affiliate. Property that such affiliate had sold or absolutely assigned and transferred to another party, however, would not be property of the estate of such affiliate. The Issuer does not expect that the purchase by the Issuer of Collateral Debt Securities, under the circumstances contemplated by this Offering Circular, would be deemed to be a pledge or collateral assignment (as opposed to the sale or other absolute transfer) of such Collateral Debt Securities to the Issuer.

Dependence on the Collateral Manager and Key Personnel and Prior Investment Results. The performance of the portfolio of Collateral Debt Securities depends heavily on the skills of the Collateral Manager in analyzing and selecting the Collateral Debt Securities. As a result, the Issuer will be highly dependent on the financial and managerial experience of the Collateral Manager and certain of the officers and employees of the Collateral Manager responsible for selecting and monitoring the Collateral. Certain employment arrangements between those officers and employees and the Collateral Manager or its Affiliates are subject to termination or amendment without the consent of the Issuer. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates have limited experience in acting as collateral manager for entities similar to the Issuer, having acted as collateral manager for Jupiter High-Grade CDO Ltd. since December 2004. The loss of the services of employees of the Collateral Manager responsible for monitoring the Collateral Debt Securities and the failure to hire qualified replacements may adversely affect the ability of the Collateral Manager to monitor the portfolio of Collateral Debt Securities. See "The Collateral Manager" and "The Collateral Management Agreement".

The prior investment results of the Collateral Manager, its Affiliates and the persons associated with them are not indicative of the Issuer's future investment results. The nature of, and risks associated with, the Issuer's investments may differ substantially from the investments and risks undertaken historically by such persons and entities. There can be no assurances that the Issuer's investments will perform as well as the past investments of any such persons or entities. See "The Collateral Manager" and "The Collateral Management Agreement and Collateral Administration Agreement".

<u>Projections, Forecasts and Estimates.</u> Any projections, forecasts and estimates contained herein are forward looking statements and are based upon certain assumptions that the Co-Issuers consider reasonable. Projections are necessarily speculative in nature, and it can be expected that some or all of the assumptions underlying the projections will not materialize or will vary significantly from actual results. Accordingly, the projections are only an estimate. Actual results may vary from the projections, and the variations may be material.

Some important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in any forward looking statements include changes in interest rates, market, financial or legal uncertainties, the timing of acquisitions of Collateral Debt Securities by the Issuer, differences in the actual allocation of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral among asset categories from those assumed, the timing of acquisitions of the Collateral Debt Securities, mismatches between the timing of accrual and receipt of Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds from the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral (particularly during the period prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date), defaults under Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral and the effectiveness of the Hedge Agreement, among others. Consequently, the inclusion of projections herein should not be regarded as a representation by the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Collateral Manager, the Trustee, any Hedge Counterparty, the Initial Purchaser or any of their respective affiliates or any other person or entity of the results that will actually be achieved by the Issuer.

None of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Collateral Manager, the Trustee, the Hedge Counterparty, the Initial Purchaser, any of their respective affiliates and any other person has any obligation to update or otherwise revise any projections, including any revisions to reflect changes in economic conditions or other circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition.

Money Laundering Prevention. The USA PATRIOT Act, effective as of October 26, 2001, requires broker-dealers registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD") such as the Initial Purchaser, to establish and maintain anti-money laundering programs. With respect to the content of those programs, the NASD has issued a rule that requires broker-dealers to establish and maintain anti-money laundering programs similar to those currently in place at U.S. banks. On April 23, 2002, the United States Department of the Treasury (the "Treasury Department") issued regulations pursuant to the USA PATRIOT Act that, as amended, exempt "investment companies" such as the Issuer from the anti-money laundering requirements set out thereunder for an indefinite period of time, pending the issuance of a final rule. On September 18, 2002, the Treasury Department issued proposed regulations that, if enacted in their current form, will compel certain "unregistered investment companies" to undertake certain activities including establishing, maintaining and periodically testing an anti-money laundering compliance program, and designating and training personnel responsible for that compliance program.

As part of the rulemaking process, the Treasury Department is considering the appropriate definition of, and exceptions to, the term "unregistered investment company". The Treasury Department may, in its final rule, define such term in such a way as to include the Issuer. In addition, in April 2003, the Treasury Department issued proposed regulations that would require certain investment advisers to establish anti-money laundering programs. The Issuer will continue to monitor the ambit of the proposed regulations, and of the exceptions thereto, and will take all necessary steps (if any) required to comply with those regulations once they are finalized and made effective. It is possible that legislation or regulation could be promulgated which will require the Collateral Manager or other service providers to the Issuer to share information with governmental authorities with respect to investors in the Offered Securities in connection with the establishment of anti-money laundering procedures or require the Issuer to implement additional restrictions on the transfer of the Offered

Securities. The Issuer reserves the right to request such information as is necessary to verify the identity of the Holder of an Offered Security and the source of the payment of subscription monies, or as is necessary to comply with any customer identification programs required by the Treasury Department or by any other governmental or self-regulatory agency. Legislation and/or regulations could require the Issuer to implement additional restrictions on the transfer of the Offered Securities. In the event of delay or failure by the applicant to produce any information required for verification purposes, an application for or transfer of the Offered Securities and the subscription monies relating thereto may be refused.

The Issuer and the Administrator are subject to anti-money laundering legislation in the Cayman Islands pursuant to the Proceeds of Criminal Conduct Law (2001 Revision) (the "PCCL"). Pursuant to the PCCL the Cayman Islands government enacted The Money Laundering Regulations (2003 Revision), which impose specific requirements with respect to the obligation "to know your client". Except in relation to certain categories of institutional investors, the Issuer will require a detailed verification of each investor's identity and the source of the payment used by such investor for purchasing the Offered Securities in a manner similar to the obligations imposed under the laws of other major financial centers. In addition, if any person who is resident in the Cayman Islands knows or has a suspicion that a payment to the Issuer (by way of investment or otherwise) contains the proceeds of criminal conduct, that person must report such suspicion to the Cayman Islands authorities pursuant to the PCCL. If the Issuer were determined by the Cayman Islands government to be in violation of the PCCL or The Money Laundering Regulations (2003 Revision), the Issuer could be subject to substantial criminal penalties. Such a violation could materially adversely affect the timing and amount of payments by the Issuer to the Holders of the Offered Securities.

Investment Company Act. Neither of the Co-Issuers has been registered with the SEC as an investment company pursuant to the Investment Company Act. The Issuer has not so registered in reliance on an exception for investment companies organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the United States or any state thereof (a) whose investors resident in the United States are solely "qualified purchasers" (within the meaning given to such term in the Investment Company Act and the regulations of the SEC thereunder) or certain transferees thereof identified in Rule 3c-6 under the Investment Company Act and (b) which do not make a public offering of their securities in the United States. Counsel for the Co-Issuers will opine, in connection with the issuance of the Offered Securities, that neither of the Co-Issuers is on the Closing Date an investment company required to be registered under the Investment Company Act (assuming, for the purposes of such opinion, that the Offered Securities are sold in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the Preferred Share Documents and the Purchase Agreement). No opinion or no-action position has been requested of the SEC.

If the SEC or a court of competent jurisdiction were to find that the Issuer or the Co-Issuer is required, but in violation of the Investment Company Act had failed, to register as an investment company, possible consequences include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) the SEC could apply to a district court to enjoin the violation; (ii) investors in the Issuer or the Co-Issuer could sue the Issuer or the Co-Issuer, as the case may be, and recover any damages caused by the violation; and (iii) any contract to which the Issuer or the Co-Issuer, as the case may be, is a party that is made in, or whose performance involves a, violation of the Investment Company Act would be unenforceable by any party to the contract unless a court were to find that under the circumstances enforcement would produce a more equitable result than non-enforcement and would not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Investment Company Act. Should the Issuer or the Co-Issuer be subjected to any or all of the foregoing, the Issuer or the Co-Issuer, as the case may be, would be materially and adversely affected.

Each transferee of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note will be deemed to represent at the time of purchase that: (i) the purchaser is both a Qualified Institutional Buyer and a Qualified Purchaser; (ii) the purchaser is not a dealer described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 144A unless such purchaser owns and invests on a discretionary basis at least U.S.\$25,000,000 in securities of issuers that are not affiliated persons of the dealer; and (iii) the purchaser is not a plan referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(D) or (a)(1)(i)(E) of Rule 144A, or a trust fund referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(F) of Rule 144A that holds the assets of such a plan, unless investment decisions with respect to the plan are made solely by the fiduciary, trustee or sponsor of such plan; and (iv) the purchaser will provide written notice of the foregoing, and of any applicable restrictions on transfer, to any transferee.

The Indenture provides that if, notwithstanding the restrictions on transfer contained therein, either of the Co-Issuers determines that any beneficial owner of a Restricted Note (or any interest therein) (A) is a U.S. Person (within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act) and (B) is not both a Qualified Institutional Buyer (unless such beneficial owner is an Accredited Investor that purchased such Restricted Note or interest therein directly from the Co-Issuers or Initial Purchaser) and also a Qualified Purchaser, then either of the Co-Issuers may require, by notice to such holder, that such holder sell all of its right, title and interest to such Restricted Note (or any interest therein) to a person that is both a Qualified Institutional Buyer and a Qualified Purchaser, with such sale to be effected within 30 days after notice of such sale requirement is given. If such beneficial owner fails to effect the transfer required within such 30-day period, (a) upon direction from the Issuer, the Trustee, on behalf of and at the expense of the Issuer, shall cause such beneficial owner's interest in such Note to be transferred in a commercially reasonable sale (conducted by the Trustee in accordance with Section 9-610(b) of the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of New York as applied to securities that are sold on a recognized market or the subject of widely distributed price quotations) to a person that certifies to the Trustee and the Co-Issuers, in connection with such transfer, that such person is a both (i) a Qualified Institutional Buyer and (ii) a Qualified Purchaser and (b) pending such transfer, no further payments will be made in respect of such Note held by such beneficial owner.

The Preferred Share Documents provide that if, notwithstanding the restrictions on transfer contained therein, the Issuer determines that any beneficial owner of Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares (A) is a U.S. Person (within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act) and (B) is not both (i) a Qualified Institutional Buyer (or an Accredited Investor that purchased such Restricted Definitive Preferred Share in connection with the initial distribution thereof) and (ii) a Qualified Purchaser, then the Issuer may require, by notice to such holder, that such holder sell all of its right, title and interest to such Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares (or interest therein) to a person that is both a Qualified Institutional Buyer and a Qualified Purchaser, with such sale to be effected within 30 days after notice of such sale requirement is given. If such beneficial owner fails to effect the transfer required within such 30-day period, (a) upon direction from the Issuer, the Preferred Share Paying Agent, on behalf of and at the expense of the Issuer, shall cause such beneficial owner's interest in such Preferred Share to be transferred in a commercially reasonable sale (conducted by the Administrator in accordance with Section 9-610(b) of the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of New York as applied to securities that are sold on a recognized market or the subject of widely distributed price quotations) to a person that certifies to the Preferred Share Paying Agent and the Issuer, in connection with such transfer, that such person is a both (i) a Qualified Institutional Buyer and (ii) a Qualified Purchaser and (b) pending such transfer, no further payments will be made in respect of such Preferred Share held by such beneficial owner.

<u>Mandatory Repayment of the Notes.</u> If one or more of the Coverage Tests are not met, Interest Proceeds will be used to the extent that funds are available in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to restore the relevant Coverage Test(s) to certain minimum required levels, to repay principal of one or more Classes of Notes. See "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption".

If the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each relevant Rating Agency by the first Determination Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date, Interest Proceeds and, after application of Interest Proceeds, Principal Proceeds, will be used to redeem *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, *third*, the Class B Notes, and *fourth*, the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes and the Class C-1C Notes in each case to the extent necessary (after the application of Interest Proceeds, Principal Proceeds and, to the extent necessary, Uninvested Proceeds for such purpose) to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each relevant Rating Agency.

Either of the foregoing could result in an elimination, deferral or reduction in the payments in respect of interest or the principal repayments made to the holders of one or more Classes of Notes that are Subordinate to any other outstanding Class of Notes, which could adversely impact the returns of such holders.

In addition, if, on any Quarterly Distribution Date, until the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes have been paid in full, the Preferred Shareholders have received distributions on the Preferred Shares sufficient to achieve an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum, any excess amount of Interest Proceeds will be

applied to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes, pro rata (including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest and Class C-1B Deferred Interest). See "Description of the Notes—Principal," "—Mandatory Redemption" and "—Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds".

<u>Auction Call Redemption.</u> In addition, if the Notes have not been redeemed in full prior to the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring in May 2013, then an auction of the Collateral Debt Securities will be conducted and, provided that certain conditions are satisfied, the Collateral Debt Securities will be sold and the Notes will be redeemed (in whole, but not in part) on such Quarterly Distribution Date. If such conditions are not satisfied and the auction is not successfully conducted on such Quarterly Distribution Date, the Trustee will conduct auctions on a quarterly basis until the Notes are redeemed in full. See "Description of the Notes—Auction Call Redemption". Each Hedge Agreement will terminate upon an Auction Call Redemption.

<u>Optional Redemption</u>. Subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders may require that the Notes be redeemed in whole and not in part as described under "Description of the Notes—Optional Redemption and Tax Redemption", *provided* that no such optional redemption may occur prior to the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring in May 2009. Each Hedge Agreement will terminate upon an Optional Redemption.

<u>Tax Redemption</u>. Subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, upon the occurrence of a Tax Event, the Issuer may redeem the Notes (such redemption, a "Tax Redemption") on any Quarterly Distribution Date, in whole but not in part, at the applicable Redemption Price therefor (i) at the direction of the holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of any Class of Notes that, as a result of the occurrence of a Tax Event, has not received 100% of the aggregate amount of principal and interest payable to such Class on any Quarterly Distribution Date (each such Class, an "Affected Class") or (ii) at the direction of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders. No Tax Redemption may be effected, however, unless the Tax Materiality Condition is satisfied. See "Description of the Notes—Optional Redemption and Tax Redemption". Each Hedge Agreement will terminate upon any Tax Redemption.

Interest Rate Risk. The Offered Securities are subject to interest rate risk. The Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer may bear interest at a fixed or floating rate. In addition, to the extent the Collateral Debt Securities bear interest at a floating rate, the interest rate on such Collateral Debt Securities may adjust more frequently or less frequently, on different dates and based on different indices than the interest rate on the Notes. As a result of the foregoing, there could be an interest rate or basis mismatch between the interest payable on the Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer, on the one hand, and interest payable on the Notes, on the other hand. Moreover, as a result of such mismatches, an increase or decrease in the level or levels of the floating rate indices could adversely impact the Issuer's ability to make payments on the Notes or distributions in respect of the Preferred Shares. The Notes are denominated in U.S. Dollars and bear interest at a rate based on LIBOR as determined on the relevant LIBOR Determination Date. In addition, any payments of principal of or interest on Collateral Debt Securities received during a Due Period will be reinvested in Eligible Investments maturing not later than the Business Day immediately preceding the next Quarterly Distribution Date. There is no requirement that Eligible Investments bear interest at LIBOR, and the interest rates available for Eligible Investments are inherently uncertain. To mitigate a portion of such interest rate or payment mismatches, the Issuer will on the Closing Date enter into the Hedge Agreement after the Closing Date provided the Rating Condition has been met. However, there can be no assurance that the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral and Eligible Investments, together with the Hedge Agreement, will in all circumstances generate sufficient Interest Proceeds to make timely payments of interest on the Notes. Moreover, the benefits of the Hedge Agreement may not be achieved in the event of the early termination of the Hedge Agreement, including termination upon the failure of the Hedge Counterparty to perform its obligations thereunder, or if additional swap transactions are not entered into. See "Security for the Notes-The Hedge Agreement". See "Security for the Notes—The Hedge Agreement".

Subject to satisfaction of the Rating Condition with respect to such reduction and the prior consent of the related Hedge Counterparty, the Collateral Manager may cause the Issuer to reduce the notional amount of a Hedge Agreement. In the event of any such reduction, the relevant Hedge Counterparty or the Issuer may be

required to make a termination payment in respect of such reduction to the other party. See "Security for the Notes—The Hedge Agreement".

<u>Average Life of the Notes and Prepayment Considerations</u>. The average life of each Class of Notes is expected to be shorter than the number of years until the Stated Maturity. See "Maturity, Prepayment and Yield Considerations".

The average life of each Class of Notes will be affected by the financial condition of the obligors on or issuers of the Collateral Debt Securities included in the Collateral and the characteristics of such Collateral Debt Securities, including the existence and frequency of exercise of any prepayment, optional redemption or sinking fund features, the prevailing level of interest rates, the redemption price, the actual default rate and the actual level of recoveries on any Defaulted Securities, the frequency of tender or exchange offers for such Collateral Debt Securities and any sales of such Collateral Debt Securities and any dividends or other distributions received in respect of Equity Securities, as well as the risks unique to investments in obligations of foreign issuers described above. See "Maturity, Prepayment and Yield Considerations" and "Security for the Notes".

<u>Distributions on the Preferred Shares; Investment Term; Non-Petition Agreement</u>. Prior to the payment in full of the Notes and all other amounts owing under the Indenture, Preferred Shareholders will be entitled to receive distributions only to the extent permissible under the Indenture and Cayman Islands law (as described herein). The timing and amount of distributions payable to Preferred Shareholders and the duration of the Preferred Shareholders' investment in the Issuer therefore will be affected by the average life of the Notes. See "—Average Life of the Notes and Prepayment Considerations" above. Each initial purchaser of Preferred Shares will be required to covenant in an Investor Application Form (and each transferee of Preferred Shares will be required to covenant in a transfer certificate) that it will not cause the filing of a petition in bankruptcy against the Issuer before one year and one day have elapsed since the payment in full of the Notes or, if longer, the applicable preference period then in effect. If such provision failed to be effective to preclude the filing of a petition under applicable bankruptcy laws, then the filing of such a petition could result in one or more payments on the Notes made during the period prior to such filing being deemed to be preferential transfers subject to avoidance by the bankruptcy trustee or similar official exercising authority with respect to the Issuer's bankruptcy estate.

Dispositions of Defaulted Securities, Credit Improved Securities, Credit Risk Securities and Equity Securities. The Issuer is required to sell certain types of Equity Securities within five days of receipt thereof (or within five Business Days after such later date as such Equity Security may first be sold in accordance with its terms and applicable law) and other types of Equity Securities within one year of receipt thereof (or within one year after such later date as such Equity Security may first be sold in accordance with its terms and applicable law). The Issuer may, at the direction of the Collateral Manager, sell any Credit Improved Security or Defaulted Security (other than a Defaulted Synthetic Security) at any time. The Issuer may, at the direction of the Collateral Manager, sell any Written Down Security or Credit Risk Security at any time; provided that, if (i) the rating of the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes or Class B Notes has been withdrawn or is below the rating assigned to such Class of Notes on the Closing Date by Moody's or (ii) the rating of the Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes has been withdrawn or is at least two subcategories below the rating assigned to such Class of Notes on the Closing Date by Moody's, then a Credit Risk Security may be sold only if it has been downgraded or put on a watch list for possible downgrade by one or more Rating Agencies by one or more rating subcategories since it was acquired by the Issuer. The Issuer may sell (or exercise its right to terminate) any Defaulted Synthetic Security at any time. See "Security for the Notes-Dispositions of Collateral Debt Securities". Although procedures relating to the sale of Defaulted Securities, Credit Improved Securities, Credit Risk Securities and Equity Securities held by the Issuer are set forth in the Indenture, the Collateral Manager will not be able to exercise discretion outside of those procedures in connection with such sales and the Issuer will not be able to sell any other Collateral Debt Securities in response to changes in related credit or market risks.

<u>Taxes on the Issuer</u>. The Issuer expects that payments received on the Collateral Debt Securities, Eligible Investments, U.S Agency Securities and the Hedge Agreement generally will not be subject to withholding taxes imposed by the United States or other countries from which such payments are sourced.

Those payments, however, might become subject to U.S. or other withholding tax due to a change in law or other causes. Payments with respect to any Equity Securities held by the Issuer likely will be subject to withholding taxes imposed by the United States or other countries from which such payments are sourced. The imposition of unanticipated withholding taxes or tax on the Issuer's net income could materially impair the Issuer's ability to pay principal of and interest and Commitment Fee on the Notes and make distributions in respect of the Preferred Shares.

<u>Withholding on the Notes and Preferred Shares</u>. The Issuer expects that payments of principal and interest by the Issuer in respect of the Notes will ordinarily not be subject to any withholding tax in the Cayman Islands, the United States or any other jurisdiction. See "Income Tax Considerations". If withholding or deduction of any taxes from payments of principal or interest in respect of the Notes is required by law in any jurisdiction, neither Co-Issuer shall be under any obligation to make any additional payments to the holders of any Notes in respect of such withholding or deduction.

All distributions in respect of, and return of capital on, the Preferred Shares will be made without any deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax unless such deduction or withholding is required by any applicable law, as modified by the practice of any relevant governmental revenue authority, then in effect. If the Issuer is so required to deduct or withhold, then the Issuer will instruct the Preferred Share Paying Agent to make such deduction or withholding and will pay any such withholding taxes in the relevant jurisdiction, but will not be obligated to pay any additional amounts in respect of such withholding or deduction.

<u>Tax Treatment of Holders of Class C Notes and Preferred Shares</u>. Because the Issuer will be a passive foreign investment company, a U.S. person holding Preferred Shares may be subject to additional taxes unless it elects to treat the Issuer as a qualified electing fund and to recognize currently its proportionate share of the Issuer's income. The Issuer also may be a controlled foreign corporation, in which case U.S. persons holding Preferred Shares could be subject to different tax treatments. See "Income Tax Considerations".

The Issuer intends to treat the Class C Notes, and the Indenture requires that holders agree to treat the Class C Notes, as debt for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. The U.S. Internal Revenue Service may challenge the treatment of the Class C Notes as debt of the Issuer. If such a challenge were successful, the Class C Notes would be treated as equity interests in the Issuer, and the U.S. Federal income tax consequences of investing in the Class C Notes would be the same as those of having invested in the Preferred Shares without making an election to treat the Issuer as a qualified electing fund. See "Income Tax Considerations".

ERISA Considerations. See "ERISA Considerations" herein.

The Issuer. The Issuer is a recently formed Cayman Islands entity and has no prior operating history other than in connection with the acquisition of certain Collateral Debt Securities prior to the issuance of the Offered Securities and the engagement of the Collateral Manager and the entering into of arrangements with respect thereto. The Issuer will have no significant assets other than the Collateral Debt Securities, Equity Securities, Eligible Investments, the Collection Accounts and its rights under the Collateral Management Agreement, the Hedge Agreement and certain other agreements entered into as described herein, all of which have been pledged to the Trustee to secure the Issuer's obligations to the holders of the Notes and the Hedge Counterparty. The Issuer will not engage in any business activity other than the issuance and sale of the Offered Securities as described herein, the acquisition and disposition of, and investment in, Collateral Debt Securities and Eligible Investments as described herein, the entering into, and the performance of its obligations under the Indenture, the Notes, the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, the Purchase Agreement, the Investor Application Forms, the Account Control Agreement, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, the Hedge Agreement, the Collateral Assignment of the Hedge Agreement, the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Reimbursement Agreement, the Administration Agreement and the Master Forward Sale Agreement, the pledge of the Collateral as security for its obligations in respect of the Notes and otherwise for the benefit of the Secured Parties, certain activities conducted in connection with the payment of amounts in respect of the Offered Securities, the management of the Collateral and other activities incidental to the foregoing. Income derived from the Collateral Debt Securities and other Collateral will be the Issuer's only source of cash.

<u>The Co-Issuer</u>. The Co-Issuer is a newly formed Delaware corporation and has no prior operating history. The Co-Issuer does not have and will not have any substantial assets. The Co-Issuer will not engage in any business activity other than the co-issuance of the Notes and will not be an obligor on the Preferred Shares.

<u>Protection of Collateral</u>. The Trustee has agreed in the Indenture to take such actions to preserve and protect its first priority security interest in the Collateral for the benefit of the Secured Parties. Such actions include the filing of any financing statement, continuation statement or other instrument as is necessary to perfect, and maintain perfection of, such security interest in the Collateral. The Indenture provides that the Issuer retains ultimate responsibility for maintaining the perfection of the Collateral and any failure of the Trustee to file the necessary continuation statements to maintain such perfection will not result in any liability to the Trustee and the Trustee shall be entitled to indemnification with respect to any claim, loss, liability or expense incurred by the Trustee with respect to the filing of such continuation statements. As a result, any such failure by the Trustee to maintain such perfection may lead to the loss of such security interest in the Collateral to secure the Issuer's obligations under the Indenture and the Notes.

Certain Considerations Relating to the Cayman Islands. The Issuer is an exempted company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands. As a result, it may not be possible for purchasers of the Offered Securities to effect service of process upon the Issuer within the United States or to enforce against the Issuer in United States courts judgments predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the United States. The Issuer has been advised by Walkers, its legal advisor in the Cayman Islands, that the United States and the Cayman Islands do not currently have a treaty providing for reciprocal recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters and that a final judgment for the payment of money rendered by any Federal or state court in the United States based on civil liability, whether or not predicated solely upon United States securities laws, would, therefore, not be automatically enforceable in the Cayman Islands and there is doubt as to the enforceability in the Cayman Islands, in original actions or in actions for the enforcement of judgments of the United States courts, of liabilities predicated solely upon United States securities laws. The Issuer will appoint Corporation Service Company, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, Suite 3100, New York, NY 10036 as its agent in New York for service of process.

<u>Significant Fees Reduce Proceeds Available for Purchase of Collateral Debt Securities</u>. On the Closing Date, the Co-Issuers will use a portion of the gross proceeds from the offering to pay various fees and expenses, including expenses, fees and commissions incurred in connection with the acquisition of the Collateral, structuring and placement agency fees payable to Merrill Lynch, up-front collateral management fees to the Collateral Manager and legal, accounting, rating agency and other fees. Closing fees and expenses reduce the amount of the gross proceeds of the offering available to purchase Collateral and, therefore, the return to purchasers of the Securities. Rating agencies will consider the amount of net proceeds available to purchase Collateral in determining any ratings assigned by them to the Offered Securities.

DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The Notes will be issued pursuant to the Indenture. The following summary describes certain provisions of the Notes and the Indenture. This summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the provisions of the Indenture. Copies of the Indenture may be obtained by prospective investors upon request to the Trustee at 9062 Old Annapolis Road, Columbia, Maryland 21045, Attention: CDO Trust Services –Jupiter High-Grade CDO II.

STATUS AND SECURITY

The Notes will be limited-recourse debt obligations of the Co-Issuers. All of the Class A-1 Notes are entitled to receive payments pari passu among themselves, all of the Class A-2 Notes are entitled to receive payments pari passu among themselves, all of the Class B Notes are entitled to receive payments pari passu among themselves, all of the Class C Notes are entitled to receive payments pari passu among themselves. Except as otherwise described in the Priority of Payments, the relative order of seniority of payment of each Class of Notes on each Quarterly Distribution Date is as follows: first, Class A-1 Notes, second, Class A-2 Notes, third, Class B Notes, and fourth, Class C Notes, with (a) each Class of Notes (other than the Class C Notes) in such list being "Senior" to each other Class of Notes that follows such Class of Notes in such list and (b) each Class of Notes in such list being "Subordinate" to each other Class of Notes that precedes such Class of Notes in such list. Notwithstanding the foregoing general description of the relative seniority of the Notes, the Priority of Payments provides that (a) if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied: (b) on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation after the application of Uninvested Proceeds to pay principal of the Notes, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation; (c) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay Class C Deferred Interest; (d) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will on any Quarterly Distribution Date when the Preferred Shareholders have received a specified annualized Dividend Yield be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes; (e) on any Quarterly Distribution Date not occurring during a Sequential Pay Period, certain Principal Proceeds may be applied to the pro rata payment of Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes and Class B Notes up to the Class A/B Pro Rata Principal Payment Cap, with the remaining Principal Proceeds being available to pay principal of Class C Notes in accordance with the Priority of Payments; and (f) any Quarterly Distribution Date not occurring during a Sequential Pay Period, Principal Proceeds that would during a Sequential Pay Period be applied to pay the principal of the Class C Notes on a pro rata basis will instead be applied to the pro rata payment of the Class C-1A Notes and the Class C-1B Notes. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments". See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments". No payment of interest on any Class or Sub-class of Notes will be made until all accrued and unpaid interest and Commitment Fee on the Notes of each Class that is Senior to such Class and that remain outstanding has been paid in full. Except as described above, no payment of principal of any Class or Sub-class of Notes will be made until all principal of, and all accrued and unpaid interest and Commitment Fee on, the Notes of each Class that is Senior to such Class and that remain outstanding have been paid in full. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

Under the terms of the Indenture, the Issuer will grant to the Trustee for the benefit of the Secured Parties a first priority security interest in the Collateral described herein to secure the Issuer's obligations under the Indenture and the Notes, subject in the case of any Synthetic Security Counterparty Account to the security interest of the related Synthetic Security Counterparty in such Account.

Payments of principal of and interest and Commitment Fee on the Notes will be made solely from the proceeds of the Collateral, in accordance with the priorities described under "—Priority of Payments" herein. If the amounts received in respect of the Collateral (net of certain expenses) are insufficient to make payments on the Notes, no other assets will be available for payment of the deficiency and, following liquidation of all the Collateral, the obligations of the Co-Issuers to pay any such deficiency will be extinguished.

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Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes.

All of the Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes will be issued on the Closing Date. The entire principal amount of the Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes will be advanced on the Closing Date.

Class A-1 Notes

All of the Class A-1 Notes will be issued on the Closing Date. U.S.\$732,500,000 of the principal amount of the Class A-1 Notes will be advanced on the Closing Date. Pursuant to the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement dated March 29, 2005 between the Issuer, the Trustee, the distribution agent and the holders from time to time of the Class A-1 Notes, subject to compliance with the conditions set forth therein, the Co-Issuers may request (and the holders of the Class A-1 Notes (or such Liquidity Providers to whom such holders have delegated their obligations under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement) will be obligated to make pro rata in accordance with their respective Commitments) monthly advances under the Class A-1 Notes until the aggregate principal amount advanced under the Class A-1 Notes equals U.S.\$880,000,000 during the period (the "Commitment Period") starting on and including the Closing Date and ending on and excluding the date (the "Commitment Period Termination Date") that is the earliest of (i) the first Business Day after the Ramp-Up Completion Date; (ii) the redemption of the Class A-1 Notes in full; (iii) the first date on which the aggregate outstanding unfunded Commitments have been reduced to zero; (iv) the date of the occurrence of an Event of Default specified in clause (iv) or (vi) of the definition thereof; or (v) the sale, foreclosure or other disposition of the Collateral under the Indenture. Any reference herein to "Commitments" in respect of any Class A-1 Notes at any time shall mean the maximum aggregate principal amount of advances (whether at the time funded or unfunded) that the holder (or such Liquidity Provider to whom such holder has delegated its obligations under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement) of such Class A-1 Note is obligated from time to time under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement to make to the Issuer.

During the Commitment Period, the Issuer (at the direction of the Collateral Manager) may borrow amounts under the Class A-1 Notes pursuant to the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement (a "Borrowing" and the date of any such Borrowing, a "Borrowing Date"); *provided* that (i) the aggregate amount of Borrowings under the Class A-1 Notes may not in any event exceed the aggregate amount of Commitments in respect of the Class A-1 Notes and (ii) at the time of and immediately after giving effect to such Borrowing, no Event of Default or Default has occurred and is continuing or would result from any Borrowing. Except as the holders of the Class A-1 Notes shall otherwise agree, Borrowings shall be made only on the 25th day of each month commencing with the first such date after the date hereof (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day); *provided* that the final Borrowing Date will be July 22, 2005 (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day).

The aggregate principal amount of any Borrowing in respect of the Class A-1 Notes (taken as a whole) will be at least U.S.\$5,000,000 and an integral multiple of U.S.\$1,000. On or prior to the fourth Business Day immediately preceding each Borrowing Date, the Collateral Manager will cause the Issuer to provide notice to each Class A-1 Noteholder (with a copy to the Trustee) of the Issuer's intention to effect a Borrowing.

On the Commitment Period Termination Date, the aggregate unfunded amount of the Class A-1 Notes, if any, will be reduced to zero.

Prior to the Commitment Period Termination Date, each holder of Class A-1 Notes will be required to satisfy the Rating Criteria specified in the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement. If any holder of Class A-1 Notes shall at any time prior to the Commitment Period Termination Date fail to satisfy such Rating Criteria, the Issuer

will have the right under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement to, and will be obligated under the Indenture to, replace such holder with another entity that meets such ratings requirement (by requiring the non-complying holder to transfer all of its rights and obligations in respect of the Class A-1 Notes to such other entity). The "Rating Criteria" will be satisfied on any date with respect to any holder of Class A-1 Notes if (a) the short-term debt, deposit or similar obligations of such purchaser are on such date rated "P-1" by Moody's and "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's or (b) such holder is then entitled under a Liquidity Facility to borrow loans from, or sell Class A-1 Notes to, one or more financial institutions (each, a "Liquidity Provider") so long as the short-term debt, deposit or similar obligations of each such Liquidity Provider are on such date rated "P-1" by Moody's and at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's. A "Liquidity Facility" is a liquidity agreement providing for the several commitments of the Liquidity Providers party thereto to make loans to, or purchase Class A-1 Notes from, such holder in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding equal to or greater than the Commitment of such holder. The purchase of Class A-1 Notes (whether in connection with the initial placement or in a subsequent transfer) by any person who does not satisfy the Rating Criteria set forth in clause (a) of the definition thereof at the time of such purchase but who is then entitled to the benefit of a Liquidity Facility described in clause (b) of such definition will be subject to the requirement that each Rating Agency shall have confirmed that the acquisition by such person will not result in a downgrade or withdrawal of its then-current rating, if any, of any Class of Notes. Pursuant to the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, any purchaser of Class A-1 Notes that is entitled under a Liquidity Facility to borrow loans from Liquidity Providers may delegate to such Liquidity Providers, and such Liquidity Providers may severally agree to each perform their ratable share (determined in accordance with their respective commitments under the relevant Liquidity Facility) of, all of the purchaser's obligations under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement in respect of the Class A-1 Notes held by such purchaser.

INTEREST

The Class A-1 Notes will bear interest at a floating rate per annum equal to LIBOR (determined as described herein) <u>plus</u> 0.27%. The Class A-2 Notes will bear interest at a floating rate per annum equal to LIBOR <u>plus</u> 0.50%. The Class B Notes will bear interest at a floating rate per annum equal to LIBOR <u>plus</u> 0.73%. The Class C-1A Notes will bear interest at a floating rate per annum equal to LIBOR <u>plus</u> 2.95%. The Class C-1B Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate per annum equal to 7.067%. The Class C-1C Notes will bear interest at a fixed rate per annum equal to 7.265%. Interest on the Notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed.

Interest will accrue on the outstanding principal amount of each Class or Sub-class of Notes (determined as of the first day of each Interest Period and after giving effect to any redemption or other payment of principal occurring on such day) from the Closing Date (or with respect to any Borrowing under the Class A-1 Notes after the Closing Date, from the date of such Borrowing). Interest accruing for any Interest Period will accrue for the period from and including the first day of such Interest Period to and including the last day of such Interest Period.

Payments of interest on the Notes will be payable in U.S. dollars quarterly in arrears on each February 5, May 5, August 5 and November 5, commencing on August 5, 2005 (each a "Quarterly Distribution Date"), provided that (i) the final Quarterly Distribution Date with respect to the Notes shall be May 5, 2041, and (ii) if any such date is not a Business Day, the relevant Quarterly Distribution Date will be the next succeeding Business Day.

If either Class A/B Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, as described under "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption", Interest Proceeds will be used to pay principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, and third, the Class B Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class A/B Coverage Test to be satisfied. If either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, as described under "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption", Interest Proceeds will be used to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes (including any Class C

Deferred Interest), in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

So long as any Class A Notes or Class B Notes are outstanding, the failure on any Quarterly Distribution Date to make payment in respect of interest on the Class C-1A Notes, Class C-1B Notes or Class C-1C Notes by reason of the operation of the Priority of Payments will not constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture. Any interest on the Class C-1A Notes that is not paid when due by operation of the Priority of Payments will be deferred and capitalized (such interest being referred to herein as "Class C-1A Deferred Interest"). Any interest on the Class C-1B Notes that is not paid when due by operation of the Priority of Payments will be deferred and capitalized (such interest being referred to herein as "Class C-1B Deferred Interest"). Any interest on the Class C-1C Notes that is not paid when due by operation of the Priority of Payments will be deferred and capitalized (such interest being referred to herein as "Class C-1C Deferred Interest"). Together the Class C-1A Deferred Interest, Class C-1B Deferred Interest are referred herein as "Class C Deferred Interest".

Any Class C-1A Deferred Interest will be added to the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1A Notes and thereafter interest will accrue on the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1A Notes, as so increased. Unless otherwise specified herein, any reference to the principal amount of a Class C-1A Note includes any Class C-1A Deferred Interest added thereto. Upon the payment of Class C-1A Deferred Interest previously capitalized as additional principal, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1 Notes will be reduced by the amount of such payment.

Any Class C-1B Deferred Interest will be added to the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1B Notes and thereafter interest will accrue on the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1B Notes, as so increased. Unless otherwise specified herein, any reference to the principal amount of a Class C-1B Note includes any Class C-1B Deferred Interest added thereto. Upon the payment of Class C-1B Deferred Interest previously capitalized as additional principal, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1B Notes will be reduced by the amount of such payment.

Any Class C-1C Deferred Interest will be added to the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1C Notes and thereafter interest will accrue on the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1C Notes, as so increased. Unless otherwise specified herein, any reference to the principal amount of a Class C-1C Note includes any Class C-1C Deferred Interest added thereto. Upon the payment of Class C-1 Deferred Interest previously capitalized as additional principal, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1C Notes will be reduced by the amount of such payment.

Interest will cease to accrue on each Note or, in the case of a partial repayment, on such part, from the date of repayment or Stated Maturity unless payment of principal is improperly withheld or unless default is otherwise made with respect to such payments. To the extent lawful and enforceable, interest on any Defaulted Interest on any Note will accrue at the interest rate applicable to such Note until paid. "Defaulted Interest" means any interest due and payable in respect of any Note or (when used with respect to the Class A-1 Notes and the calculation of the Commitment Fee Amount) Commitment Fee which is not punctually paid or duly provided for on the applicable Quarterly Distribution Date or at Stated Maturity and which remains unpaid. Class C Deferred Interest will not constitute Defaulted Interest.

Definitions

"Interest Period" means (i) in the case of the initial Interest Period, the period from, and including, the Closing Date (or, in the case of a Class A-1 Note, the Borrowing Date of the relevant Borrowing) to, but excluding, the first Quarterly Distribution Date, and (ii) thereafter, the period from, and including, the Quarterly Distribution Date immediately following the last day of the immediately preceding Interest Period to, but excluding, the next succeeding Quarterly Distribution Date.

With respect to each Interest Period, "LIBOR" for purposes of calculating the interest rate for the Notes for such Interest Period will be determined by the Trustee, as calculation agent (the "Calculation Agent") in accordance with the following provisions:

- (i) LIBOR for any Interest Period shall equal the offered rate, as determined by the Calculation Agent, for Dollar deposits in Europe of the Designated Maturity that appears on Telerate Page 3750 (or such other page as may replace such Telerate Page 3750 for the purpose of displaying comparable rates) as of 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the applicable LIBOR Determination Date. "LIBOR Determination Date" means, with respect to any Interest Period, the second London Banking Day prior to the first day of such Interest Period.
- (ii) If, on any LIBOR Determination Date, such rate does not appear on Telerate Page 3750 (or such other page as may replace such Telerate Page 3750 for the purpose of displaying comparable rates), the Calculation Agent shall determine the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations of the Reference Banks to prime banks in the London interbank market for Dollar deposits in Europe of three months (except that in the case where such Interest Period shall commence on a day that is not a LIBOR Business Day, for the relevant term commencing on the next following LIBOR Business Day), by reference to requests for quotations as of approximately 11:00 a.m. (London time) on such LIBOR Determination Date made by the Calculation Agent to the Reference Banks. If, on any LIBOR Determination Date, at least two of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, LIBOR shall equal such arithmetic mean. If, on any LIBOR Determination Date, fewer than two Reference Banks provide such quotations, LIBOR shall be deemed to be the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations that leading banks in New York City selected by the Calculation Agent are quoting on the relevant LIBOR Determination Date for Dollar deposits for the term of such Interest Period (except that in the case where such Interest Period shall commence on a day that is not a LIBOR Business Day, for the relevant term commencing on the next following LIBOR Business Day), to the principal London offices of leading banks in the London interbank market.
- (iii) In respect of any Interest Period having a Designated Maturity other than one, two, three or six months LIBOR shall be determined through the use of straight-line interpolation by reference to two rates calculated in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) above, one of which shall be determined as if the maturity of the Dollar deposits referred to therein were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the Interest Period and the other of which shall be determined as if the such maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the Interest Period; provided that, if an Interest Period is less than or equal to seven days, then LIBOR shall be determined by reference to a rate calculated in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) above as if the maturity of the Dollar deposits referred to therein were a period of time equal to seven days.
- (iv) If the Calculation Agent is required but is unable to determine a rate in accordance with either procedure described in clauses (i) and (ii) above, LIBOR with respect to such Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations of the Reference Dealers as of 10:00 a.m. (New York time) on the first day of such Interest Period for negotiable U.S. Dollar certificates of deposit of major U.S. money market banks having a remaining maturity closest to the Designated Maturity.
- (v) If the Calculation Agent is required but is unable to determine a rate in accordance with any of the procedures described in clauses (i), (ii) or (iv) above, LIBOR with respect to such Interest Period will be calculated on the last day of such Interest Period and shall be the arithmetic mean of the Base Rate for each day during such Interest Period.

For purposes of clauses (i), (iii), (iv) and (v) above, all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point. For the purposes of clause (ii) above, all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one thirty-second of a percentage point.

As used herein:

"Base Rate" means a fluctuating rate of interest determined by the Calculation Agent as being the rate of interest most recently announced by the Base Rate Reference Bank at its New York office as its base rate, prime rate, reference rate or similar rate for Dollar loans. Changes in the Base Rate will take effect simultaneously with each change in the underlying rate.

"Base Rate Reference Bank" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, or if such bank ceases to exist or is not quoting a base rate, prime rate reference rate or similar rate for Dollar loans, such other major money center commercial bank in New York City, as selected by the Calculation Agent.

"Designated Maturity" means, (a) with respect to Class A-1 Notes (i) for the first Interest Period of a Borrowing made under the Class A-1 Notes, the number of calendar days from, and including, the relevant Borrowing Date to, but excluding, the Quarterly Distribution Date immediately following the Interest Period in which such Borrowing is made, (ii) for each Interest Period after the first Interest Period for a Borrowing made under the Class A-1 Notes (other than the Interest Period ending May 5, 2041), three months and (iii) for the Interest Period ending May 5, 2041, the number of calendar days from, and including, the first day of such Interest Period to, but excluding, the final Quarterly Distribution Date and (b) with respect to Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes and Class C Notes (i) for the first Interest Period, the number of calendar days from, and including the Closing Date to, but excluding, the first Quarterly Distribution Date, (ii) for each Interest Period after the first Interest Period (other than the Interest Period ending May 5, 2041), three months and (iii) for the Interest Period ending May 5, 2041, the number of calendar days from, and including, the first day of such Interest Period to, but excluding, the final Quarterly Distribution Date.

"LIBOR Business Day" means a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in Dollars in New York and London.

"London Banking Day" means a day on which commercial banks are open for business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London.

"Reference Banks" means four major banks in the London interbank market, selected by the Calculation Agent.

"Reference Dealers" means three major dealers in the secondary market for U.S. Dollar certificates of deposit, selected by the Calculation Agent.

For so long as any Note remains outstanding, the Co-Issuers will at all times maintain an agent appointed to calculate LIBOR in respect of each Interest Period. As soon as possible after 11:00 a.m. (London time) on each LIBOR Determination Date, but in no event later than 11:00 a.m. (New York time) on the Business Day immediately following each LIBOR Determination Date, the Calculation Agent will calculate the interest rate for the Notes for the related Interest Period and the amount of interest for such Interest Period payable in respect of each U.S.\$1,000 in principal amount of each Class or Sub-class of Notes (in each case rounded to the nearest cent, with half a cent being rounded upward) on the related Quarterly Distribution Date and will communicate such rates and amounts and the related Quarterly Distribution Date to the Co-Issuers, the Trustee, the Hedge Counterparty, each Paying Agent (other than the Preferred Share Paying Agent), the Depositary, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

The Calculation Agent may be removed by the Co-Issuers at any time. If the Calculation Agent is unable or unwilling to act as such, is removed by the Co-Issuers or fails to determine the interest rate for any Class or Sub-class of Notes or the amount of interest payable in respect of any Class or Sub-class of Notes for any Interest Period, the Co-Issuers will promptly appoint as a replacement Calculation Agent a leading bank that is engaged in transactions in U.S. Dollar deposits in the international Eurodollar market and which does not control and is not controlled by or under common control with either of the Co-Issuers or any affiliate thereof. The Calculation Agent may not resign its duties without a successor having been duly appointed. The

determination of the interest rate for the Notes for each Interest Period by the Calculation Agent shall (in the absence of manifest error) be final and binding upon all parties.

COMMITMENT FEE ON CLASS A-1 NOTES

A commitment fee ("Commitment Fee") will accrue on the unfunded Commitments for each day from and including the Closing Date to but excluding the Commitment Period Termination Date, at a rate per annum equal to 0.05%. Commitment Fee will be payable quarterly in arrears on each Quarterly Distribution Date and will rank *pari passu* with the payment of interest on the Class A-1 Notes. Commitment Fee will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year and the actual number of days elapsed. No Class of Notes other than the Class A-1 Notes will be entitled to a commitment fee.

PRINCIPAL

The Stated Maturity of the Notes is May 5, 2041. Each Class or Sub-class of Notes is scheduled to mature at the applicable Stated Maturity unless redeemed or repaid prior thereto. However, the Notes may be paid in full prior to their Stated Maturity. See "Risk Factors-Average Lives, Duration and Prepayment Considerations" and "Maturity, Prepayment and Yield Considerations". Principal Proceeds will be applied on each Quarterly Distribution Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments to pay principal of each Class or Sub-class of Notes. In addition, Interest Proceeds will be applied to pay principal of the Notes in the following circumstances (subject, in each case, to the Priority of Payments): (a) if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied; (b) on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation after the application of Uninvested Proceeds to pay principal of the Notes, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation; (c) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay Class C Deferred Interest; and (d) certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will on any Quarterly Distribution Date when the Preferred Shareholders have received a specified annualized Dividend Yield be used, prior to the payment of the principal in full of all outstanding Senior Classes of Notes, to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

Any payment of principal with respect to any Class or Sub-class of Notes (including any payment of principal made in connection with an Optional Redemption, Auction Call Redemption or Tax Redemption) will be made by the Trustee on a pro rata basis on each Quarterly Distribution Date among the Notes of such Class or Sub-class according to the respective unpaid principal amounts thereof outstanding immediately prior to such payment.

MANDATORY REDEMPTION

If either Class A/B Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, Interest Proceeds will be used to pay principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, and third, the Class B Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class A/B Coverage Test to be satisfied.

If either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, Interest Proceeds will be used to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes, in accordance with the

Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied. Any such redemption will be effected from Interest Proceeds to the extent necessary to cause the relevant Coverage Test to be satisfied. Any such redemption will be applied to each outstanding Class or Sub-class of Notes as described below under "—Priority of Payments".

In addition, the Issuer will provide each Rating Agency with a Ramp-Up Notice within five Business Days after the Ramp-Up Completion Date occurs. The Issuer will request that each Rating Agency provide a Rating Confirmation. If a Rating Confirmation Failure occurs, on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date the Issuer will be required to apply Uninvested Proceeds and, to the extent that Uninvested Proceeds are insufficient to redeem the Notes in full, Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds, in each case in accordance with the Priority of Payments, to the repayment of, *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, *third*, the Class B Notes, and *fourth*, the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes and the Class C-1C Notes, pro rata (including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest, Class C-1B Deferred Interest and Class C-1C Deferred Interest), to the extent necessary to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each Rating Agency.

If on any Quarterly Distribution Date the Preferred Shareholders have received an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum and the Class C Notes have not been paid in full, Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be released from the lien of the Indenture and paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders will be applied to pay principal of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes (including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest and Class C-1B Deferred Interest) until the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes have been paid in full.

AUCTION CALL REDEMPTION

In accordance with the procedures set forth in the Indenture (the "Auction Procedures"), the Trustee shall, at the expense of the Issuer, conduct an auction (an "Auction") of the Collateral Debt Securities if, on or prior to the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring in May 2013, the Notes have not been redeemed in full. The Auction shall be conducted not later than ten Business Days prior to (1) the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring in May 2013 and (2) if the Notes are not redeemed in full on the prior Quarterly Distribution Date, each Quarterly Distribution Date thereafter until the Notes have been redeemed in full (each such date, an "Auction Date"). Any of the Preferred Shareholders, the Collateral Manager, the Trustee or their respective affiliates may, but shall not be required to, bid at the Auction. The Trustee shall sell and transfer all of the Collateral Debt Securities (which may be divided into up to eight subpools) to the highest bidder therefor (or the highest bidder for each subpool) at the Auction *provided* that:

- (i) the Auction has been conducted in accordance with the Auction Procedures;
- (ii) the Trustee has received bids for the Collateral Debt Securities from at least two qualified bidders who are persons that are Independent from one another and the Issuer, as identified to the Trustee by the Collateral Manager (including the winning qualified bidder) for (x) the purchase of the Collateral Debt Securities or (y) the purchase of subpools of the Collateral Debt Securities designated by the Trustee (in consultation with the Collateral Manager) in accordance with the Auction Procedures;
- (iii) the Trustee has determined that the highest auction price would result in sale proceeds from all of the Collateral Debt Securities (or the related subpools constituting all of the Collateral Debt Securities) which, together with the balance of all Eligible Investments and cash in the Accounts (other than in any Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account, any Synthetic Security Counterparty Account and any Synthetic Security Issuer Account) at least equal to the Total Senior Redemption Amount; and
- (iv) the bidder(s) who offered the highest auction price for the Collateral Debt Securities (or the related subpools) enter(s) into a written agreement with the Issuer (which the Issuer shall execute if the conditions set forth in (i) through (iii) above are satisfied, which execution shall

constitute certification by the Issuer that such conditions have been satisfied) that obligates the highest bidder (or the highest bidder for each subpool) to purchase all of the Collateral Debt Securities (or the relevant subpool) with the closing of such purchase (and full payment in cash to the Trustee) to occur on or prior to the sixth Business Day following the relevant Auction Date.

Provided that all of the conditions set forth in clauses (i) through (iv) have been met, the Trustee shall sell and transfer the Collateral Debt Securities (or the related subpool), without representation, warranty or recourse, to such highest bidder (or the highest bidder for each subpool, as the case may be) in accordance with and upon completion of the Auction Procedures. The Trustee shall deposit the purchase price for the Collateral Debt Securities in the Collection Accounts and (x) redeem the Notes in whole but not in part at the applicable Redemption Price (exclusive of installments of principal, interest and Commitment Fee due on or prior to such date, provided payment of which shall have been made or duly provided for, to the Holders of the Notes as provided in the Indenture), (y) pay the remaining portion of the Total Senior Redemption Amount in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (z) make a payment to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders in an amount equal to any portion of such purchase price remaining after the application contemplated by the foregoing clauses (x) and (y) (but at least equal to the Preferred Share Redemption Date Amount), in each case on the Quarterly Distribution Date immediately following the relevant Auction Date (such redemption, the "Auction Call Redemption").

If any of the foregoing conditions is not met with respect to any Auction or if the highest bidder (or the highest bidder for any subpool, as the case may be) fails to pay the purchase price before the sixth Business Day following the relevant Auction Date, (a) the Auction Call Redemption shall not occur on the Quarterly Distribution Date following the relevant Auction Date, (b) the Trustee shall give notice of the withdrawal, (c) subject to clause (d) below, the Trustee shall decline to consummate such sale and shall not solicit any further bids or otherwise negotiate any further sale of Collateral Debt Securities in relation to such Auction and (d) unless the Notes are redeemed in full prior to the next succeeding Auction Date, the Trustee shall conduct another Auction on the next succeeding Auction Date.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION AND TAX REDEMPTION

Subject to certain conditions described herein, the Issuer may redeem the Notes on any Quarterly Distribution Date (such redemption, an "Optional Redemption"), in whole but not in part, at the direction of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders at the applicable Redemption Price therefor, *provided* that no such Optional Redemption may be effected prior to the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring in May 2009.

In addition, upon the occurrence of a Tax Event and so long as the Tax Materiality Condition is satisfied, the Issuer may redeem the Notes on any Quarterly Distribution Date (such redemption, a "Tax Redemption"), in whole but not in part, at the applicable Redemption Price therefor (i) at the direction of the holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of any Class of Notes that, as a result of the occurrence of a Tax Event, has not received 100% of the aggregate amount of principal and interest payable to such Class on any Quarterly Distribution Date (each such Class, an "Affected Class") or (ii) at the direction of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders.

No Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption may be effected, however, unless proceeds from the sale of Collateral Debt Securities and Eligible Investments, together with all cash credited to the Interest Collection Account, the Principal Collection Account, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account, the Uninvested Proceeds Account, the Interest Reserve Account, the Expense Account and the Payment Account on the relevant Quarterly Distribution Date are at least equal the amount sufficient to pay (in accordance with the Priority of Payments) the Total Senior Redemption Amount.

Unless a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders have directed the Issuer to redeem the Preferred Shares on such Quarterly Distribution Date, the amount of Collateral sold in connection with such Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption shall not exceed the amount necessary for the Issuer to obtain the Total Senior

Redemption Amount. In addition, no Tax Redemption may be effected unless the Tax Materiality Condition is satisfied.

Notwithstanding the immediately preceding paragraph, in connection with any Tax Redemption, holders of at least 100% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of an Affected Class of Notes may elect to receive less than 100% of the portion of the Total Senior Redemption Amount that would otherwise be payable to holders of such Affected Class (and the Total Senior Redemption Amount will be reduced accordingly).

REDEMPTION PROCEDURES

Notice of redemption will be given by first-class mail, postage prepaid, mailed not less than 10 Business Days prior to the date scheduled for redemption (with respect to such Auction Call Redemption, Optional Redemption, or Tax Redemption, the "Redemption Date"), to each holder of Notes at such holder's address in the register maintained by the registrar under the Indenture and to the Hedge Counterparty. In addition, the Trustee will, if and for so long as any Notes remain outstanding, (i) cause notice of each Auction Call Redemption, Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption to be delivered to the offices of each Rating Agency not less than 10 Business Days prior to the Redemption Date and (ii) promptly notify each Rating Agency of such Auction Call Redemption, Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption. Notes must be surrendered at the offices of any Paying Agent under the Indenture in order to receive the applicable Redemption Price, unless the holder provides (i) an undertaking to surrender such Note thereafter and (ii) in the case of a holder that is not a Qualified Institutional Buyer, such security or indemnity as may be required by the Co-Issuers or the Trustee.

The Notes may not be redeemed pursuant to an Auction Call Redemption, Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption unless at least six Business Days before the scheduled Redemption Date, the Issuer shall have furnished to the Trustee, the holders of the Notes of the Controlling Class and the Hedge Counterparty evidence, in form satisfactory to the Trustee, that the Issuer has entered into a binding agreement or agreements with a financial institution or institutions whose long-term unsecured debt obligations (other than such obligations whose rating is based on the credit of a person other than such institution) have a credit rating from each Rating Agency at least equal to the rating of the Notes or whose short-term unsecured debt obligations have a credit rating of "P-1" by Moody's (and, if rated "P-1", are not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "F1" by Fitch to sell, not later than the Business Day immediately preceding the scheduled Redemption Date, all or part of the Collateral Debt Securities at a purchase price, when added to all cash and Eligible Investments maturing on or prior to the scheduled Redemption Date credited to the Interest Collection Account, the Principal Collection Account, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account, the Uninvested Proceeds Account, the Interest Reserve Account, the Expense Account and the Payment Account on the relevant Quarterly Distribution Date, will equal or exceed the Total Senior Redemption Amount.

Any such notice of redemption must be withdrawn by the Issuer up to the sixth Business Day prior to the scheduled Redemption Date by written notice to the Trustee, the Hedge Counterparty and the holders of the Notes of the Controlling Class if on or prior to such date (i) the Issuer has not delivered to the Trustee a certification that in its judgment based on calculations included in such certification, (1) the sale proceeds from the sale of one or more of the Collateral Debt Securities and all cash and proceeds from Eligible Investments will be sufficient to pay the Total Senior Redemption Amount, (2) an approved pricing service has confirmed each sales price contained in such certification (if such price is quoted on an approved pricing service) and (3) the sale price of such Collateral Debt Security is no lower than the median of bona fide bids for such Collateral Debt Security obtained by the Collateral Manager as contemplated by clause (i) of the definition of "Fair Market Value" and, otherwise, the Fair Market Value of such Collateral Debt Security or (ii) the Independent accountants appointed by the Issuer have not confirmed in writing the calculations made in such certification. During the period when a notice of redemption may be withdrawn, the Issuer shall not terminate any Hedge Agreement and if any Hedge Agreement shall become subject to early termination during such period, the Issuer shall enter into a replacement Hedge Agreement. Notice of any such withdrawal shall be given by the Trustee to each holder of Notes at such holder's address in the Note Register maintained by the Note Registrar under the Indenture by overnight courier guaranteeing next day delivery, sent not later than the sixth Business Day prior to the scheduled Redemption Date.

CANCELLATION

All Notes that are redeemed or paid and surrendered for cancellation as described herein will forthwith be canceled and may not be reissued or resold.

PAYMENTS

Payments in respect of principal of, interest on and Commitment Fee on any Note will be made to the person in whose name such Note is registered fifteen days prior to the applicable Quarterly Distribution Date (the "Record Date"). Payments on each Note will be payable by wire transfer in immediately available funds to a Dollar account maintained by the holder thereof in accordance with wire transfer instructions received by any paying agent appointed under the Indenture (each, a "Paying Agent") on or before the Record Date or, if no wire transfer instructions are received by a Paying Agent in respect of such Note, by a Dollar check drawn on a bank in the United States mailed to the address of the holder of such Note as it appears on the Note Register at the close of business on the Record Date for such payment. Final payments in respect of principal of the Notes will be made against surrender of such Notes at the office of the Paying Agent.

If any payment on the Notes is due on a day that is not a Business Day, then payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on the date for payment. For this purpose, "Business Day" means a day on which commercial banks and (if applicable) foreign exchange markets settle payments in each of New York, New York and London, England and any other city in which the corporate trust office of the Trustee is located and, in the case of the final payment of principal of any Note, the place of presentation of such Note.

Except as otherwise required by applicable law, any money deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent in trust for the payment of principal of or interest or Commitment Fee on any Note and remaining unclaimed for two years after such principal or interest has become due and payable shall be paid to the Issuer upon request by the Issuer therefor, and the holder of such Note shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look to the Issuer or the Co-Issuer for payment of such amounts and all liability of the Trustee or such Paying Agent with respect to such trust money shall thereupon cease. The Trustee or the Paying Agent, before being required to make any such release of payment may, at the request of the Issuer, adopt and employ, at the expense of the Co-Issuers, any reasonable means of notification of such release of payment, including mailing notice of such release to holders whose Notes have been called but have not been surrendered for redemption or whose right to or interest in monies due and payable but not claimed is determinable from the records of any Paying Agent, at the last address of record of each such holder.

PRIORITY OF PAYMENTS

With respect to any Quarterly Distribution Date, collections received on the Collateral during each Due Period will be divided into Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds and applied in the priority set forth below under "—Interest Proceeds" and "—Principal Proceeds", respectively (collectively, the "Priority of Payments").

<u>Interest Proceeds</u>. On each Quarterly Distribution Date, Interest Proceeds with respect to the related Due Period will be distributed in the order of priority set forth below:

- (1) to the payment of taxes and filing and registration fees owed by the Co-Issuers, if any;
- (2) (a) first, to the payment to the Trustee an amount not to exceed 0.00225% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on the first day of such Due Period; (b) second, to the payment, in the following order, to the Trustee, Collateral Administrator, the Preferred Share Paying Agent, the Combination Security Trustee, the Note Registrar, the Combination Security Registrar, the Administrator, the Rating Agencies, the Settlor, the Placement Agent, counsel and accountants of any fixed accrued and unpaid Administrative Expenses, provided that all payments made pursuant to this subclause (b) do not exceed on such Quarterly Distribution Date U.S.\$100,000; (c) third, to the payment, in the following order, to the Trustee, Collateral

Administrator, the Preferred Share Paying Agent, the Combination Security Trustee, the Note Registrar, the Combination Security Registrar, the Administrator, the Rating Agencies, the Settlor, the Placement Agent, counsel, accountants, the Collateral Manager and any other third parties of any other accrued and unpaid Administrative Expenses, **provided** that the aggregate amount of all payments made pursuant to subclause (b) above and this subclause (c) do not exceed on such Quarterly Distribution Date U.S.\$100,000; and (d) *fourth*, if the balance of all Eligible Investments and cash in the Expense Account on the related Determination Date is less than U.S.\$100,000, for deposit to the Expense Account of an amount equal to the lesser of (x) the amount, if any, by which U.S.\$100,000 exceeds the aggregate amount of payments made under subclauses (b) and (c) above on such Quarterly Distribution Date and (y) such amount as would have caused the balance of all Eligible Investments and cash in the Expense Account immediately after such deposit to equal U.S.\$100,000;

- (3) to the payment to the Collateral Manager of accrued and unpaid Senior Management Fee;
- (4) to the payment of all amounts scheduled to be paid to any Hedge Counterparty pursuant to any Hedge Agreement, together with any termination payments (and any accrued interest thereon) payable by the Issuer pursuant to any Hedge Agreement other than by reason of an "event of default" or "termination event" (other than an "illegality" or "tax event") as to which the Hedge Counterparty party thereto is the sole "defaulting party" or the sole "affected party" (as each such term is defined in the relevant Hedge Agreement);
- (5) to the payment of the Interest Distribution Amount and Commitment Fee Amount with respect to the Class A-1 Notes;
- (6) to the payment of the Interest Distribution Amount with respect to the Class A-2 Notes;
- (7) to the payment of the Interest Distribution Amount with respect to the Class B Notes;
- (8) (a) if either Class A/B Coverage Test is not satisfied on the related Determination Date and if any Class A Note or Class B Note remains outstanding, to the payment of principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, and third, the Class B Notes to the extent necessary to cause such Class A/B Coverage Test to be satisfied, and (b) commencing on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation after the application of Uninvested Proceeds to pay principal of the Notes, to the payment of principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, third, the Class B Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation;
- (9) to the payment of the Interest Distribution Amount with respect to the Class C Notes;
- (10) if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the related Determination Date and if any Class C Note remains outstanding, to the payment of principal of the Class C Notes (including any Class C Deferred Interest), to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied, and (b) on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation after the application of Uninvested Proceeds to pay principal of the Notes, to the payment of principal of the Class C Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation;
- (11) to the payment of Class C Deferred Interest (in reduction of the principal amount of the Class C Notes);

- (12) to the payment of all other accrued and unpaid Administrative Expenses of the Co-Issuers not paid pursuant to clause (2) above (whether as the result of the limitations on amounts set forth therein or otherwise) and payable in the same order of priority specified therein;
- (13) to the payment to the Collateral Manager of accrued and unpaid Subordinate Management Fee;
- (14) to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders in an amount up to the amount necessary to achieve an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum on such Quarterly Distribution Date;
- (15) to the payment of principal (pro rata in accordance with their aggregate outstanding amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes until such Class of Notes has been paid in full; and
- (16) to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders as a dividend on the Preferred Shares or as a payment on redemption or repurchase of the Preferred Shares, in each case, as provided in the Issuer Charter.

<u>Principal Proceeds</u>. On each Quarterly Distribution Date, Principal Proceeds with respect to the related Due Period will be distributed in the order of priority set forth below:

- (1) to the payment of the amounts referred to in paragraphs (1) to (7) under "Priority of Payments— Interest Proceeds" above in the same order of priority specified therein, but only to the extent not paid in full thereunder;
- (2) after giving effect to any application of (x) Uninvested Proceeds and (y) Interest Proceeds pursuant to paragraphs (8), (10) and (15) under "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds", (a) if either Class A/B Coverage Test is not satisfied on the related Determination Date and if any Class A Note or Class B Note remains outstanding, to the payment of principal of, *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, *third*, the Class B Notes to the extent necessary to cause such Class A/B Coverage Test to be satisfied, (b) if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the related Determination Date and if any Class A Note or Class B Note remains outstanding, to the payment of principal of, *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, and *third*, the Class B Notes to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied, and (c) commencing on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the occurrence of a Rating Confirmation Failure, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation, to the payment of principal of, *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, and *third*, the Class B Notes to the extent specified by each relevant Rating Agency in order to obtain a Rating Confirmation;
- (3) if such Quarterly Distribution Date occurs during a Sequential Pay Period, to the payment of principal of, *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, and *third*, the Class B Notes, in each case, until such Class of Notes is paid in full;
- (4) if such Quarterly Distribution Date does not occur during a Sequential Pay Period, to the payment of principal (pro rata in accordance with their aggregate outstanding amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes and Class B Notes, in an aggregate amount up to the Class A/B Pro Rata Principal Payment Cap for such Quarterly Distribution Date; provided that, for this purpose, the Class A-1 Notes shall be deemed to have been fully issued prior to the first Quarterly Distribution Date;
- (5) to the payment of the amount referred to in paragraph (9) under "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds" above, but only to the extent not paid in full thereunder;

- (6) after giving effect to any application of (x) Uninvested Proceeds, (y) Interest Proceeds pursuant to paragraphs (8), (10) and (15) under "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds" and (z) Principal Proceeds pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (5) above, if such Quarterly Distribution Date does not occur during a Sequential Pay Period, if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the related Determination Date and if any Class C Note remains outstanding, to the payment of principal of the Class C notes (including Class C Deferred Interest) to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied;
- (7) if such Quarterly Distribution Date does not occur during a Sequential Pay Period to the payment of principal (pro rata in accordance with their aggregate outstanding amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C-1A Notes (including Class C-1A Deferred Interest) and Class C-1B Notes (including Class C-1B Deferred Interest) until the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes have been paid in full;
- (8) to the payment of principal (pro rata in accordance with their aggregate outstanding amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes (including Class C Deferred Interest) until the Class C Notes have been paid in full;
- (9) to the payment of the amounts referred to in paragraphs (12) and (13) under "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds", but only to the extent not paid in full thereunder; and
- (10) to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders as a dividend on the Preferred Shares or as a payment on redemption or repurchase of the Preferred Shares, in each case, as provided in the Issuer Charter.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Priority of Payments, if on any Quarterly Distribution Date, the amount available in the Payment Account from amounts received in the related Due Period are insufficient to make the full amount of the disbursements required by any paragraph in this section to different Persons, the Trustee will make the disbursements called for by each such paragraph ratably in accordance with the respective amounts of such disbursements then due and payable to the extent funds are available therefor.

Any amounts to be paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent pursuant to paragraph (14) or (16) of the "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds" or paragraph (10) of the "Priority of Payments—Principal Proceeds" will be released from the lien of the Indenture.

If the Notes and the Preferred Shares have not been redeemed prior to the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring in May, 2041 it is expected that the Issuer will sell all of the Collateral Debt Securities and all Eligible Investments standing to the credit of the Accounts (other than any Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account, any Synthetic Security Issuer Account and Synthetic Security Counterparty Account) and sell or liquidate all other Collateral, and all net proceeds from such liquidation and all available cash will be applied to the payment (in the order of priorities set forth above) of all (i) fees, (ii) expenses (including the amounts due to the Hedge Counterparty), (iii) Commitment Fee on the Class A-1 Notes and principal of and interest on (including Class C Deferred Interest, Defaulted Interest and interest on Defaulted Interest, if any) the Notes. Net proceeds from such liquidation and available cash remaining (after all payments required pursuant to the Indenture and the payment of the costs and expenses of such liquidation, the establishment of adequate reserves to meet all contingent, unliquidated liabilities or obligations of the Issuer, the payment to the Preferred Shareholders of the Issuer by, and the payment of a U.S.\$1,000 profit fee to, the owner of the Issuer's ordinary shares) will be distributed to the Preferred Shareholders in accordance with the Issuer Charter.

THE COVERAGE TESTS

In addition to the requirements to satisfy the Eligibility Criteria and the Collateral Quality Tests as of the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Issuer is required to satisfy each of the Coverage Tests as of the Ramp-Up Completion Date. The failure so to satisfy any of the Coverage Tests as of the Ramp-Up Completion Date does

not constitute an Event of Default but such failure may result in a Rating Confirmation Failure and, consequently, the repayment or redemption of a portion of the Notes from Interest Proceeds in accordance with the Priority of Payments. See "Risk Factors—Nature of Collateral" and "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption".

On and after the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Class A/B Interest Coverage Test, Class A/B Overcollateralization Test (together with the Class A/B Interest Coverage Test, the "Class A/B Coverage Tests"), the Class C Interest Coverage Test and the Class C Overcollateralization Test (together with the Class C Interest Coverage Test, the "Class C Coverage Tests" and, together with the Class A/B Coverage Tests, collectively, the "Coverage Tests") will be used primarily to determine whether and to what extent Interest Proceeds may be used to pay interest on and dividends in respect of Offered Securities Subordinate to such Class and certain other expenses. If either Class A/B Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be used to pay interest on the Class C Notes, to make distributions to the Preferred Shareholders and to pay certain other expenses must instead be used to pay principal of, first, the Class A-1 Notes, second, the Class A-2 Notes, and third, the Class B Notes, to the extent necessary to cause such Class A/B Coverage Test to be satisfied. In addition, if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be used to make distributions to the Preferred Shareholders and to pay certain other expenses must instead be used to pay (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) principal of the Class C Notes. See "-Priority of Payments". For the purpose of determining any payment to be made on any Quarterly Distribution Date pursuant to any applicable paragraph of "Priority of Payments-Interest Proceeds", either Coverage Test referred to in such paragraph shall be calculated as of the relevant Quarterly Distribution Date after giving effect to all payments to be made on such Quarterly Distribution Date prior to such payment in accordance with "Priority of Payments-Interest Proceeds".

For purposes of the Coverage Tests, unless otherwise specified, a Synthetic Security will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the Synthetic Security and not of the related Reference Obligation. None of the Coverage Tests will apply prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date.

The Class A/B Overcollateralization Test and the Class C Overcollateralization Test

The "Class A/B Overcollateralization Ratio" is, as of any Measurement Date, the number (expressed as a percentage) calculated by <u>dividing</u> (a) the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on such Measurement Date <u>by</u> (b) the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class A-1 Notes <u>plus</u> (ii) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class B Notes.

The "Class A/B Overcollateralization Test", for so long as any Class A Notes or Class B Notes remain outstanding, will be satisfied on any Measurement Date occurring on or after the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Class A/B Overcollateralization Ratio on such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than 102.52%.

The "Class C Overcollateralization Ratio" is, as of any Measurement Date, the number (expressed as a percentage) calculated by <u>dividing</u> (a) the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on such Measurement Date <u>by</u> (b) the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class A-1 Notes <u>plus</u> (ii) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class B Notes <u>plus</u> (iv) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1A Notes (including Class C-1A Deferred Interest) <u>plus</u> (v) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1B Notes (including Class C-1B Deferred Interest) <u>plus</u> (vi) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Class C-1C Notes (including Class C-1C Deferred Interest).

The "Class C Overcollateralization Test", for so long as any Class C Notes remain outstanding, will be satisfied on any Measurement Date occurring on or after the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Class C Overcollateralization Ratio on such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than 100.41%.

The Class A/B Interest Coverage Test and the Class C Interest Coverage Test

The "Class A/B Interest Coverage Ratio" as of any Measurement Date will be calculated by dividing:

- (a) the sum (without duplication) of (i) the scheduled distributions of interest due (in each case regardless of whether the applicable due date has yet occurred) in the Due Period in which such Measurement Date occurs on (x) the Pledged Collateral Debt Securities and (y) any Eligible Investments held in each Account (except the Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account and each Synthetic Security Issuer Account and in the case of each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, only to the extent the Issuer is entitled to receive such interest), in each case, whether such Eligible Investments were purchased with Interest Proceeds or Principal Proceeds plus (ii) any fees actually received by the Issuer during such Due Period that constitute Interest Proceeds plus (iii) the amount, if any, in the Interest Reserve Account plus (iv) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the Issuer by the Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period minus (v) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the payment of taxes and filing and registration fees owed by the Co Issuers on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period minus (vi) the sum of (a) the aggregate of all amounts owing under clause (a) of paragraph (2) under "Priority of Payments-Interest Proceeds" on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period and (b) the aggregate of all amounts owing under clauses (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph (2) under "Priority of Payments-Interest Proceeds" on such Quarterly Distribution Date (but not to exceed U.S.\$100,000) minus (vii) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the Collateral Manager of accrued and unpaid Senior Management Fee minus (viii) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period; by
- (b) the sum of the Interest Distribution Amount and Commitment Fee Amount for the Class A-1 Notes, the Class A-2 Notes, the Class B Notes, and the Class C Notes payable on the Quarterly Distribution Date immediately following such Measurement Date relating to such Due Period.

If the calculation of the Class A/B Interest Coverage Ratio produces a negative number, the Class A/B Interest Coverage Ratio shall be deemed to be equal to zero.

The "Class A/B Interest Coverage Test" means, for so long as any Class A Notes or Class B Notes remain outstanding, a test satisfied on any Measurement Date occurring on or after the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Class A/B Interest Coverage Ratio as of such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than 102.00%.

The "Class C Interest Coverage Ratio" as of any Measurement Date will be calculated by dividing:

(a) the sum (without duplication) of (i) the scheduled distributions of interest due (in each case regardless of whether the applicable due date has yet occurred) in the Due Period in which such Measurement Date occurs on (x) the Pledged Collateral Debt Securities and (y) any Eligible Investments held in each Account (except the Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account and each Synthetic Security Issuer Account and in the case of each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, only to the extent the Issuer is entitled to receive such interest), in each case, whether such Eligible Investments were purchased with Interest Proceeds or Principal Proceeds plus (ii) any fees actually received by the Issuer during such Due Period that constitute Interest Proceeds plus (iii) the amount, if any, in the Interest Reserve Account plus (iv) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the Issuer by the Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period minus (v) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the payment of taxes and filing and registration fees owed by the Co Issuers on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period minus (vi) the sum of (a) the aggregate of all amounts owing under clause (a) of paragraph (2) under "Priority of Payments-Interest Proceeds" on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period and (B) the aggregate of all amounts owing under clauses (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph (2) under "Priority of Payments— Interest Proceeds" on such Quarterly Distribution Date (but not to exceed U.S.\$100,000) minus (vii) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the Collateral Manager of accrued and unpaid Senior Management Fee minus (viii) the amount, if any, scheduled to be paid to the Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement on the Quarterly Distribution Date relating to such Due Period; by

(b) the sum of the Interest Distribution Amount and Commitment Fee Amount for the Class A-1 Notes, the Class A-2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes payable on the Quarterly Distribution Date immediately following such Measurement Date relating to such Due Period.

If the calculation of the Class C Interest Coverage Ratio produces a negative number, the Class C Interest Coverage Ratio shall be deemed to be equal to zero.

The "Class C Interest Coverage Test" means, for so long as any Class C Notes remain outstanding, a test satisfied on any Measurement Date occurring on or after the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Class C Interest Coverage Ratio as of such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than 100.00%.

For purposes of calculating the Class A/B Interest Coverage Ratio or the Class C Interest Coverage Ratio, (i) the expected interest income on floating rate Collateral Debt Securities, Eligible Investments and under the Hedge Agreement, and the expected interest payable on the Notes, and amounts, if any, payable under the Hedge Agreement will be calculated using the interest rates applicable thereto on the applicable Measurement Date, (ii) accrued original issue discount on Eligible Investments will be deemed to be a scheduled interest payment thereon due on the date such original issue discount is scheduled to be paid and (iii) it will be assumed that no principal payments are made on the Notes during the applicable periods, that no Borrowings are made on under the Class A-1 Notes during the applicable period and that the Designated Maturity of any outstanding Borrowing will remain constant.

For the purpose of determining compliance with the Class A/B Interest Coverage Test or the Class C Interest Coverage Test, there shall be excluded all payments in respect of Defaulted Securities and Equity Securities and all other scheduled payments (whether of principal, interest, fees or other amounts) including payments to the Issuer under any Hedge Agreement, as to which the Trustee has actual knowledge will not be made in cash or will not be received when due.

No Gross-Up

All payments made by the Issuer under the Notes will be made without any deduction or withholding for or on the account of any tax unless such deduction or withholding is required by applicable law, as modified by the practice of any relevant governmental revenue authority, then in effect. If the Issuer is so required to deduct or withhold, then the Issuer will not be obligated to pay any additional amounts in respect of such withholding or deduction.

THE INDENTURE

The following summary describes certain provisions of the Indenture. The summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the provisions of the Indenture.

Events of Default

An "Event of Default" is defined in the Indenture as:

(i) a default in the payment of any interest or Commitment Fee (a) on any Class A Note or Class B Note when the same becomes due and payable or (b) if there are no Class A Notes or Class B Notes outstanding, on any Class C Note when the same becomes due and payable, in each case which default continues for a period of three Business Days (or, in the case of a payment default resulting solely from an administrative error or omission by the Trustee, the Administrator, a Paying Agent (other than the Preferred Share Paying Agent) or the Note Registrar, five Business Days);

- (ii) a default in the payment of principal of any Note when the same becomes due and payable at its Stated Maturity or Redemption Date (or, in the case of a payment default resulting solely from an administrative error or omission by the Trustee, the Administrator, Paying Agent (other than the Preferred Share Paying Agent) or the Note Registrar, such default continues for a period of five Business Days);
- (iii) the failure on any Quarterly Distribution Date to disburse amounts available in the Interest Collection Account or Principal Collection Account in accordance with the order of priority set forth above under "—Priority of Payments" (other than a default in payment described in clause (i) or (ii) above), which failure continues for a period of two Business Days (or, in the case of a failure resulting solely from an administrative error or omission by the Trustee, the Administrator, a Paying Agent (other than the Preferred Share Paying Agent) or the Note Registrar, five Business Days);
- (iv) either of the Co-Issuers or the pool of Collateral becomes an investment company required to be registered under the Investment Company Act;
- (v) a default in the performance, or breach, of any other covenant or other agreement (it being understood that a failure to satisfy a Collateral Quality Test, a Coverage Test or the Eligibility Criteria is not a default or breach) of the Issuer or the Co-Issuer under the Indenture or any representation or warranty of the Issuer or the Co-Issuer made in the Indenture or in any certificate or other writing delivered pursuant thereto or in connection therewith proves to be incorrect in any material respect when made, and the continuation of such default or breach for a period of 30 consecutive days (or, if such default, breach or failure has an adverse effect on the validity, perfection or priority of the security interest granted under the Indenture, 15 days) after any of the Issuer or the Co-Issuer has actual knowledge thereof or after notice thereof to the Issuer by the Trustee or to the Issuer and the Trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate outstanding principal amount of Notes of the Controlling Class or by the Hedge Counterparty, in each case, specifying such default or breach and requiring it to be remedied and stating that it is a "notice of default" under the Indenture;
- (vi) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or reorganization of either of the Co-Issuers (as set forth in the Indenture); or
- (vii) one or more final judgments being rendered against either of the Co-Issuers that exceed, in the aggregate, U.S.\$1,000,000 (or such lesser amount as any Rating Agency may specify) and which remain unstayed, undischarged and unsatisfied for 30 days after such judgment(s) becomes nonappealable, unless adequate funds have been reserved or set aside for the payment thereof.

If either of the Co-Issuers obtains knowledge, or has reason to believe, that an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, such Co-Issuer is obligated to promptly notify the Trustee, the Preferred Share Paying Agent, the Noteholders, the Collateral Manager, the Hedge Counterparty and each Rating Agency of such Event of Default in writing.

If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing (other than an Event of Default described in clause (vi) under "Events of Default" above), the Trustee (at the direction of the holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Controlling Class) and otherwise holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Controlling Class, may (a) declare the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on and Commitment Fee on all of the Notes to be immediately due and payable and (b) reduce the unfunded Commitments to zero. If an Event of Default described in clause (vi) above under "Events of Default" occurs, such an acceleration and reduction of Commitments will occur automatically and without any further action. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the sole Event of Default is an Event of Default described in clause (i) or clause (ii) above under "Events of Default" with respect to a default in the payment of any principal of or interest or Commitment Fee on the Notes of a Class other than the Controlling Class, neither the Trustee nor the holders of such Class other than the Controlling Class will have the right to declare such principal and other amounts to be immediately due and payable. Any declaration of acceleration may under certain circumstances

be rescinded by the holders of at least a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of Notes of the Controlling Class.

If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing when any Note is outstanding, the Trustee will retain the Collateral intact and collect all payments in respect of the Collateral and continue making payments in the manner described under "—Priority of Payments" unless:

- (A) the Trustee determines that the anticipated net proceeds of a sale or liquidation of such Collateral would be sufficient to discharge in full the amounts then due and unpaid on the Notes for principal and interest (including Class C Deferred Interest and Defaulted Interest) and Commitment Fee and certain due and unpaid administrative expenses, and any accrued and unpaid amounts payable by the Issuer pursuant to any Hedge Agreement, including termination payments, if any (assuming, for this purpose, that a Hedge Agreement has been terminated by reason of an event of default or termination with respect to the Issuer); or
- (B) the holders of at least 66-2/3% in aggregate outstanding principal amount of each Class of Notes voting as a separate Class and the Hedge Counterparty (unless no early termination or liquidation payment, including any accrued and unpaid amounts, would be owing by the Issuer to such Hedge Counterparty upon the termination thereof by reason of an event of default under the relevant Hedge Agreement with respect to the Issuer), subject to the provisions of the Indenture, authorize the sale of the Collateral.

The holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of Notes of the Controlling Class will have the right to direct the Trustee in the conduct of any proceedings for any remedy available to the Trustee, *provided* that (i) such direction will not conflict with any rule of law or the Indenture; (ii) the Trustee may take any other action not inconsistent with such direction; (iii) the Trustee has been provided with indemnity satisfactory to it (and the Trustee need not take any action that it determines might involve it in liability unless it has received such indemnity against such liability); and (iv) any direction to undertake a sale of the Collateral may be made only as described in the preceding paragraph.

Pursuant to the Indenture, as security for the payment by the Issuer of the compensation and expenses of the Trustee and any sums the Trustee may be entitled to receive as indemnification by the Issuer, the Issuer will grant the Trustee a lien on the Collateral, which lien is senior to the lien of the Secured Parties. The Trustee's lien will be exercisable by the Trustee only if the Notes have been declared due and payable following an Event of Default and such acceleration has not been rescinded or annulled.

Subject to the provisions of the Indenture relating to the duties of the Trustee, in case an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the Indenture at the request of any holders of any of the Notes, unless such holders have offered to the Trustee reasonable security or indemnity.

The holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of Notes of the Controlling Class, acting together with the Hedge Counterparty, may, prior to the time a judgment or decree for the payment of money due has been obtained by the Trustee, waive any past default on behalf of the holders of all the Notes and its consequences (including rescinding the acceleration of the Notes), except a default in the payment of the principal of any Note or in the payment of interest (including any Defaulted Interest or interest on Defaulted Interest) on the Notes, in respect of a provision of the Indenture that cannot be modified or amended without the waiver or consent of the holder of each outstanding Note affected thereby, or arising as a result of an Event of Default described in clause (vi) above under "Events of Default".

No holder of a Note will have the right to institute any proceeding with respect to the Indenture unless (i) such holder previously has given to the Trustee written notice of an Event of Default, (ii) except in certain cases of a default in the payment of principal or interest, the holders of at least 25% in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes of the Controlling Class have made a written request upon the Trustee to institute such proceedings in its own name as Trustee and such holders have offered the Trustee reasonable indemnity,

(iii) the Trustee has for 30 days failed to institute any such proceeding and (iv) no direction inconsistent with such written request has been given to the Trustee during such 30-day period by the holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes of the Controlling Class.

If the Trustee shall receive conflicting or inconsistent requests (each with indemnity provisions) from two or more groups of holders of the Notes of the Controlling Class, each representing less than a majority of the Controlling Class, the Trustee shall follow the instructions of the group representing the higher percentage of interest in the Controlling Class.

In determining whether the holders of the requisite percentage of Notes have given any direction, notice, consent or waiver, Notes owned by the Issuer, the Co-Issuer or any affiliate thereof shall be disregarded and deemed not to be outstanding.

Notices

Notices to the Noteholders will be given by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the registered holders of the Notes at their address appearing in the Note Register.

Modification of the Indenture

With the consent of (x) the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the outstanding Notes of each Class or Sub-class materially and adversely affected thereby and a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders (if the Preferred Shares are materially and adversely affected thereby) and (y) the consent of the Hedge Counterparty (to the extent required pursuant to the terms of the Hedge Agreement), the Trustee and Co-Issuers may enter into one or more supplemental indentures to add provisions to, or change in any manner or eliminate any provisions of, the Indenture or modify in any manner the rights of the holders of the Notes of such Class or Sub-class or the Preferred Shares or such Hedge Counterparty, as the case may be, under the Indenture. Unless notified by holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of any Class or Sub-class of Notes or a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders that such Class or Sub-class of Notes or the Preferred Shares, as the case may be, will be materially and adversely affected, the Trustee shall be entitled to rely on an opinion of Counsel as to whether or not such Class or Sub-class of Notes (including the interests therein of any person who has delivered notice of its interest in the Class A-1 Notes pursuant to the Indenture) would be materially and adversely affected or the Preferred Shares would be materially and adversely affected by such change (after giving notice of such change to the holders of such Class or Sub-class of Notes and the Preferred Shareholders). Such determination shall be conclusive and binding on all present and future holders of the Notes and Preferred Shares.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustee may not enter into any supplemental indenture without the consent of each holder of each outstanding Note of each Class materially and adversely affected thereby and each Preferred Shareholder (if the Preferred Shareholders are materially and adversely affected thereby, which consent shall be evidenced by an officer's certificate of the Issuer certifying that such consent has been obtained) and the Hedge Counterparty (to the extent required pursuant to the terms of the Hedge Agreement) if such supplemental indenture (i) changes the Stated Maturity of the principal of or the due date of any installment of interest or Commitment Fee on any Note, reduces the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest or rate of Commitment Fee thereon, or the redemption price with respect thereto, changes the earliest date on which the Issuer may redeem any Note, changes the provisions of the Indenture relating to the application of proceeds of any Collateral to the payment of principal of or interest or Commitment Fee on the Notes, changes any place where, or the coin or currency in which, any Note or the principal thereof or interest or Commitment Fee thereon is payable, or impairs the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after the Stated Maturity thereof (or, in the case of redemption, on or after the applicable redemption date), (ii) reduces the percentage in aggregate outstanding principal amount of holders of Notes of each Class whose consent is required for the authorization of any supplemental indenture or for any waiver of compliance with certain provisions of the Indenture or certain defaults thereunder or their consequences, (iii) impairs or adversely affects the Collateral pledged under the Indenture except as otherwise permitted thereby. (iv) permits the creation of any lien ranking prior to or on a parity with the lien created by the Indenture with respect to any part of the

Collateral or terminates such lien on any property at any time subject thereto or deprives the holder of any Note of the security afforded by the lien created by the Indenture, (v) reduces the percentage of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of holders of Notes of each Class whose consent is required to request that the Trustee preserve the Collateral pledged under the Indenture or rescind the Trustee's election to preserve the Collateral or to sell or liquidate the Collateral pursuant to the Indenture, (vi) modifies any of the provisions of the Indenture with respect to supplemental indentures requiring the consent of Noteholders except to increase the percentage of outstanding Notes whose holders' consent is required for any such action or to provide that other provisions of the Indenture cannot be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of each outstanding Note affected thereby, (vii) modifies the definition of the term "Outstanding" (as defined in the Indenture) or the subordination provisions of the Indenture, (viii) changes the permitted minimum denominations of any Class or Sub-class of Notes or (ix) modifies any of the provisions of the Indenture in such a manner as to affect the calculation of the amount of any payment of interest or Commitment Fee on or principal of any Note or the right of the holders of Notes to the benefit of any provisions for the redemption of such Notes contained therein. The Trustee may not enter into any supplemental indenture unless the Rating Condition shall have been satisfied with respect to such supplemental indenture.

The Co-Issuers and the Trustee may also enter into supplemental indentures without obtaining the consent of holders of any Notes, the Preferred Shareholders or any Hedge Counterparty in order to (i) evidence the succession of any person to the Issuer or the Co-Issuer and the assumption by such successor of the covenants in the Indenture and the Notes, (ii) add to the covenants of the Co-Issuers or the Trustee for the benefit of the holders of all of the Notes or to surrender any right or power conferred upon the Co-Issuers, (iii) convey, transfer, assign, mortgage or pledge any property to the Trustee for the benefit of the Secured Parties, (iv) evidence and provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee and to add to or change any of the provisions of the Indenture as shall be necessary to facilitate the administration of the trusts under the Indenture by more than one Trustee, (v) correct or amplify the description of any property at any time subject to the lien created by the Indenture, or to better assure, convey and confirm unto the Trustee any property subject or required to be subject to the lien created by the Indenture (including, without limitation, any and all actions necessary or desirable as a result of changes in law or regulations) or to subject to the lien created by the Indenture any additional property, (vi) modify the restrictions on and procedures for resales and other transfers of the Notes to reflect any changes in applicable law or regulation (or the interpretation thereof) or in accordance with the USA PATRIOT Act, the Proceeds of Criminal Conduct Law (2001 Revision) (enacted in the Cayman Islands), The Money Laundering Regulations, (2003 Revision) of the Cayman Islands and any other similar applicable laws or regulations or to enable the Co-Issuers to rely upon any less restrictive exemption from registration under the Securities Act or the Investment Company Act or to remove restrictions on resale and transfer to the extent not required thereunder, (vii) correct any inconsistency, defect or ambiguity in the Indenture, (viii) to obtain ratings on one or more Classes or Sub-classes of Notes from any rating agency; (ix) to make administrative changes as the Co-Issuers deem appropriate and that do not materially and adversely affect the interests of any Noteholder, Preferred Shareholder or Hedge Counterparty, (x) to avoid imposition of tax on the net income of the Issuer or to avoid the Issuer or the Co-Issuer being required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act, (xi) to accommodate the issuance of any Class or Sub-class of Notes as Definitive Notes or (x) to correct any non-material error in any provision of this Indenture upon receipt by an Authorized Officer of the Trustee of written direction from the Issuer describing in reasonable detail such error and the modification necessary to correct such error; provided that, in each such case, such supplemental indenture would not materially and adversely affect any holder of Notes or any Preferred Shareholders or adversely affect any Hedge Counterparty. Unless notified by (i) holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of Notes of any Class or Sub-class or by a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders that such Class or Sub-class or the Preferred Shareholders will be materially and adversely affected or (ii) a Hedge Counterparty that such Hedge Counterparty will be materially and adversely affected, the Trustee may rely upon an opinion of counsel, provided by and at the expense of the party requesting such supplemental indenture, as to whether the interests of any holder of Notes or Preferred Shareholder would be materially and adversely affected or such Hedge Counterparty would be materially and adversely affected by any such supplemental indenture (after giving notice of such change to each holder of Notes, Preferred Shareholder and such Hedge Counterparty). The Trustee shall not enter into any such supplemental indenture if, with respect to such supplemental indenture, the Rating Condition has not been satisfied; provided that the Trustee may, with the consent of the holders of 100% of the aggregate outstanding amount of Notes of each Class and the Hedge Counterparty, enter into any such supplemental indenture notwithstanding any such reduction or withdrawal of the ratings of any outstanding Class of Notes.

Modification of Certain Other Documents

Prior to entering into any amendment, modification or termination of the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, the Administration Agreement or the Hedge Agreement, the Issuer is required by the Indenture to obtain the written confirmation of each Rating Agency that the entry by the Issuer into such amendment satisfies the Rating Condition. Prior to entering into any amendment or waiver in respect of any of the foregoing agreements, the Issuer is required to provide each Rating Agency, the Hedge Counterparty and the Trustee with written notice of such amendment or waiver. Each Hedge Counterparty will be an express third party beneficiary of the Indenture.

Consolidation, Merger or Transfer of Assets

Except under the limited circumstances set forth in the Indenture, neither the Issuer nor the Co-Issuer may consolidate with, merge into, or transfer or convey all or substantially all of its assets to, any other corporation, partnership, trust or other person or entity.

Petitions for Bankruptcy

The Indenture provides that the holders of the Notes (other than the Controlling Class of Notes) agree not to cause the filing of a petition for winding up or a petition in bankruptcy against the Issuer or the Co-Issuer before one year and one day have elapsed since the final payments to the holders of the Controlling Class of Notes or, if longer, the applicable preference period then in effect.

Satisfaction and Discharge of Indenture

The Indenture will be discharged with respect to the Collateral upon delivery to the Trustee for cancellation of all of the Notes, or, subject to certain limitations, upon deposit with the Trustee of funds sufficient for the payment or redemption of the Notes and the payment by the Co-Issuers of all other amounts due under the Notes, the Indenture, the Hedge Agreement, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Administration Agreement and the Collateral Management Agreement.

Trustee

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association will be the Trustee under the Indenture. The Co-Issuers and their respective affiliates may maintain other banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the Trustee. The payment of the fees and expenses of the Trustee is solely the obligation of the Co-Issuers. The Trustee and its affiliates may receive compensation in connection with the investment of trust assets in certain Eligible Investments as provided in the Indenture. Eligible Investments may include investments for which the Trustee and/or its affiliates provide services. The Indenture contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee for any loss, liability or expense incurred without negligence, willful misconduct or bad faith on its part, arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of the Indenture. Pursuant to the Indenture, the Issuer has granted to the Trustee a lien senior to that of the Noteholders to secure payment by the Issuer of the compensation and expenses of the Trustee and any sums the Trustee may be entitled to receive as indemnification by the Issuer under the Indenture (subject to the dollar limitations set forth in the Priority of Payments with respect to any Quarterly Distribution Date), which lien the Trustee is entitled to exercise only under certain circumstances. In the Indenture, the Trustee will agree not to cause the filing of a petition for winding up or a petition in bankruptcy against the Co-Issuers for nonpayment to the Trustee of amounts payable thereunder until at least one year and one day, or if longer, the applicable preference period then in effect, after the payment in full of all of the Notes. Pursuant to the Indenture, the Trustee may resign at any time by providing 30 days' notice and the Trustee may be removed at any time by Holders of 66-2/3% of the aggregate

outstanding amount of Notes or at any time when an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing by a Holders of 66-2/3% of the aggregate outstanding amount of Notes of the Controlling Class. However, no resignation or removal of the Trustee will become effective until the acceptance of appointment by a successor Trustee pursuant to the terms of the Indenture. If the Trustee shall resign or be removed, the Trustee shall also resign as Paying Agent, Calculation Agent, Note Registrar and any other capacity in which the Trustee is then acting pursuant to the Indenture.

Tax Characterization

The Issuer intends to treat the Notes as debt instruments of the Issuer and not of the Co-Issuer for U.S. Federal, state and local income tax purposes. The Indenture will provide that each holder, by accepting a Note, agrees to such treatment, to report all income (or loss) in accordance with such treatment and not to take any action inconsistent with such treatment.

Governing Law

The Indenture, the Investor Application Forms, the Notes, the Reimbursement Agreement, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Hedge Agreement, the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement and the Collateral Management Agreement will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York. The Administration Agreement will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the Cayman Islands.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED SHARES

The Preferred Shares will be issued pursuant to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer (the "Issuer Charter") and in accordance with a Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement (the "Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement") between Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Preferred Share paying agent (in such capacity, the "Preferred Share Paying Agent"), Walkers SPV Limited, as preferred share registrar, and the Issuer and will be subscribed to in accordance with the terms of the Investor Application Forms for Preferred Shares. The following summary describes certain provisions of the Preferred Shares, the Issuer Charter, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement and the Investor Application Forms. This summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the provisions of the Issuer Charter, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement and the Investor Application Forms for Preferred Shares. Copies of the Issuer Charter, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement and the form of Investor Application Form for Preferred Shares may be obtained by prospective investors upon request in writing to the Preferred Share Paying Agent at 9062 Old Annapolis Road, Columbia, Maryland 21045, Attention: CDO Trust Services – Jupiter High-Grade CDO II.

STATUS

The Issuer is authorized to issue 15,500 Preferred Shares, par value U.S.\$0.01 per share, at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share, having a liquidation preference of U.S.\$1,000 per share. The Preferred Shares are participating shares in the capital of the Issuer and will rank *pari passu* with respect to distributions.

DISTRIBUTIONS

On each Quarterly Distribution Date, to the extent funds are available therefor, Interest Proceeds will be released from the lien of the Indenture for payment to the Preferred Share Paying Agent only after the payment of interest on the Notes and, in certain circumstances, principal due in respect of the Notes and the payment of certain other amounts in accordance with the Priority of Payments, *provided* that, on each Quarterly Distribution Date on which any Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes are outstanding, the amount of Interest Proceeds released from the lien of the Indenture for payment to the Preferred Shareholders shall be limited to the amount sufficient to permit the Preferred Shareholders to achieve an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum on the aggregate liquidation preference of the Preferred Shares. See "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption" and "—Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds".

Any Interest Proceeds permitted to be released from the lien of the Indenture and paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent will be distributed to the Preferred Shareholders on each Quarterly Distribution Date. Until the Notes and certain other amounts have been paid in full, Principal Proceeds are not permitted to be released from the lien of the Indenture and will not be available to make distributions in respect of the Preferred Shares. See "Description of the Notes—Interest Proceeds" and "—Principal Proceeds" and "Security for the Notes".

Subject to provisions of The Companies Law (2004 Revision) of the Cayman Islands governing the declaration and payment of dividends, after the Notes and certain other amounts have been paid in full, Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds will be released from the lien of the Indenture in accordance with the Priority of Payments and paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent on each Quarterly Distribution Date for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders on such Quarterly Distribution Date. Cayman Islands law provides that dividends may only be paid by the Issuer if the Issuer has funds lawfully available for such purpose. Dividends may be paid out of profit and out of the Issuer's share premium account (which includes subscription monies in excess of the par value of each share less any subscription, placement or underwriting fees), *provided* that the Issuer will be solvent immediately following the date of such payment.

Distributions on any Preferred Share will be made to the person in whose name such Preferred Share is registered fifteen days prior to the applicable Quarterly Distribution Date (the "Record Date"). Payments will be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to a Dollar account maintained by the holder thereof appearing in the Preferred Share Register in accordance with wire transfer instructions received from such holder by the Preferred Share Paying Agent on or before the Record Date or, if no wire transfer instructions are

received by the Preferred Share Paying Agent, by a Dollar check drawn on a bank in the United States. Final distributions or payments made in the course of a winding up will be made only against surrender of the certificate representing such Preferred Shares at the office of the Preferred Share Registrar or at the New York office of the Preferred Share Paying Agent.

Upon liquidation of the Issuer, distributions of property other than cash may be made under certain circumstances specified in the Issuer Charter. The amount of such non-cash distributions will be accounted for at the fair market value, as determined in good faith by the liquidator of the Issuer, of the property distributed. See "—The Issuer Charter—Dissolution; Liquidating Distributions".

If any of the Coverage Tests is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to Preferred Shareholders on the related Quarterly Distribution Date (subject to the payment of certain other amounts prior thereto) will be used instead to repay principal of the Notes sequentially in direct order of seniority, to the extent and as described herein, except that, if either Class C Coverage Test is not satisfied on the Determination Date related to any Quarterly Distribution Date, certain Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares will be used to pay principal (pro rata in accordance with the outstanding principal amounts thereof immediately prior to such payment) of the Class C Notes, in accordance with the Priority of Payments and to the extent necessary to cause such Class C Coverage Test to be satisfied. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

. In addition, if the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each relevant Rating Agency by the first Determination Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date, funds that would otherwise be distributed to the Preferred Shareholders (subject to the payment of certain other amounts prior thereto) will be used to redeem the Notes to the extent necessary (after the application of Uninvested Proceeds for such purpose) to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each Rating Agency. See "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

In addition, (a) on each Quarterly Distribution Date, to the extent that the Preferred Shareholders have received an annualized Dividend Yield of 13% per annum on such date, if the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes have not been redeemed in full, Interest Proceeds that would otherwise be released from the lien of the Indenture and paid to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders will be applied to pay principal on the Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes until such Sub-class of Notes has been paid in full. See "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption" and "—Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds".

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION OF THE PREFERRED SHARES

On any Quarterly Distribution Date on or after the Quarterly Distribution Date on which the Notes have been paid in full, the Preferred Shares may be redeemed (in whole but not in part) at the direction of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders given not less than 45 days prior to such Quarterly Distribution Date at a redemption price per share equal to (x) the proceeds from the liquidation of the assets of the Issuer minus the costs and expenses of such liquidation minus the amount required to establish adequate reserves to meet all contingent, unliquidated liabilities or obligations of the Issuer minus a payment to the holders of the ordinary shares of the Issuer an amount equal to U.S.\$1.00 per share divided by (y) the number of Preferred Shares.

THE ISSUER CHARTER

The following summary describes certain provisions of the Issuer Charter. The summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by reference to, the provisions of the Issuer Charter.

Notices

Notices to the Preferred Shareholders will be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the registered holders of the Preferred Shares at their address appearing in the Preferred Share Register.

Voting Rights

Set forth below is a summary of certain matters with respect to which Preferred Shareholders are entitled to vote. This summary is not meant to be an exhaustive list, and, subject to covenants made by each Preferred Shareholder in the Investor Application Forms for Preferred Shares (in the case of initial purchasers of the Preferred Shares) and in the transfer certificates (in the case of transferees of the Preferred Shares), the Issuer Charter and The Companies Law (2004 Revision) of the Cayman Islands afford Preferred Shareholders of the Issuer the right to vote on matters in addition to those mentioned below.

<u>Redemption of the Preferred Shares</u>: On any Quarterly Distribution Date on or after the Quarterly Distribution Date on which the Notes have been paid in full, the Preferred Shares may be redeemed (in whole but not in part) at the direction of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders, as described above under "—Optional Redemption of the Preferred Shares".

<u>The Hedge Agreement:</u> Subject to satisfaction of the Rating Condition with respect to such reduction, the Issuer may, on any Quarterly Distribution Date, reduce the notional amount of any interest rate swap or cap outstanding under the Hedge Agreement upon written notice to the Preferred Shareholders, provided that a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders does not object to such reduction within five Business Days after receipt of such notice. In the event of any such reduction, the Hedge Counterparty or the Issuer may be required to make a termination payment in respect of such reduction to the other party.

The Indenture: The Issuer is not permitted to enter into a supplemental indenture (other than a supplemental indenture that does not require the consent of Noteholders) without the consent of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders. The Issuer is not permitted to enter into a supplemental indenture without the consent of all of the Preferred Shareholders if such supplemental indenture would have the effect of (i) amending the manner in which the proceeds of the Collateral are applied on any Quarterly Distribution Date (including by amending any provision of the Priority of Payments or the manner in which principal of and interest on any Class of Notes is calculated); (ii) extending the Stated Maturity of any Class of Notes or changing the date on which any distribution in respect of the Preferred Shares is payable; (iii) changing the earliest date on which each Class of the Notes may be redeemed; (iv) impairing or adversely affecting the Collateral (except as otherwise expressly permitted by the Indenture); (v) permitting the creation of any lien ranking prior to or on a parity with the lien of the Indenture with respect to any part of the Collateral; or (vi) changing the voting percentages required for any action to be taken, or any consent or waiver to be given, by the Preferred Shareholders.

<u>Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement</u>: The Issuer is not permitted to consent to any amendment of the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement without the consent of all of the Preferred Shareholders if such amendment would (i) reduce in any manner the amount of, or delay the timing of, or change the allocation of, the payment of any dividends or final distributions on the Preferred Shares or (ii) reduce the voting percentage of Preferred Shareholders required to consent to any amendment to the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement that requires the consent the Preferred Shareholders.

Modification of the Issuer Charter

As a general matter of Cayman Islands law, the Issuer Charter may be amended at any time by a resolution passed by Walkers SPV Limited, subject to obtaining the approval of at least a Special-Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders. Any amendment of the Issuer Charter not in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture will constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture.

Dissolution; Liquidating Distributions

The Issuer Charter provides that the Issuer will be wound up on the earliest to occur of (i) at any time on or after the date that is one year and two days after the Stated Maturity of the Notes, upon the Shareholders' determination to dissolve the Issuer, (ii) at any time after the sale or other disposition of all of the Issuer's assets, upon the Shareholders' determination to dissolve the Issuer, (iii) at any time after the Notes are paid in full, upon the Shareholders' determination to dissolve the Issuer and (iv) on the date of a winding up pursuant to the provisions of or as contemplated by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands as then in effect. The Directors of the Issuer currently intend, if the Preferred Shares are not redeemed at the option of a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders following the repayment in full of the Notes, to liquidate all of the Issuer's remaining investments in an orderly manner and distribute the proceeds of such liquidation to the Preferred Shareholders. However, there can be no assurance that the Notes will be repaid before their Stated Maturity. See "Maturity, Prepayment and Yield Considerations" and "Risk Factors—Average Life of the Notes and Prepayment Considerations".

As soon as practicable following the dissolution of the Issuer, its affairs will be wound up and its assets sold or distributed. Subject to the terms of the Indenture and Cayman Islands law, the assets of the Issuer shall be applied in the following order of priority:

- (1) first, to pay the costs and expenses of the winding up, liquidation and termination of the Issuer;
- (2) second, to creditors of the Issuer, in the order of priority provided by law;
- (3) third, to establish reserves adequate to meet any and all contingent, unliquidated liabilities or obligations of the Issuer, provided that at the expiration of a period not exceeding three years after the final liquidation distribution, the balance of such reserves remaining after the payment of such contingencies or liabilities shall be distributed in the manner described herein;
- (4) fourth, to pay the Preferred Shareholders a sum equal to the aggregate liquidation preferences of the Preferred Shares;
- (5) *fifth*, to pay the holders of the ordinary shares the nominal amount paid up thereon and the sum of U.S.\$1.00 per ordinary share; and
- (6) sixth, to pay to the Preferred Shareholders the balance remaining.

Consolidation, Merger or Transfer of Assets

Except under the limited circumstances set forth in the Issuer Charter and the Indenture, the Issuer may not consolidate with, merge into, or transfer or convey all or substantially all of its assets to, any other corporation, partnership, trust or other person or entity.

PETITIONS FOR BANKRUPTCY

Each Original Purchaser of Preferred Shares will be required to covenant in an Investor Application Form (and each transferee of Preferred Shares will be required to covenant in a transfer certificate) that it will not cause the filing of a petition in bankruptcy against the Issuer before one year and one day have elapsed since the payment in full of the Notes or, if longer, the applicable preference period then in effect.

GOVERNING LAW

The Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement and the Investor Application Forms will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York. The Issuer Charter will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the Cayman Islands.

No Gross-Up

All distributions of dividends and return of capital on the Preferred Shares will be made without any deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax unless such deduction or withholding is required by any applicable law, as modified by the practice of any relevant governmental revenue authority, then in effect. If the Issuer is so required to deduct or withhold, then the Issuer will instruct the Preferred Share Paying Agent to make such deduction or withholding and will pay any such withholding taxes in the country of origin, but will not be obligated to pay any additional amounts in respect of such withholding or deduction.

FORM, DENOMINATION, REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER

FORM OF OFFERED SECURITIES

<u>Regulation S Global Notes</u>. Notes that are sold or transferred outside the United States to persons that are not U.S. Persons will be represented by one or more permanent global notes (each a "Regulation S Global Note") in definitive, fully registered form, without interest coupons, and deposited with the Trustee as custodian for, and registered in the name of, The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee. By acquisition of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Note, any purchaser thereof will be deemed to represent that (a) it is not a U.S. Person and is purchasing such beneficial interest for its own account and not for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person and (b) if in the future it decides to transfer such beneficial interest, it will transfer such interest only to a person that is not a U.S. Person in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S or to a person who takes delivery in the form of a Restricted Global Note (or beneficial interest therein).

<u>Restricted Global Notes</u>. Notes that are sold or transferred to a U.S. Person or in the United States in reliance upon the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act will be represented by one or more permanent global notes ("Restricted Global Notes") in definitive, fully registered form, without interest coupons, and deposited with the Trustee as custodian for, and registered in the name of, DTC or its nominee.

Regulation S Preferred Shares. Preferred Shares that are sold or transferred outside the United States to persons that are not U.S. Persons ("Regulation S Preferred Shares") will be represented by either (i) one or more permanent global Preferred Share certificates (each a "Regulation S Global Preferred Share" and, collectively with the Regulation S Global Notes, the "Regulation S Global Securities"; the Regulation S Global Securities and Restricted Global Notes are collectively referred to as the "Global Securities") or (ii) Preferred Share certificates in definitive, fully registered form, registered in the name of the legal and beneficial owner thereof ("Regulation S Definitive Preferred Shares"). By acquisition of a Regulation S Preferred Share, any purchaser thereof will be required to represent in a transfer certificate (in the case of the Regulation S Definitive Preferred Shares) or be deemed to represent (in the case of the Regulation S Global Preferred Shares) that (a) it is not a U.S. Person and is purchasing such Regulation S Preferred Share for its own account and not for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person and (b) if in the future it decides to transfer such Regulation S Preferred Share, it will transfer such Regulation S Preferred Share to a person that is not a U.S. Person only in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S or to a person who takes delivery in the form of a Restricted Definitive Preferred Share.

<u>Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares</u>. Preferred Shares that are sold or transferred to a U.S. Person or in the United States in reliance upon the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act provided by Section 4(2) thereof will be represented by certificates ("Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares"; the Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares and Regulation S Definitive Preferred Shares are collectively referred to as the "Definitive Preferred Shares") in definitive, fully registered form, registered in the name of the legal and beneficial owner thereof.

<u>Clearing Systems</u>. Beneficial interests in each Global Security will be shown on, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants, including Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Clearstream International ("Clearstream"). Transfers between members of, or participants in, DTC (each a "Participant") will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and will be settled in immediately available funds. Transfers between participants in Euroclear and Clearstream will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with their respective rules and operating procedures. See "Clearing Systems".

<u>Transfer of Global Securities to Definitive Securities</u>. Owners of beneficial interests in Global Securities will be entitled or required, as the case may be, under certain limited circumstances described under "Clearing Systems—Transfers and Exchanges for Definitive Securities", to receive physical delivery of Definitive Preferred Shares or certificated Notes ("Definitive Notes"; the Definitive Notes and Definitive Preferred Shares are collectively referred to as the "Definitive Securities"), in each case, in definitive, fully registered form. Definitive Notes issued to persons that are not U.S. Persons and that are not held for the account or benefit of U.S.

Persons are referred to herein as "Regulations S Definitive Notes" and Regulations S Definitive Notes and Regulation S Definitive Preferred Shares are referred to herein as "Regulation S Definitive Securities". Definitive Notes issued to U.S. Persons or in the United States in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act are referred to herein as "Restricted Definitive Notes" and Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares are referred to herein as "Restricted Definitive Securities". Restricted Definitive Securities and Restricted Global Notes are herein referred to as "Restricted Securities". Regulation S Definitive Securities and Regulation S Global Securities are herein referred to as "Regulation S Securities". No owner of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Security will be entitled to receive a Regulation S Definitive Security unless such person provides written certification that such Regulation S Definitive Security is beneficially owned by a person that is not a U.S. Person and is not held for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person. No owner of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note will be entitled to receive a Restricted Definitive Note unless such person provides written certification that such Restricted Definitive Note is beneficially owned by a U.S. Person or in the United States in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

<u>Transfer Restrictions</u>. The Offered Securities are subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth herein under "Transfer Restrictions" and the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents, as applicable, and will bear a legend setting forth such restrictions. See "Transfer Restrictions". The Issuer may impose additional restrictions on the transfer of Securities in order to comply with the USA PATRIOT Act, to the extent it is applicable to the Issuer.

TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE OF NOTES

<u>Regulation S Global Note to Restricted Global Note</u>. Transfers by a holder of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Note to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note will be made (a) only in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and (b) upon receipt by the Note Registrar of written certifications from each of the transferor and the transferee of the beneficial interest in the form provided in the Indenture to the effect that, among other things, such transfer is being made:

- (i) to a transferee that (A) is both (1) a Qualified Institutional Buyer, purchasing for its own account, to whom notice is given that the resale, pledge or other transfer is being made in reliance on the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act provided by Rule 144A and (2) a Qualified Purchaser and (B) is not a Flow-Through Investment Vehicle (other than a Qualifying Investment Vehicle); and
 - (ii) in accordance with all other applicable securities laws of any relevant jurisdiction.

<u>Regulation S Global Note to Regulation S Global Note</u>. The holder of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Note may transfer such interest to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Note without the provision of written certification. Any such transfer may only be made to a person that is not a U.S. Person and that is not acquiring such beneficial interest for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person and any such transfer may only be effected in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S and only in accordance with the Applicable Procedures. Any such transferee must be able to make the representations set forth under "Transfer Restrictions".

<u>Restricted Global Note to Regulation S Global Note</u>. Transfers by a holder of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Note will be made only (a) in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and (b) upon receipt by the Note Registrar of written certification from each of the transferor and the transferee in the form provided in the Indenture to the effect that, among other things, such transfer is being made to a person that is not a U.S. Person and that is not acquiring such beneficial interest for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person and that such transfer is being effected in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S and in accordance with all other applicable securities laws of any relevant jurisdiction.

<u>Restricted Global Note to Restricted Global Note</u>. The holder of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note may transfer such interest to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note without the provision of written certification. Any such transfer may only be made (i) to a transferee that (A) is both (1) a Qualified Institutional Buyer, purchasing for its own account, to whom notice is given that the resale, pledge or other transfer is being made in reliance on the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act provided by Rule 144A and (2) a Qualified Purchaser and (B) is not a Flow-Through Investment Vehicle (other than a Qualifying Investment Vehicle) and (ii) only in accordance with the Applicable Procedures. Any such transferee must be able to make the representations set forth under "Transfer Restrictions".

<u>Definitive Note to Global Note</u>. Exchanges or transfers by a holder of a Definitive Note to a transferee who takes delivery of such Note in the form of a beneficial interest in a Global Note will be made only in accordance with the Applicable Procedures, and upon receipt by the Note Registrar of written certifications from each of the transferor and the transferee in the form provided in the Indenture.

<u>Definitive Note to Definitive Note</u>. Definitive Notes may be exchanged or transferred in whole or in part in the principal amount of authorized denominations by surrendering such Definitive Notes at the office of the Note Registrar or any Transfer Agent with a written instrument of transfer and written certification from each of the transferor and the transferee in the form provided in the Indenture. With respect to any transfer of a portion of a Definitive Note, the transferor will be entitled to receive a new Definitive Note representing the principal amount retained by the transferor after giving effect to such transfer. Definitive Notes issued upon any such exchange or transfer (whether in whole or in part) will be made available at the office of the applicable Transfer Agent. Definitive Notes issued upon any exchange or registration of transfer of securities shall be valid obligations of the Co-Issuers, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits, as the Definitive Notes surrendered upon exchange or registration of transfer.

TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE OF PREFERRED SHARES

<u>Regulation S Global Preferred Share or Regulation S Definitive Preferred Share to Restricted Definitive Preferred Share.</u> Transfers by a holder of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share or a Regulation S Definitive Preferred Share to a transferee who takes delivery of a Restricted Definitive Preferred Share will be made (a) in the case of a transfer by a holder of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share, only in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and (b) in either case, upon receipt by the Preferred Share Registrar of written certifications from each of the transferor and the transferee of such beneficial interest in the form provided in the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement to the effect that, among other things, such transfer is being made:

- (i) to a transferee that (A) is both (1) either (x) a Qualified Institutional Buyer, purchasing for its own account, to whom notice is given that the resale, pledge or other transfer is being made in reliance on the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act provided by Rule 144A or (y) entitled to take delivery of such Restricted Definitive Preferred Share pursuant to another exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act (subject to the delivery of such certifications, legal opinions or other information as the Issuer may reasonably require to confirm that such transfer is being made pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act) and (2) a Qualified Purchaser, (B) is not a Flow-Through Investment Vehicle (other than a Qualifying Investment Vehicle) and (C) is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person; and
 - (ii) in accordance with all other applicable securities laws of any relevant jurisdiction.

<u>Regulation S Global Preferred Share to Regulation S Global Preferred Share</u>. The holder of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share may transfer such interest to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share. Any such transfer may only be made to a person that is not a U.S. Person and that is not acquiring such beneficial interest for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person and any such transfer may only be effected in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S and only in accordance with the Applicable Procedures. Any such transferee

must be able to make the representations set forth under "Transfer Restrictions", including the representation that it is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person, and will be obligated to deliver a letter to such effect in the form attached to the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement.

<u>Definitive Preferred Share to Regulation S Global Preferred Share</u>. Transfers or exchanges by a holder of a Definitive Preferred Share to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share will be made only (a) in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and (b) upon receipt by the Preferred Share Registrar of written certification from each of the transferor and transferee in the form provided in the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement to the effect that, among other things, such transfer is being made to a person that is not a U.S. Person, that is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and that is not acquiring such beneficial interest for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person and that such transfer is being effected in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S and will be obligated to deliver a letter to such effect in the form attached to the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement.

<u>Definitive Preferred Share to Definitive Preferred Share</u>. Definitive Preferred Shares may be exchanged or transferred in whole or in part in numbers not less that the applicable minimum trading lot by surrendering such Definitive Preferred Shares at the office of the Preferred Share Registrar or the Preferred Share Transfer Agent with a written instrument of transfer and written certification from each of the transferor and the transferee in the form provided in the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement. With respect to any transfer of a portion of Definitive Preferred Shares, the transferor will be entitled to receive new Restricted Definitive Preferred Shares or Regulation S Definitive Preferred Shares, as the case may be, representing the principal amount retained by the transferor after giving effect to such transfer. Definitive Preferred Shares issued upon any such exchange or transfer (whether in whole or in part) will be made available at the office of the Preferred Share Transfer Agent.

Definitive Preferred Shares issued upon any exchange or registration of transfer of securities shall represent the same interests, and be entitled to the same benefits, as the Definitive Preferred Shares surrendered upon exchange or registration of transfer. No Definitive Preferred Share may be transferred to a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares.

GENERAL

ERISA Restrictions on Transfer of Preferred Shares

No sale, pledge or other transfer of a Preferred Share may be made after the initial placement of the Preferred shares to a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person (both as defined herein). The Preferred Share Documents permit the Issuer to require that any person acquiring Preferred Shares (or a beneficial interest therein) after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares who is determined to be a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person to sell such Preferred Shares (or a beneficial interest therein) to a person who is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and who meets all other applicable transfer restrictions and, if such holder does not comply with such demand within 30 days thereof, the Issuer may sell such holder's interest in such Preferred Shares to a purchaser that is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and that meets all other applicable transfer restrictions.

<u>Note Registrar and Transfer Agent</u>. Pursuant to the Indenture, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association has been appointed and will serve as the registrar with respect to the Notes (in such capacity, the "Note Registrar") and will provide for the registration of Notes and the registration of transfers of Notes in the register maintained by it (the "Note Register"). Wells Fargo Bank, National Association has been appointed as a transfer agent with respect to the Notes (each, in such capacity, a "Transfer Agent"). The Note Registrar will effect transfers between Global Notes and, along with the Transfer Agent, will effect exchanges and transfers of Definitive Notes. In addition, the Note Registrar will maintain in the Note Register records of the ownership, exchange and transfer of any Note in definitive form. Transfers of beneficial interests in Global Notes will be effected in accordance with the Applicable Procedures.

<u>Preferred Share Registrar and Transfer Agent.</u> Wells Fargo Bank, National Association has been appointed as transfer agent with respect to the Preferred Shares (the "Preferred Share Transfer Agent"). The Administrator has been appointed as the Preferred Share Registrar (the "Preferred Share Registrar"). The Preferred Share Registrar will provide for the registration of Preferred Shares and the registration of transfers of Preferred Shares in the register maintained by it (the "Preferred Share Register"). Written instruments of transfer are available at the office of the Issuer and the office of the Preferred Share Transfer Agent. The Preferred Share Registrar and the Preferred Share Transfer Agent will effect exchanges and transfers of Preferred Shares. In addition, the Preferred Share Registrar will maintain in the Preferred Share Register records of the ownership, exchange and transfer of the Preferred Shares in definitive form. Transfers of beneficial interests in Regulation S Global Preferred Shares will be effected in accordance with the Applicable Procedures. No Definitive Preferred Share may be transferred to a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares.

<u>Charge</u>. No service charge will be made for exchange or registration of transfer of any Note or Preferred Share but the Trustee (or, in the case of a Preferred Share, the Preferred Share Transfer Agent on behalf of the Preferred Share Registrar) may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or governmental charge payable in connection therewith and expenses of delivery (if any) not made by regular mail.

Minimum Denomination or Number. The Notes will be issuable in minimum denominations of U.S.\$250,000 and will be offered only in such minimum denomination or an integral multiple of U.S.\$1,000 in excess thereof. After issuance, (i) a Note may fail to be in compliance with the minimum denomination and integral multiple requirements stated above as a result of the repayment of principal thereof in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (ii) Class C Notes may fail to be in an amount which is an integral multiple of U.S.\$1,000 due to the addition to the principal amount thereof of Class C Deferred Interest, as the case may be. Preferred Shares will be issuable in minimum lots of 250 Preferred Shares (and increments of one Preferred Share in excess thereof). Preferred Shares may not be transferred if, after giving effect to such transfer, the transferee (or, if the transferor retains any Preferred Shares, the transferor) would own fewer than 250 Preferred Shares provided that up to two subscribers may, with the consent of the Initial Purchaser, purchase fewer than 250 Preferred Shares on the Closing Date and such subscribers, and any transferees holding such Preferred Shares acquired by such subscribers, will be entitled to transfer all (but not some) of such Preferred Shares held by them notwithstanding such minimum trading lot in accordance with the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement. Preferred Shares may not be transferred if, after giving effect to such transfer, the transferee (or, if the transferor retains any Preferred Shares, the transferor) would own fewer than 250 Preferred Shares provided that those subscribers that, with the consent of the Initial Purchaser, purchased less than 250 Preferred Shares on the Closing Date, and any transferees of such subscribers, will be entitled to transfer all (but not some) of the Preferred Shares held by them in accordance with the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The gross proceeds received from the issuance and sale of the Notes and Preferred Shares are expected to be approximately U.S.\$1,004,500,000 (after giving effect to and assuming the making of all Borrowings under the Class A-1 Notes after the Closing Date) and the gross proceeds as of the Closing Date are expected to be approximately U.S.\$857,000,000. The net proceeds from the issuance of the Notes and Preferred Shares, together with any up-front payments received from the initial Hedge Counterparty on the Closing Date in connection with the initial Hedge Agreement, are expected to be approximately U.S.\$852,300,000 after payment of organizational and structuring fees and expenses of the Co-Issuers, including, without limitation (i) the legal fees and expenses of counsel to the Co-Issuers, the Initial Purchaser and the Collateral Manager, (ii) the expenses, fees and commissions incurred in connection with the acquisition by the Issuer of the Collateral Debt Securities acquired on the Closing Date, (iii) the expenses of offering the Offered Securities (including placement agency fees and structuring fees), (iv) the initial deposits into the Expense Account and the Interest Reserve Account and (v) the payment of the up-front collateral management fee to the Collateral Manager pursuant to the Collateral Management Agreement. Such net proceeds will be used by the Issuer to purchase a diversified portfolio of interests in (a) certain Asset-Backed Securities and (b) Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which may be Asset-Backed Securities or Corporate Debt Securities that, in each case, satisfy the investment criteria described herein. On the Closing Date, the Issuer will have purchased (or entered into agreements to purchase for settlement following the Closing Date) Collateral Debt Securities having an aggregate Principal Balance of not less than U.S.\$800,000,000. The Issuer expects that, no later than July 25, 2005, it will have purchased Collateral Debt Securities (including Collateral Debt Securities not yet purchased, but as to which the Issuer has entered into binding purchase agreements for regular settlement) having an aggregate par amount of approximately U.S.\$1,000,000,000. Any such proceeds not invested in Collateral Debt Securities or deposited into the Expense Account or the Interest Reserve Account will be deposited by the Trustee in the Uninvested Proceeds Account and invested in Eligible Investments and U.S. Agency Securities pending the use of such proceeds for the purchase of Collateral Debt Securities during the Ramp-Up Period, as described herein, and, in certain limited circumstances described herein, for the payment of the Notes. See "Security for the Notes".

RATINGS OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES

It is a condition to the issuance of the Offered Securities that the Class A-1 Notes be rated "Aaa" by Moody's, "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and "AAA" by Fitch, that the Class A-2 Notes be rated "Aaa" by Moody's, "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and "AAA" by Fitch, that the Class B Notes be rated "Aa2" by Moody's, "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "AA" by Fitch and that the Class C Notes be rated "Baa2" by Moody's, "BBB" by Standard & Poor's and "BBB" by Fitch. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time.

Application will be made to list the Offered Securities on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange. The issuance and settlement of the Offered Securities on the Closing Date are not conditioned on the listing of the Offered Securities on such exchange, and there can be no guarantee that such application will be granted.

The Issuer will request that each Rating Agency confirm to the Issuer that it has not reduced or withdrawn the rating (including private or confidential ratings, if any) assigned by it on the Closing Date to any Class of Notes (a "Rating Confirmation"). If the Issuer is unable to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each Rating Agency by the first Determination Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date (a "Rating Confirmation Failure"), on the first Quarterly Distribution Date following the Ramp-Up Completion Date the Issuer will be required to apply Uninvested Proceeds and, to the extent that Uninvested Proceeds are insufficient to redeem the Notes in full, Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds, in each case in accordance with the Priority of Payments, to the repayment of, *first*, the Class A-1 Notes, *second*, the Class A-2 Notes, *third*, the Class B Notes, and *fourth*, the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes, the Class C-1C Notes, pro rata (including any Class C-1A Deferred Interest, Class C-1B Deferred Interest and Class C-1C Deferred Interest) to the extent necessary to obtain a Rating Confirmation from each Rating Agency. See "Description of the Notes—Mandatory Redemption" and "—Priority of Payments".

MATURITY, PREPAYMENT AND YIELD CONSIDERATIONS

The Stated Maturity of the Notes is May 5, 2041. The Notes will mature at their Stated Maturity unless redeemed or repaid prior thereto. However, the average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares may be less than the number of years until the Stated Maturity of the Notes. Assuming (a) no Collateral Debt Securities default or are sold, (b) any optional redemption of the Collateral Debt Securities occurs in accordance with their respective terms, (c) all outstanding Notes are redeemed on the Quarterly Distribution Date occurring on May 5, 2013, (d) LIBOR for each future Interest Period equals the rate for such Interest Period based on the zero coupon swap curve with such rate initially to be equal to approximately 3.2% and (e) all of the Commitments in respect of the Class A-1 Notes are fully funded, (1) the average life of the Class A-1 Notes would be approximately 6.0 years from the Closing Date, (2) the average life of the Class A-2 Notes would be approximately 6.2 years from the Closing Date, (3) the average life of the Class B Notes would be approximately 6.2 years from the Closing Date, (4) the average life of the Class C-1A Notes would be approximately 5.7 years from the Closing Date (5) the average life of the Class C-1B Notes would be approximately 5.7 years from the Closing Date (6) the average life of the Class C-1C Notes would be approximately 8.1 years from the Closing Date and (7) the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares would be approximately 5.1 years. Such average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares are presented for illustrative purposes only. The assumed identity of the portfolio purchased by the Issuer and the other assumptions used to calculate such average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares are necessarily arbitrary, do not necessarily reflect historical experience with respect to securities similar to the Collateral Debt Securities and do not constitute a prediction with respect to the rates or timing of receipts of Interest Proceeds or Principal Proceeds, the acquisition of Collateral Debt Securities prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, defaults, recoveries, sales, reinvestments, prepayments or optional redemptions to which the Collateral Debt Securities may be subject. Actual experience as to these matters will differ, and may differ materially, from that assumed in calculating the illustrative average lives and the Macaulay duration set forth above, and consequently the actual average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares will differ, and may differ materially, from those set forth above. Accordingly, prospective investors should make their own determinations of the expected weighted average lives and maturity of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares and, accordingly, their own evaluation of the merits and risks of an investment in the Notes or the Preferred Shares. See "Risk Factors—Projections, Forecasts and Estimates".

Average life refers to the average number of years that will elapse from the date of delivery of a security until each dollar of the principal of such security will be paid to the investor. The "Macaulay duration" is the weighted average term-to-maturity (expressed in years) of the cash flows in respect of the Preferred Shares, where the weights are the present values of each cash flow as a percentage of the present value of all cash flows to the Preferred Shareholders. The cash flows are discounted at the internal rate of return to the Preferred Shareholders for that scenario.

The average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares will be determined by the amount and frequency of principal payments, which are dependent upon any payments received at or in advance of the scheduled maturity of Collateral Debt Securities (whether through prepayment, sale, maturity, redemption, default or other liquidation or disposition). The actual average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares will also be affected by the financial condition of the obligors of the underlying Collateral Debt Securities and the characteristics of such obligations, including the existence and frequency of exercise of any optional or mandatory redemption or prepayment features, the prevailing level of interest rates, the redemption price, the actual default rate and the actual level of recoveries on any Defaulted Securities, and the frequency of tender or exchange offers for such Collateral Debt Securities. Any disposition of a Collateral Debt Security may change the composition and characteristics of the Collateral Debt Securities and the rate of payment thereon, and, accordingly, may affect the actual average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares. The rate of future defaults and the amount and timing of any cash realization from Defaulted Securities also will affect the average lives of the Notes and the Macaulay duration of the Preferred Shares.

THE CO-ISSUERS

GENERAL

The Issuer was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability and registered on February 15, 2005 in the Cayman Islands pursuant to the Issuer Charter, has a registered number of 145,174 and is in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands. The registered office of the Issuer is at the offices of Walkers SPV Limited, Walker House, Mary Street, P.O. Box 908GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The Issuer has no prior operating experience and the Issuer will not have any substantial assets other than the Collateral pledged to secure the Notes, the Issuer's obligations under the Hedge Agreement and Collateral Management Agreement and the Issuer's obligations to the Trustee. The entire authorized share capital of the Issuer will consist of (a) 1,000 ordinary shares, par value U.S.\$1.00 per share (which will be held on trust for charitable purposes by Walkers SPV Limited. in the Cayman Islands (in such capacity, the "Share Trustee") under the terms of a declaration of trust) and (b) 15,500 Preferred Shares, par value U.S.\$0.01 per share, having a liquidation preference of U.S.\$1,000 per share.

It is proposed that the Issuer will be liquidated on the date that is one year and two days after the Stated Maturity of the Notes, unless earlier dissolved and terminated in accordance with the terms of the Issuer Charter. See "Description of the Preferred Shares—Issuer Charter—Dissolution; Liquidating Distributions".

The Co-Issuer was incorporated on March 14, 2005 under the law of the State of Delaware with the state identification number 3939379 and its registered office is c/o Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, Delaware 19808. The sole director and officer of the Co-Issuer is Donald J. Puglisi and he may be contacted at c/o Puglisi & Associates, 850 Library Avenue, Suite 204, Newark, Delaware 19711. The Co-Issuer has no prior operating experience. It will not have any assets (other than its U.S.\$1,000 of share capital owned by the Issuer) and will not pledge any assets to secure the Notes. The Co-Issuer will not have any interest in the Collateral Debt Securities or other assets held by the Issuer and will have no claim against the Issuer with respect to the Collateral Debt Securities or otherwise.

The Notes are obligations only of the Co-Issuers, and none of the Notes are obligations of the Trustee, the Share Trustee, the Administrator, the Collateral Manager, the Initial Purchaser or any of their respective affiliates or any directors or officers of the Co-Issuers.

Walkers SPV Limited will act as the administrator (in such capacity, the "Administrator") of the Issuer. The office of the Administrator will serve as the general business office of the Issuer. Through this office and pursuant to the terms of an agreement by and between the Administrator and the Issuer (the "Administration Agreement"), the Administrator will perform various management functions on behalf of the Issuer, including communications with the general public and the provision of certain clerical, administrative and other services until termination of the Administration Agreement. In consideration of the foregoing, the Administrator will receive various fees and other charges payable by the Issuer at rates provided for in the Administration Agreement and will be reimbursed for expenses.

The Administrator will be subject to the overview of the Board of Directors of the Issuer. The directors of the Issuer are David Egglishaw, Derrie Boggess and John Cullinane, each of whom is a director or officer of the Administrator and each of whose offices are at Walkers SPV Limited, Walker House, P.O. Box 908 GT, Mary Street, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either the Issuer or the Administrator upon 30 days' written notice, in which case a replacement Administrator would be appointed.

The Administrator's principal office is at Walkers SPV Limited, Walker House, P.O. Box 908 GT, Mary Street, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands.

CAPITALIZATION AND INDEBTEDNESS OF THE ISSUER

The capitalization of the Issuer after giving effect to the issuance of the Offered Securities (assuming the Commitments in respect of the Class A-1 Notes have been fully funded) and the ordinary shares of the Issuer but before deducting expenses of the offering of the Offered Securities and organizational expenses of the Co-Issuers, is expected to be as follows:

Class A-1 Notes	U.S.\$880,000,000
Class A-2 Notes	U.S.\$40,000,000
Class B Notes	U.S.\$46,000,000
Class C-1A Notes	U.S.\$11,500,000
Class C-1B Notes	U.S.\$4,000,000
Class C-1C Notes	U.S.\$7,500,000
Total Debt	U.S.\$989,000,000
Ordinary Shares	U.S.\$1,000
Preferred Shares	U.S.\$15,500,000
Total Equity	U.S.\$15,501,000
Total Capitalization	U.S.\$1,004,501,000

As of the Closing Date and after giving effect to the issuance of the Preferred Shares, the authorized and issued share capital of the Issuer will be 1,000 ordinary shares, par value U.S.\$1.00 per share and 15,500 Preferred Shares, par value U.S.\$0.01 per share, having a liquidation preference of U.S.\$1,000 per share.

The Issuer will not have any material assets other than the Collateral.

The Co-Issuer will be capitalized only to the extent of its U.S.\$1,000 of share capital, will have no assets other than its share capital and will have no debt other than as Co-Issuer of the Notes. As of the Closing Date and after giving effect to the issuance of the Co-Issuer's shares, the authorized and issued share capital of the Co-Issuer is 1,000 common shares, par value U.S.\$1.00 per share.

BUSINESS

The Indenture and the Issuer Charter provide that the activities of the Issuer are limited to (i) the issuance of the Notes and the Preferred Shares, (ii) the acquisition and disposition of, and investment and reinvestment in, Collateral Debt Securities, Equity Securities, U.S. Agency Securities and Eligible Investments, (iii) the entering into, and the performance of its obligations under the Indenture, the Notes, the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, the Purchase Agreement, the Investor Application Forms, the Account Control Agreement, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, the Hedge Agreement, the Collateral Assignment of the Hedge Agreement, the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Reimbursement Agreement, the Administration Agreement and the Master Forward Sale Agreement, (iv) the pledge of the Collateral as security for its obligations in respect of (*inter alia*) the Notes, (v) the ownership and management of the Co-Issuer and (vi) certain activities conducted in connection with the payment of amounts in respect of the Offered Securities, the management of the Collateral and other incidental activities.

The Issuer has no employees and no subsidiaries other than the Co-Issuer. Article III of the Co-Issuer's Certificate of Incorporation states that the Co-Issuer will not undertake any business other than the issuance of the Notes. The Co-Issuer will not pledge any assets to secure the Notes, and will not have any interest in the Collateral held by the Issuer.

SECURITY FOR THE NOTES

GENERAL

The Collateral securing the Notes will consist of: (a) the Custodial Account, the Collateral Debt Securities and the Equity Securities, (b) the Interest Collection Account, the Uninvested Proceeds Account, the Principal Collection Account, the Payment Account, the Expense Account, the Interest Reserve Account, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account, the Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account, each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, each Synthetic Security Issuer Account, all funds and other property standing to the credit of each such account, Eligible Investments (and, in the case of the Uninvested Proceeds Account, U.S. Agency Securities) purchased with funds standing to the credit of each such account and all income from the investment of funds therein, (c) the rights of the Issuer under the Hedge Agreement, (d) the rights of the Issuer under the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Administration Agreement, the Administration Agreement, the Investor Application Forms and the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, (e) all cash delivered to the Trustee and (f) all proceeds, accessions, profits, income benefits, substitutions and replacements, whether voluntary or involuntary, of and to any of the property of the Issuer described in the preceding clauses (collectively, the "Collateral"). The security interest granted under the Indenture in each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account is subject to and subordinate to the security interest and rights of the relevant Synthetic Security Counterparty in and to such Synthetic Security Counterparty Account.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

On the Closing Date, the Issuer will apply a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the Offered Securities to purchase Collateral Debt Securities. After the Closing Date but prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Issuer will be required to use commercially reasonable efforts to invest Uninvested Proceeds in additional Collateral Debt Securities. The Issuer may only purchase Collateral Debt Securities (including Collateral Debt Securities purchased on the Closing Date) if, after giving effect to such purchase, each of the following criteria (the "Eligibility Criteria") is satisfied with respect to such security:

Assignable

(1) the Underlying Instrument pursuant to which such security was issued permits the Issuer to purchase it and pledge it to the Trustee and such security is a type subject to Article 8 or Article 9 of the UCC;

Jurisdiction of Issuer

(2) the obligor on or issuer of such security (x) is organized or incorporated under the law of the United States or a State thereof or in a Special Purpose Vehicle Jurisdiction or (y) is a Qualifying Foreign Obligor;

Dollar Denominated

(3) such security is U.S. Dollar denominated and is not convertible into, or payable in, any other currency;

No Interest Only Securities

(4) such security is not an Interest Only Security;

Rating

(5) such security (A) has been assigned a Moody's Rating, a Standard & Poor's Rating and a Fitch Rating; (B) if it has a public rating from any of Moody's, Standard & Poor's or Fitch, the public rating of such security from Moody's is at least "A3", Standard & Poor's is at least "A-" and from Fitch is at least "A-" provided that (i) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that have a public rating of below "Aaa" by Moody's (if publicly rated by Moody's), "AAA" from Standard & Poor's (if publicly rated by Standard & Poor's) or "AAA" by Fitch (if publicly rated by Fitch) does not exceed 65% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (ii) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that have a public rating of below "Aa3" by Moody's (if publicly rated by Moody's), "AA-" from Standard & Poor's (if publicly rated by Standard & Poor's) or "AA-" by Fitch (if publicly rated by Fitch) does not exceed 30% of the Net

Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, and (iii) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that have a public rating of below "A2" by Moody's (if publicly rated by Moody's), "A" from Standard & Poor's (if publicly rated by Standard & Poor's) or "A" by Fitch (if publicly rated by Fitch) does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance and (C) the Moody's Rating of at least "A3" provided that the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that have a Moody's Rating of below "Aa3" does not exceed 30% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Registered Form

(6) such security is in registered form for U.S. Federal income tax purposes and it (and if it is a certificate of interest in a trust treated as a grantor trust for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, each of the obligations or securities held by such trust) was issued after July 18, 1984 ("Registered");

No Withholding

(7) the Issuer will receive payments due under the terms of such security and proceeds from disposing of such security free and clear of withholding tax, other than withholding tax as to which the obligor or issuer must make additional payments so that the net amount received by the Issuer after satisfaction of such tax is the amount due to the Issuer before the imposition of any withholding tax;

Does not subject Issuer to Tax on a Net Income Basis (8) the acquisition (including the manner of acquisition), ownership, enforcement and disposition of such security will not cause the Issuer to be treated as engaged in a U.S. trade or business for U.S. Federal income tax purposes or otherwise to be subject to tax on a net income basis in any jurisdiction outside the Issuer's jurisdiction of incorporation;

Does not subject Issuer to Investment Company Act restrictions (9) the acquisition (including the manner of acquisition), ownership, enforcement and disposition of such security will not cause the Issuer or the pool of Collateral to become an investment company required to be registered under the Investment Company Act;

ERISA

(10) such security is not a security that, pursuant to 29 C.F.R. Section 2510.3-101, (x) would be treated as an equity interest in an entity and (y) if held by an employee benefit plan subject to ERISA, would cause such employee benefit plan to be treated as owning an undivided interest in each of the underlying assets of such entity for purposes of ERISA;

Backed by Obligations of Non-U.S. Obligors

(11) if the obligor on such security is organized outside the United States of America, the Aggregate Attributable Amount of all Collateral Debt Securities (including all Single Obligation Synthetic Securities as to which their respective Reference Obligations are) related to (A) obligors organized outside the United States of America, the United Kingdom and Canada does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (B) obligors organized in the United Kingdom does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (C) obligors organized in Canada does not exceed 15% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (D) Qualifying Foreign Obligors organized in any other jurisdiction does not exceed 25% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (E) Emerging Market Issuers is zero and (F) obligors (other than Qualifying Foreign Obligors, Emerging Market Issuers and obligors organized in the United States) organized in any other jurisdiction does not exceed 2.5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Certain Excluded Securities

(12) such security is not a Defaulted Security, a Credit Risk Security, a Written Down Security, a PIK Bond, a net interest margin security or a security that accrues interest at a floating rate that moves inversely to a reference rate or index;

Limitation on Stated Final Maturity

(13) such security does not have a Stated Maturity that occurs later than the Stated Maturity of the Notes (except that the Issuer may acquire a Collateral Debt Security having a Stated Maturity not later than five years after the Stated Maturity of the Notes so long as the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance) and the Weighted Average Life of all such Collateral Debt Securities is less than 12 years;

Purchase Price

(14) the purchase price of such security is not less than 75% of its outstanding Principal Balance;

No Margin Stock

(15) such security is not, and any Equity Security acquired in connection with such security is not Margin Stock;

No Debtor-in-Possession Financing

(16) such security is not a financing by a debtor-in-possession in any insolvency proceeding;

No Optional or Mandatory Conversion or Exchange

(17) such security is not a security that by the terms of its Underlying Instruments provides for conversion or exchange (whether mandatory, at the option of the issuer or the holder thereof or otherwise) into equity capital at any time prior to its maturity;

Not Subject to an Offer or Called for Redemption

(18) such security is not the subject of an Offer and has not been called for redemption;

No Future Advances

(19) such security is not a security with respect to which the Issuer is required by the Underlying Instruments to make any payment or advance to the issuer thereof or to the related Synthetic Security Counterparty (other than a Defeased Synthetic Security);

Fixed Rate Securities

(20) if such security is a fixed rate security (including any Synthetic Security as to which the Reference Obligations are fixed rate securities), the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities does not exceed 20% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Floating Rate Securities

(21) if such security is a floating rate security (including any Single Obligation Synthetic Security as to which the Reference Obligation is a floating rate security), the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities does not exceed 90% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Pure Private Collateral Debt Securities

(22) if such security is a Pure Private Collateral Debt Security (including any Single Obligation Synthetic Security as to which the Reference Obligation is a Pure Private Collateral Debt Security), the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities does not exceed 5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Corporate
Guarantees
and
Guaranteed
Corporate Debt
Securities

(23) if such security is a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security or such security is guaranteed as to ultimate or timely payment of principal or interest (including any Single Obligation Synthetic Security as to which the Reference Obligation is a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security or is guaranteed as to ultimate or timely payment of principal or interest), the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities does not exceed 0.80% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Issuer Concentrations

- (24) with respect to the particular issuer of the Collateral Debt Security being acquired and all Collateral Debt Securities:
- (A) there are no more than 10 issuers for which the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities issued by any such issuer is between 1.0% and 2.0% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;
- (B) there are no more than 5 issuers for which the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities issued by any such issuer is between 1.5% and 2.0% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;
- (C) there are a minimum of 105 issuers of all Collateral Debt Securities;
- (D) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities issued by any one issuer is not greater than 2.0% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance:
- (E) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities publicly rated "A-". "A" or "A+" by Standard & Poor's or "A3", "A2" or "A1" by Moody's issued by any single issuer does not exceed 1.0% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; and

For purposes of clauses (A)-(E) of this paragraph (24), any issuers Affiliated with one another will be considered one issuer;

Weighted Average Life

(A) the Weighted Average Life of all Collateral Debt Securities does not exceed 6.75 years; (B) if such security (including, in the case of any Single Obligation Synthetic Security, the related Reference Obligation) has (i) a Weighted Average Life of at least 8.5 years but less than 12 years, the aggregate Principal Balance of all such securities does not exceed 20% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (ii) a Weighted Average Life of at least 10.1 years and not more than 12 years, the aggregate Principal Balance of all such securities does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; (C) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities with an Average Life greater than 6.5 years and that are publicly rated "A-", "A" or "A+" by Standard & Poor's or "A3", "A2" or "A1" by Moody's does not exceed 5.0% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; (D) the Weighted Average Life of all Collateral Debt Securities publicly rated "A-", "A" or "A+" by Standard & Poor's or "A3", "A2" or "A1" by Moody's is not greater than 5.5 years; (E) if such Collateral Debt Security is publicly rated "A-", "A" or "A+" by Standard & Poor's or "A3", "A2" or "A1" by Moody's, its Average Life does not exceed 8.5 years, (F) if such Collateral Debt Security has an Average Life of at least 10.1 years, such Collateral Debt Security shall have a Moody's public rating of "Aaa" (if publicly rated by Moody's) and a Standard & Poor's public rating of "AAA" (if publicly rated by Standard & Poor's) and may not be a CDO Security, and (G) no Collateral Debt Security shall have an Average Life greater than 12 years;

Single Servicer

- (26) with respect to the Servicer of the security being acquired:
- (A) if the senior unsecured long-term obligations of such Servicer (or, if an affiliate of such Servicer is required to perform the obligations of such Servicer, such affiliate) are rated (x) "Aa3" or higher by Moody's, (y) "AA-" or higher by Standard & Poor's or (z) "AA-" or "S1" or higher by Fitch, the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities serviced by such Servicer (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of any Single Obligation Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 15% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;
- (B) if the senior unsecured long-term obligations of such Servicer (or, if an affiliate of such Servicer is required to perform the obligations of such Servicer, such affiliate) is rated (x) "A3" or higher but below "Aa3" by Moody's (and is not rated at least "AA-" by Standard & Poor's or at least "AA-" or "S1" by Fitch) or (y) "A-" or higher or "Strong" but below "AA" by Standard & Poor's (and not rated at least "Aa3" by Moody's or at least "AA-" or "S1" by Fitch) or (z) "A-" or "S2" or higher but below "AA-" or "S1" by Fitch (and is not rated at least "AA-" by Standard & Poor's or at least "Aa3" by Moody's), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities serviced by such Servicer (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of any Single Obligation Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;
- (C) if the senior unsecured long-term obligations of such Servicer (or, if an affiliate of such Servicer is required to perform the obligations of such Servicer, such affiliate) are not ranked "Strong" by Standard & Poor's, the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities serviced by such Servicer (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of any Single Obligation Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 7.5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; and
- (D) if the senior unsecured long-term obligations of such Servicer (or, if an affiliate of such Servicer is required to perform the obligations of such Servicer, such affiliate) are not rated or are rated (x) below "A3" by Moody's, (y) below "A-" by Standard & Poor's or (z) below "A-" or "S2" by Fitch (and does not satisfy the requirements of (A) or (B) above with respect to this clause (26)), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities serviced by such Servicer (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of any Single Obligation Synthetic Securities the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 7.5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

provided that, notwithstanding the foregoing:

(1) if such Servicer is Countrywide (or, if an affiliate of Countrywide is required to perform the obligations of Countrywide, such affiliate), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are serviced by Countrywide and its affiliates (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of each Single Obligation Synthetic Security the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 15%

of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

- (2) if such Servicer is Wells Fargo (or, if an affiliate of Wells Fargo is required to perform the obligations of Wells Fargo, such affiliate), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are serviced by Wells Fargo and its affiliates (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of each Single Obligation Synthetic Security the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 15% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; and
- (3) if such Servicer is Residential Funding Corp (or, if an affiliate of Residential Funding Corp is required to perform the obligations of Residential Funding Corp, such affiliate), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are serviced by Residential Funding Corp and its affiliates (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of each Single Obligation Synthetic Security the Reference Obligations of which are such securities) does not exceed 15% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Synthetic Securities

if such security is a Synthetic Security, then (A) such Synthetic Security is (27)acquired from a Synthetic Security Counterparty, with a rating, on the date of such grant, of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's or a short-term issuer credit rating from Standard & Poor's of at least "A-1", with a long-term unsecured debt rating from Moody's of at least "Aa2" or a short-term unsecured debt rating from Moody's, if rated by Moody's, of at least "P-1" and, if rated by Fitch, with a short-term issuer credit rating from Fitch of at least "F1" or, if there is no such short-term credit rating from Fitch, a senior unsecured debt rating from Fitch of at least "AA", or such Synthetic Security Counterparty's selection satisfies the Rating Condition, (B) the Rating Condition has been satisfied with respect to the acquisition of such Synthetic Security or it is a Form Approved Synthetic Security (and each of Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch has assigned an Applicable Recovery Rate to such Synthetic Security, Standard & Poor's has assigned a rating or credit estimate and there has been a Moody's Rating Factor assigned by Moody's), (C) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are Synthetic Securities does not exceed 15% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance and (D)(i) the Reference Obligation to which such Synthetic Security relates would (treating the acquisition of the Synthetic Security as acquisition of the Reference Obligation from the Synthetic Security Counterparty) satisfy clauses (7), (8) and (11) of the Eligibility Criteria or (ii) the Issuer and the Trustee receive an opinion of nationally recognized U.S. tax counsel to the effect that such Synthetic Security satisfies clauses (7) and (8) of the Eligibility Criteria;

Synthetic
Corporate CDO
Securities,
CLO
Securities,
Bank Trust
Preferred CDO
Securities and
Insurance
Trust Preferred
CDO Securities

(28) (A) such security is not a Synthetic Corporate CDO Security, (B) such security is not a CLO Security, (C) such security is not an Insurance Trust Preferred CDO Security, (D) such security is not a Corporate CDO Security, (E) if such security is a Bank Trust Preferred CDO Security the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Bank Trust Preferred CDO Securities does not exceed 0.5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; (F) if such security is a CDO Security, the payments on such security will not depend primarily on other CDO Securities (such security being a security in which 35% or more of the underlying obligations of such CDO Security are CDO Securities), and (G) if such security is any type of CDO Security, (i) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are CDO Securities does not exceed 20% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, (ii) such security is publicly rated at least "Aa3" by Moody's (if publicly rated by Moody's) and "AA-" by Standard & Poor's (if publicly

rated by Standard & Poor's), and (iii) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are CDO Securities publicly rated below "Aa2" by Moody's (if publicly rated by Moody's) or "AA-" by Standard & Poor's (if publicly rated by Standard & Poor's) does not exceed 5.0% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Frequency of Interest Payments

(29) (A) such security provides for periodic payments of interest in cash not less frequently than semi-annually and (B) if such security provides for periodic payments of interest in cash less frequently than quarterly, the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that provide for periodic payments of interest in cash less frequently than quarterly (together with the aggregate Principal Balance of any Synthetic Securities related thereto) does not exceed 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Step-Down Bonds/Step-Up Bonds

(30) (A) if such security is a Step-Down Bond (including any Single Obligation Synthetic Security as to which the Reference Obligation is a Step-Down Bond), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are Step-Down Bonds does not exceed 5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance; and (B) if such security is a Step-Up Bond (including any Single Obligation Synthetic Security as to which the Reference Obligation is a Step-Up Bond), the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are Step-Up Bonds does not exceed 5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance;

Collateral Quality Tests

(31) each of the applicable Collateral Quality Tests is satisfied or, if immediately prior to such acquisition one or more of such Collateral Quality Tests was not satisfied, the extent of non-compliance with such Collateral Quality Tests may not be made worse (except to the extent that a reduction in the extent of compliance does not result in non-compliance);

Coverage Tests

(32) each of the Coverage Tests is satisfied or, if immediately prior to such acquisition one or more of the Coverage Tests was not satisfied, the extent of non-compliance with such Coverage Test(s) may not be made worse (except to the extent that a reduction in the extent of compliance does not result in non-compliance) and each Coverage Test was satisfied on the preceding Determination Date (after giving effect to all distributions made or to be made on the related Distribution Date);

No Listing

(33) such security (including the Reference Obligation of a Single Obligation Synthetic Security) is not listed on, and does not trade on, any Stock Exchange or Trading System;

No Trading at Publicly Quoted Price

(34) such security (including the Reference Obligation of a Single Obligation Synthetic Security) is not a security as to which a market maker is continuously obligated to buy and sell on a regular and continuous basis at a publicly disseminated price; and

No Foreign Exchange Controls

(35) payments in respect of such security are not made from a country that imposes foreign exchange controls that effectively limit the availability or use of Dollars to make when due the scheduled payments of principal of and interest on such security.

If during the Ramp-Up Period, the Issuer has made a commitment to acquire a security, then the Eligibility Criteria (other than paragraphs (6) through (8)) need not be satisfied when the Issuer grants such security to the Trustee if (A) the Issuer acquires such security within 30 days of making the commitment to acquire such security and (B) the Eligibility Criteria were satisfied immediately after the Issuer made such

commitment. If the Issuer enters into a transaction during the Ramp-Up Period to acquire a security on a forward sale basis pursuant to the Master Forward Sale Agreement, then, notwithstanding anything in the Indenture to the contrary (including the Eligibility Criteria), such security may be acquired by the Issuer on any date during the Ramp-Up Period at the price specified in the Master Forward Sale Agreement so long as the Eligibility Criteria were satisfied on the date such transaction was entered into by the Issuer. With respect to paragraphs (5), (11), (13) and (20) to (30) above, if any requirement set forth therein is not satisfied immediately prior to the acquisition of the related securities, such requirement is deemed satisfied if the extent of noncompliance with such requirement is not made worse after giving effect to such acquisition (except to the extent that a reduction in the extent of compliance does not result in non-compliance).

If the Issuer has previously entered into a commitment to acquire a security for inclusion in the Collateral, then the Issuer need not comply with any of the Eligibility Criteria (other than paragraphs (6) through (8)) on the date of such acquisition if the Issuer was in compliance with each of the Eligibility Criteria on the date on which the Issuer entered into such commitment. However, the Issuer may only enter into commitments to acquire securities for inclusion in the Collateral if such commitments to acquire securities do not extend beyond a 30-day period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, if an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, no Collateral Debt Security may be acquired unless it was the subject of a commitment entered into by the Issuer prior to the occurrence of such Event of Default.

The Issuer may not acquire any Collateral Debt Security unless such acquisition is made (a) on an "arm's-length basis" for fair market value or (b) pursuant to the Warehouse Agreement or the Master Forward Sale Agreement.

The Issuer has agreed to use its best efforts to purchase during the Ramp-Up Period Collateral Debt Securities having an aggregate Principal Balance of not less than the aggregate Principal Balance necessary for the Issuer to comply with its obligations under the Indenture.

SYNTHETIC SECURITIES

A portion of the Collateral Debt Securities may consist of Synthetic Securities entered into between the Issuer and a Synthetic Security Counterparty.

For purposes of determining the principal balance of a Synthetic Security at any time, the principal balance of such Synthetic Security shall be equal (i) in the case of any Synthetic Security that does not provide that the Issuer has any (contingent or otherwise) payment obligations to the Synthetic Security Counterparty after an initial payment thereunder, the aggregate amount of the repayment obligations of the Synthetic Security Counterparty payable to the Issuer through the maturity of such Synthetic Security and (ii) in the case of any other Synthetic Security, the balance in the related Synthetic Security Collateral Account reduced by the amount of any payments due and payable to the Synthetic Security Counterparty by reason of the occurrence of one or more "credit events" or other similar circumstances to the extent such payments have not yet been made.

For purposes of the Coverage Tests, unless otherwise specified, a Synthetic Security shall be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the Synthetic Security and not of the related Reference Obligations.

For purposes of the Diversity Test, (i) a Single Obligation Synthetic Security will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the related Reference Obligation (and the issuer thereof will be deemed to be the related Reference Obligor and not the Synthetic Security Counterparty) and (ii) a Synthetic Security that references more than one Reference Obligation will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the Synthetic Security. For purposes of the Collateral Quality Tests other than the Diversity Test, and for determining the Moody's Rating of a Synthetic Security, a Synthetic Security will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the Synthetic Security and not of the related Reference Obligation(s).

Investments in Synthetic Securities present risks in addition to those associated with other types of Collateral Debt Securities. See "Risk Factors—Nature of Collateral" and "—Synthetic Securities".

MANNER OF ACQUISITION

Collateral Debt Securities purchased before the Closing Date will be acquired by Merrill Lynch International ("MLI") pursuant to a Warehouse Agreement dated as of January 10, 2005 (the "Warehouse Agreement") between MLI and Maxim Capital Advisors LLC, an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager. On the Closing Date, the Issuer will enter into the Collateral Management Agreement with the Collateral Manager. In the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Manager will represent and warrant that all Collateral Debt Securities purchased by the Issuer on the Closing Date (including Collateral Debt Securities purchased from MLI) satisfy the Eligibility Criteria (except with respect to non-tax related Eligibility Criteria, in which case the Collateral Manager will represent and warrant that those Eligibility Criteria are satisfied to the best of its knowledge after due inquiry).

The Collateral Management Agreement will provide that the Collateral Manager will be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of paragraph (8) of the Eligibility Criteria with respect to the manner of acquisition, in the case of CDO Securities, Other ABS, or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Securities, if the following requirements are satisfied.

First, the Collateral Manager acquires or commits to acquire CDO Securities, Other ABS or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Securities only if, for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, (i) the obligation or security is debt, (ii) the obligation or security is issued only by one or more corporations, (iii) the obligation or security is issued only by persons not engaged in a trade or business within the United States or (iv) the obligation or security is issued by a grantor trust all the assets of which the Issuer could have acquired directly under the requirements of this paragraph and the paragraphs immediately below. For purposes of determining whether any criterion above is satisfied, the Collateral Manager may rely on (x) a legal opinion included in (or described in) the offering documents pursuant to which the CDO Security, Other ABS, or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security was issued to the effect that such criterion will be satisfied, provided that no change that would have a material effect on the satisfaction of such criterion has occurred in the terms of the CDO Security, Other ABS, or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security or the activities or any of the organizational documents of the issuer, as applicable, before the CDO Security, Other ABS, or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security is acquired or (y) an opinion of nationally recognized U.S. Federal income tax counsel.

Second, the Collateral Manager is prohibited from acquiring or committing to acquire CDO Securities, Other ABS, or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Securities from the Collateral Manager (whether or not acting in its capacity as Collateral Manager), an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager or any account or portfolio for which the Collateral Manager or an Affiliate serves as investment advisor unless the seller (a) acquired the security in a way which would have satisfied these requirements if it were the Collateral Manager or (b) regularly acquires obligations or securities of the same type for its own account, could have held the obligation or security for its own account consistent with its investment policies, held the obligation or security for at least 90 days and during that period did not commit to sell or identify the obligation or security as intended for sale to the Issuer.

Third, the Collateral Manager may not acquire or commit to acquire a CDO Security, Other ABS or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security from the obligor or issuer or until it is issued and at least partially funded. There are two exceptions to this requirement. The first exception permits the Collateral Manager to acquire a CDO Security, Other ABS or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security in a registered offering where neither the Collateral Manager nor an Affiliate acted as an underwriter or placement agent. The second exception permits the Collateral Manager to acquire a privately placed CDO Security, Other ABS or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security if either (a) the Collateral Manager and its employees did not participate in the placement or in negotiating or structuring the terms of the obligation or security or (b) the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates did not (i) participate in negotiating or structuring the terms of the obligation or security or (ii) at issuance acquire both (x) more than 33% of the aggregate principal amount of such obligations or securities or any other class of obligations or securities offered by the obligor or issuer in the same or any related offering (unless persons unrelated to the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates purchase more than 50% of the aggregate principal amount

of such obligations or securities at substantially the same time and on substantially the same terms as the Issuer purchases) and (y) more than 8% of the aggregate principal amount of all classes of securities offered by the obligor or issuer in the same or any related offering. Participating in negotiating or structuring the terms of the obligation or security does not include either (i) commenting on offering documents to an unrelated underwriter or placement agent where the ability to comment was generally available to investors or (ii) undertaking due diligence of the kind customarily performed by investors in securities. Both exceptions also require that the purchase price be fixed at the time of any commitment to purchase and the commitment must be subject to there being no material adverse change in the condition of the obligor or issuer or in the financial markets.

Substantially the same restrictions on the manner of acquisition apply to Maxim Capital Advisors LLC with respect to its selection of Collateral Debt Securities pursuant to the Warehouse Agreement.

THE COLLATERAL QUALITY TESTS

The "Collateral Quality Tests" will be used primarily as criteria for purchasing Collateral Debt Securities. See "—Eligibility Criteria". The Collateral Quality Tests will consist of the Diversity Test, the Fitch Weighted Average Rating Factor Test, the Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test, the Moody's Minimum Weighted Average Recovery Rate Test, the Weighted Average Coupon Test, the Weighted Average Spread Test, the Weighted Average Life Test and the Standard & Poor's Minimum Recovery Rate Test described below.

Except as otherwise provided below under "Diversity Test", for purposes of the Diversity Test, (i) a Single Obligation Synthetic Security will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the related Reference Obligation (and the issuer thereof will be deemed to be the related Reference Obligor and not the Synthetic Security Counterparty) and (ii) a Synthetic Security that references more than one Reference Obligation will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the Synthetic Security. For purposes of the Collateral Quality Tests other than the Diversity Test, and for determining the Moody's Rating of a Synthetic Security, a Synthetic Security will be included as a Collateral Debt Security having the characteristics of the Synthetic Security and not of the related Reference Obligation(s).

Ratings Matrix. After the Ramp-Up Completion Date, any of the rows of the table below (each a "Ratings Matrix") shall be applicable for purposes of the Diversity Test and the Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test. Ratings Matrix 60 shall apply on the Ramp-Up Completion Date unless otherwise notified by the Collateral Manager. The minimum diversity score required to satisfy the Diversity Test (the "Designated Minimum Diversity Score") and the Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution required to satisfy the Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test (the "Designated Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution") for each Ratings Matrix are set forth opposite such Ratings Matrix in the table below.

Ratings Matrix	Designated Minimum Diversity Score	Designated Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution
1	16	42
2	17	48
3	18	54
4	19	60
5	20	66

<u>Diversity Test</u>. The "Diversity Test" will be satisfied on any Measurement Date if the Diversity Score on such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than (a) on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 15 and (b) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Designated Minimum Diversity

Score for any of Ratings Matrix 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 *provided* that the applicable Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test on such Measurement Date is the Designated Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution for the same Ratings Matrix. The "Diversity Score" is a single number (rounded to the nearest whole number) that indicates collateral concentration implied by Specified Type and Moody's Rating of the Asset-Backed Securities and is calculated as described in the following paragraphs. A higher Diversity Score reflects a more diverse portfolio.

The default risk of Asset-Backed Securities is assumed by the Rating Agencies to be more highly correlated with other Asset-Backed Securities when compared to the correlation of default risk among a pool of corporate bonds of unaffiliated issuers in many different industry groups. To analyze collateral assets from sectors with correlated default risk, Moody's has developed an alternative Diversity Score method. The formula used to calculate the Diversity Score under this alternative methodology is set forth below.

$$D = \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} p_{i}F_{i}\right)}{\sum \sum \rho_{ij}} \frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} q_{i}F_{i}\right)}{\sqrt{p_{i}q_{i}p_{j}q_{j}} F_{i}F_{j}}$$

where p_i equals the expected loss percentage divided by the loss rate percentage.

First, Moody's assumes that the actual portfolio consists of n bonds; bond i has a face value F, and a default probability p_i that is implied by the rating and maturity of the bond. The probability of survival for bond i is q_i , which equals $1 - p_i$. In addition, the correlation coefficient of default between bond i and j is p_{ij} .

To calculate the alternative Diversity Score, portfolio parameters need to be input, including the rating profile, the par amount, the maturity profile and the default correlation assumptions.

The portfolio of Collateral Debt Securities used to calculate the alternative Diversity Score shall not include Re-REMICs that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that do not depend primarily on Asset-Backed Securities.

In addition, Moody's assumes that the default correlation is associated with the credit quality of the collateral. For example, the default correlation among investment-grade Asset-Backed Securities is lower than the default correlation among below investment-grade Asset-Backed Securities. Finally, the cross correlation of defaults among various types of Asset-Backed Securities plays an important role as well. In order to take account of issuer concentration and vintage effects, certain assumptions are applied.

Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test. The "Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test" will be satisfied on any Measurement Date if the Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution of the Collateral Debt Securities as of such Measurement Date is equal to or less than (a) on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 60 and (b) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Designated Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution for any of Ratings Matrix 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5; provided that the applicable Diversity Test on such Measurement Date is the Designated Minimum Diversity Score for the same Ratings Matrix. The "Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution" on any Measurement Date is the number determined by dividing (i) the summation of the series of products obtained for any Collateral Debt Security that is not a Defaulted Security or Written Down Security, by multiplying (1) the Principal Balance as of such Measurement Date of each such Collateral Debt Security by (2) its respective Moody's Rating Factor as of such Measurement Date by (ii) the aggregate Principal Balance as of such Measurement Date of all Collateral Debt Securities that are not Defaulted Securities or Written Down Securities and rounding the result to the nearest whole number.

The "Moody's Rating Factor" relating to any Collateral Debt Security is the number set forth in the table below opposite the Moody's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security:

Moody's Rating Aaa	Moody's Rating Factor 1	Moody's Rating Ba1	Moody's Rating Factor 940
Aa1	10	Ba2	1,350
Aa2	20	Ba3	1,766
Aa3	40	B1	2,220
A1	70	B2	2,720
A2	120	B3	3,490
A3	180	Caa1	4,770
Baa1	260	Caa2	6,500
Baa2	360	Caa3	8,070
Baa3	610	Ca or lower	10,000

For purposes of the Moody's Maximum Rating Distribution Test:

- (a) If a Collateral Debt Security does not have a Moody's Rating assigned to it at the date of acquisition thereof, the Moody's Rating Factor with respect to such Collateral Debt Security shall be 10,000 until a rating is assigned pursuant to the following sentence. If such Collateral Debt Security is not rated by Moody's and no other security or obligation of the issuer thereof or obligor thereon is rated by Moody's and the Issuer seeks to obtain an estimate of a Moody's Rating Factor, then the Moody's Rating Factor of such Collateral Debt Security will be deemed to be such estimate thereof as may be assigned by Moody's upon the request of the Issuer; and
- (b) With respect to any Synthetic Security, the Moody's Rating Factor shall be determined as specified by Moody's at the time such Synthetic Security is acquired by the Issuer.

The "Moody's Rating" of any Collateral Debt Security will be determined as follows:

- (i) if such Collateral Debt Security is publicly rated by Moody's, the Moody's Rating shall be such rating, or, if such Collateral Debt Security is not publicly rated by Moody's, but the Issuer has requested that Moody's assign a rating to such Collateral Debt Security, the Moody's Rating shall be the rating so assigned by Moody's;
- (ii) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security, if such Asset-Backed Security is not rated by Moody's, then the Moody's Rating of such Asset-Backed Security may be determined using any one of the methods below:
 - (A) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class A1 on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) one subcategory below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "AAA" to "AA-"; (2) two rating subcategories below the

- Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "A+" to "BBB-"; and (3) three rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is below "BBB-";
- (B) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class A2 on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) one subcategory below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "AAA" to "AA-"; (2) two rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "A+" to "BBB-"; and (3) four rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is below "BBB-";
- (C) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class B on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) two subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "AAA" to "AA-"; (2) three rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "A+" to "BBB-"; and (3) four rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is below "BBB-";
- (D) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class D on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) one subcategory below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "BBB-" or greater and (2) two rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is below "BBB-";
- (E) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class E on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) two subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "BBB-" or greater and (2) three rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is below "BBB-";
- (F) (x) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class F on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) one subcategory below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is "AAA" to "AA-"; (2) two rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's is below "BBB-"; and
 - (y) with respect to any Asset-Backed Security not publicly rated by Moody's listed under Class F on the Table of Moody's Asset Classes attached hereto as Schedule F, if such Asset-Backed Security is publicly rated by Fitch, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be (1) two subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Fitch if the rating assigned by Fitch is "AAA" to "AA-"; (2) three rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Fitch if the rating assigned by Fitch is "A+" to "BBB-"; and (3) four rating subcategories below the Moody's equivalent rating assigned by Fitch if the rating assigned by Fitch is below "BBB-";

- (G) with respect to any CMBS Conduit Security or CMBS Credit Tenant Lease Security not publicly rated by Moody's, (x) if Moody's has rated a tranche or class in the relevant Issue and Standard & Poor's or Fitch has rated the subject CMBS Conduit Security or CMBS Credit Tenant Lease Security, then the Moody's Rating thereof shall be one and one-half rating subcategories below the Moody's rating equivalent of the lower of the ratings assigned by Standard & Poor's or Fitch and (y) if Moody's has not rated any such tranche or class and Standard & Poor's and Fitch have rated the subject CMBS Conduit Security or CMBS Credit Tenant Lease Security, then the Moody's Rating thereof will be two rating subcategories below the Moody's rating equivalent of the lower of the ratings assigned by Standard & Poor's or Fitch; and
- (H) with respect to any other type of Asset-Backed Security of a Specified Type not referred to in clauses (A) through (G) above shall be determined pursuant to subclause (i) above;
- (iii) with respect to Corporate Debt Securities, if the related corporate guarantees are not publicly rated by Moody's but another security or obligation of the guarantor or obligor (an "other security") is publicly rated by Moody's, and no rating has been assigned in accordance with clause (a)(i), the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be determined as follows:
 - (A) if the corporate guarantee is a senior secured obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is also a senior secured obligation, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be the rating of the other security;
 - (B) if the corporate guarantee is a senior unsecured obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is a senior secured obligation, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be one rating subcategory below the rating of the other security;
 - (C) if the corporate guarantee is a subordinated obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is a senior secured obligation that is:
 - (1) rated "Ba3" or higher by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be three rating subcategories below the rating of the other security; or
 - (2) rated "B1" or lower by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be two rating subcategories below the rating of the other security;
 - (D) if the corporate guarantee is a senior secured obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is a senior unsecured obligation that is:
 - (1) rated "Baa3" or higher by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be the rating of the other security; or
 - (2) rated "Ba1" or lower by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be one rating subcategory above the rating of the other security;
 - (E) if the corporate guarantee in respect of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security is a senior unsecured obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is also a senior unsecured obligation, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be the rating of the other security;
 - (F) if the corporate guarantee is a subordinated obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is a senior unsecured obligation that is:

- (1) rated "B1" or higher by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be two rating subcategories below the rating of the other security; or
- (2) rated "B2" or lower by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be one rating subcategory below the rating of the other security;
- (G) if the corporate guarantee is a senior secured obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is a subordinated obligation that is:
 - (1) rated "Baa3" or higher by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be one rating subcategory above the rating of the other security;
 - (2) rated below "Baa3" but not rated "B3" by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be two rating subcategories above the rating of the other security;
 - (3) rated "B3" by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be "B2";
- (H) if the corporate guarantee is a senior unsecured obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is a subordinated obligation that is:
 - (1) rated "Baa3" or higher by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be one rating subcategory above the rating of the other security; or
 - (2) rated "Ba1" or lower by Moody's, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall also be one rating subcategory above the rating of the other security; and
- (I) if the Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security is a subordinated obligation of the guarantor or obligor and the other security is also a subordinated obligation, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security shall be the rating of the other security;
- (iv) with respect to Corporate Debt Securities the related corporate guarantees with respect to which are issued by U.S., U.K. or Canadian guarantors or by any other Qualifying Foreign Obligor, if such corporate guarantee is not publicly rated by Moody's, and no other security or obligation of the guarantor is rated by Moody's, then the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security may be determined using any one of the methods below:
 - (A) (1) if such corporate guarantee is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's, then the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security will be (x) one rating subcategory below the Moody's equivalent of the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if such security is rated "BBB-" or higher by Standard & Poor's and (y) two subcategories below the Moody's equivalent of the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's if such security is rated "BB+" or lower by Standard & Poor's; and
 - (2) if such corporate guarantee is not publicly rated by Standard & Poor's but another security or obligation of the guarantor is publicly rated by Standard & Poor's (a "parallel security"), then the Moody's equivalent of the rating of such parallel security will be determined in accordance with the methodology set forth in subclause (1) above, and the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security will be determined in accordance with the methodology set forth in clause (ii) above (for such purpose treating the parallel security as if it were rated by Moody's at the rating determined pursuant to this subclause (2));

- (B) if such corporate guarantee is not publicly rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's, and no other security or obligation of the guarantor is publicly rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's, then the Issuer may present such corporate guarantee to Moody's for an estimate of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security's rating factor, from which its corresponding Moody's rating may be determined, which shall be its Moody's Rating;
- (C) with respect to a corporate guarantee issued by a U.S. corporation, if (1) neither the guarantor nor any of its affiliates is subject to reorganization or bankruptcy proceedings, (2) no debt securities or obligations of the guarantor are in default, (3) neither the guarantor nor any of its affiliates have defaulted on any debt during the past two years, (4) the guarantor has been in existence for the past five years, (5) the guarantor is current on any cumulative dividends, (6) the fixed-charge ratio for the guarantor exceeds 125% for each of the past two fiscal years and for the most recent quarter, (7) the guarantor had a net annual profit before tax in the past fiscal year and the most recent quarter and (8) the annual financial statements of the guarantor are unqualified and certified by a firm of independent accountants of national reputation, and quarterly statements are unaudited but signed by a corporate officer, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security will be "B3";
- (D) with respect to a corporate guarantee issued by a non-U.S. guarantor, if (1) neither the guarantor nor any of its affiliates is subject to reorganization or bankruptcy proceedings and (2) no debt security or obligation of the guarantor has been in default during the past two years, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security will be "Caa2"; and
- (E) if a debt security or obligation of the guarantor has been in default during the past two years, the Moody's Rating of such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security will be "Ca";

provided that:

- (w) the rating of any Rating Agency used to determine the Moody's Rating pursuant to any of clauses (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) above shall be a public rating (and not an estimated rating) that addresses the obligation of the obligor (or guarantor, where applicable) to pay principal of and interest on the relevant Collateral Debt Security in full and is monitored on an ongoing basis by the relevant Rating Agency;
- (x) in respect of Collateral Debt Securities the Moody's Rating of which is based on a rating of another Rating Agency (1) if such Collateral Debt Securities are rated by both Standard & Poor's and Fitch, the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities may not exceed 20% of the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities; (2) if such Collateral Debt Securities are rated by either of the other Rating Agencies (but not both), the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities may not exceed 10% of the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities; and (3) if such Collateral Debt Securities are rated by the same Rating Agency (and no other Rating Agency), the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities may not exceed 7.5% of the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities;
- (y) with respect to any Synthetic Security, the Moody's Rating thereof will be determined as specified by Moody's at the time such Synthetic Security is acquired; and
- (z) other than for the purposes of paragraph (5) of the Eligibility Criteria, (A) if a Collateral Debt Security rated "Aa1" is placed on a watch list for possible upgrade by Moody's, the Moody's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security shall be "Aaa", (B) if a Collateral Debt Security is placed on a watch list for possible downgrade by Moody's, the Moody's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security shall be (I) if such Collateral Debt Security is rated "Aaa" immediately prior to such Collateral Debt Security being placed on such watch list, one rating subcategory below the Moody's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security immediately prior to such Collateral Debt Security being placed on such watch list and (II) otherwise, two rating subcategories below the Moody's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security immediately prior to such Collateral Debt Security being placed on such watch list and (C) if a Collateral Debt Security rated below "Aa1"

is placed on a watch list for possible upgrade by Moody's, the Moody's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security shall be two rating subcategories above the Moody's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security immediately prior to such Collateral Debt Security being placed on such watch list.

Fitch Weighted Average Rating Factor Test. The "Fitch Weighted Average Rating Factor Test" will be satisfied on the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Fitch Weighted Average Rating Factor of the Collateral Debt Securities as of such Measurement Date does not exceed 1.25. The "Fitch Weighted Average Rating Factor" is, on any Measurement Date, the number determined by dividing (i) the summation of the series of products obtained (a) for any Collateral Debt Security pledged to the Trustee that is not a Defaulted Security, by multiplying (1) the Principal Balance on such Measurement Date of each such Collateral Debt Security pledged to the Trustee by (2) its respective Fitch Rating Factor on such Measurement Date and (b) for any Defaulted Security, by multiplying (1) the Applicable Recovery Rate (determined for purposes of this definition pursuant to clause (c) of the definition of "Applicable Recovery Rate") for such Defaulted Security by (2) the Principal Balance on such Measurement Date of each such Defaulted Security by (3) its respective Fitch Rating Factor on such Measurement Date by (ii) the sum of (a) the aggregate Principal Balance on such Measurement Date of all Collateral Debt Securities that are not Defaulted Securities plus (b) the summation of the series of products obtained by multiplying (1) the Applicable Recovery Rate (determined for purposes of this definition pursuant to clause (c) of the definition of "Applicable Recovery Rate") for each Defaulted Security by (2) the Principal Balance on such Measurement Date of such Defaulted Security, and rounding the result up to the nearest second decimal place.

The "Fitch Rating Factor" as of any Measurement Date, for the purposes of computing the Fitch Weighted Average Rating Factor Test with respect to any Collateral Debt Security or Eligible Investment on any Quarterly Distribution Date, is the number set forth in the table below opposite the Fitch Rating of such Collateral Debt Security or Eligible Investment:

	Fitch Rating		Fitch Rating
Fitch Rating	Factor	Fitch Rating	Factor
AAA	0.19	ВВ	13.53
AA+	0.57	BB-	18.46
AA	0.89	B+	22.84
AA-	1.15	В	27.67
A+	1.65	B-	34.98
Α	1.85	CCC+	43.36
A-	2.44	CCC	48.52
BBB+	3.13	CC	77.00
BBB	3.74	С	95.00
BBB-	7.26	DDD-D	100.00
BB+	10 18		

The "Fitch Rating" of any Collateral Debt Security as of any date of determination will be determined as follows:

- (i) if such Collateral Debt Security is rated by Fitch, as published in any publicly available news source identified by the Collateral Manager, such rating;
- (ii) if the rating cannot be assigned pursuant to clause (i) above and there is a publicly available Collateral Debt Security rating by Moody's or Standard & Poor's (but not both), the rating that corresponds to Standard & Poor's or Moody's rating, as the case may be;
- (iii) if the rating cannot be assigned pursuant to clauses (i) or (ii) above and there is a publicly available rating of Collateral Debt Security by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, the rating that corresponds to the lower of the Moody's or Standard & Poor's rating; and

(iv) if the rating cannot be assigned pursuant to clauses (i) through (iii) above, the Issuer or the Collateral Manager, on behalf of the Issuer, shall apply to Fitch for a private rating which shall then be the Fitch Rating

provided that (x) if such Collateral Debt Security has been put on rating watch negative or negative credit watch for possible downgrade by any Rating Agency, then the rating used to determine the Fitch Rating above shall be one rating subcategory below such rating by that Rating Agency, and (y) if such Collateral Debt Security has been put on rating watch positive or positive credit watch for possible upgrade by any Rating Agency, then the rating used to determine the Fitch Rating above shall be one rating subcategory above such rating by that Rating Agency, and (z) notwithstanding the rating definition described above, Fitch reserves the right to issue a rating estimate for any Collateral Debt Security at any time.

The "Fitch Recovery Rate" means, with respect to any Defaulted Security on any Measurement Date, an amount equal to the percentage set forth in (x) the row corresponding to the type of Collateral Debt Security, domicile and seniority of such Defaulted Security, as applicable, as set forth in the Fitch Recovery Rate Matrix attached as Part III of Schedule A and (y) the column corresponding to the most senior outstanding Class of Notes then rated by Fitch.

The "Standard & Poor's Rating" of any Collateral Debt Security will be determined as follows:

- (i) if Standard & Poor's has assigned a rating to such Collateral Debt Security either publicly or privately (in the case of a private rating, with the appropriate consents for the use of such private rating), the Standard & Poor's Rating shall be the rating assigned thereto by Standard & Poor's;
- (ii) if such Collateral Debt Security is not rated by Standard & Poor's but the Issuer on behalf of the Issuer has requested that Standard & Poor's assign a rating to such Collateral Debt Security, the Standard & Poor's Rating shall be the rating so assigned by Standard & Poor's; provided that pending receipt from Standard & Poor's of such rating, (x) if such Collateral Debt Security is of a type listed on Schedule D or is not eligible for notching in accordance with Schedule E, such Collateral Debt Security shall have a Standard & Poor's Rating of "CCC-" and (y) if such Collateral Debt Security is not of a type listed on Schedule D and is eligible for notching in accordance with Schedule E, the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security shall be the rating assigned in accordance with Schedule E until such time as Standard & Poor's shall have assigned a rating thereto; and
- (iii) if such Collateral Debt Security is a Collateral Debt Security that has not been assigned a rating by Standard & Poor's pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) above, and is not of a type listed on Schedule D, the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security shall be the rating determined in accordance with Schedule E; *provided* that (x) if any Collateral Debt Security shall, at the time of its purchase by the Issuer, be on watch for a possible upgrade or downgrade by either Moody's or Fitch, the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security shall be one subcategory above or below, respectively, the rating otherwise assigned to such Collateral Debt Security in accordance with Schedule E; and (y) that the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are assigned a Standard & Poor's Rating pursuant to this clause (iii) may not (1) exceed 20% of the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities if such Collateral Debt Securities are rated by either of the other Rating Agencies (but not both).

Moody's Minimum Weighted Average Recovery Rate Test. The "Moody's Minimum Weighted Average Recovery Rate Test" will be satisfied as of any Measurement Date on or after the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Moody's Weighted Average Recovery Rate as of such Measurement Date is greater than or equal to (a) on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 43% and (b) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 45%.

The "Moody's Weighted Average Recovery Rate" is the number (expressed as a percentage rounded up to the first decimal place) obtained by (a) summing the products obtained by multiplying the Principal

Balance of each Collateral Debt Security other than a Defaulted Security by its "Applicable Recovery Rate" (determined for purposes of this definition pursuant to clause (a) of the definition of "Applicable Recovery Rate") and (b) <u>dividing</u> such sum by the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities (other than Defaulted Securities).

Weighted Average Coupon Test. The "Weighted Average Coupon Test" means a test that is satisfied on any Measurement Date if the Weighted Average Coupon as of such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than (i) 5.40% on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, and (ii) 5.45% (plus the Swap Differential on the Ramp-Up Completion Date if such Swap Differential is positive or minus the absolute value of the Swap Differential on the Ramp-Up Completion Date if such Swap Differential is negative) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date.

The "Weighted Average Coupon" means, as of any Measurement Date, the sum (rounded up to the next 0.001%) of (a) the number obtained by (i) summing the products obtained by <u>multiplying</u> (x) the current interest rate on each Collateral Debt Security pledged to the Trustee that is a fixed rate security (excluding all Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities) by (y) the Principal Balance of each such Collateral Debt Security pledged to the Trustee and (ii) <u>dividing</u> such sum by the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are fixed rate securities (excluding all Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities) <u>plus</u> (b) if such sum of the numbers obtained pursuant to clause (a) is less than the applicable percentage specified in the definition of "Weighted Average Coupon Test", the Spread Excess, if any, as of such Measurement Date. For purposes of this definition, no contingent payment of interest will be included in such calculation.

The "Fixed Rate Excess" as of any Measurement Date will equal a fraction (expressed as a percentage) the numerator of which is equal to the product of (a) the greater of zero and the excess, if any, of the Weighted Average Coupon for such Measurement Date over 5.45% and (b) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Fixed Rate Securities (excluding Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities) and the denominator of which is the aggregate Principal Balance of all Floating Rate Securities (excluding Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities).

"Swap Differential" means, a number (which may be positive or negative) equal to, on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Weighted Average Swap Fixed Rate on the Ramp-Up Completion Date minus the Weighted Average Swap Fixed Rate on the Closing Date.

"Weighted Average Swap Fixed Rate" means, as of the Closing Date, and the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the number (rounded up to the next 0.001%) obtained by (i) summing the products obtained by multiplying (x) the notional amount (as of such Measurement Date) of each interest rate swap transaction under the Hedge Agreement in effect on such Measurement Date by (y) the weighted average fixed rate payable by the Issuer to the Hedge Counterparty in respect of such transaction and (ii) dividing such sum by the aggregate notional amount (as of such Measurement Date) of all interest rate swap transactions under the Hedge Agreement in effect on such Measurement Date.

Weighted Average Spread Test. The "Weighted Average Spread Test" will be satisfied on any Measurement Date if the Weighted Average Spread as of such Measurement Date is greater than or equal to (i) 0.70% on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, and (ii) 0.72% on the Ramp-Up Completion Date.

The "Weighted Average Spread" means, as of any Measurement Date, the sum (rounded up to the next 0.001%) of (a) the number obtained by (i) summing the products obtained by <u>multiplying</u> (x) the stated spread above or below LIBOR at which interest accrues on each Collateral Debt Security that is a floating rate security (other than a Defaulted Security or a Written Down Security) as of such date <u>by</u> (y) the Principal Balance of such Collateral Debt Security as of such date, and (ii) <u>dividing</u> such sum by the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities that are floating rate securities (excluding all Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities) <u>plus</u> (b) if such sum of the numbers obtained pursuant to clause (a) is less than the applicable percentage specified in the definition of "Weighted Average Spread Test", the Fixed Rate Excess, if any, as of

such Measurement Date. For purposes of this definition, (1) no contingent payment of interest will be included in such calculation and (2) in the case of any floating rate security that does not bear interest at a rate expressed as a stated spread above LIBOR, the interest rate payable on such floating rate security on any Measurement Date shall be calculated as a spread above or below LIBOR, and if on such Measurement Date such rate is calculated as a spread below LIBOR, such spread shall be expressed as a negative number for purposes of making the calculation described in clause (a)(i) of the preceding sentence.

The "Spread Excess" means, as of any Measurement Date, a fraction (expressed as a percentage) the numerator of which is equal to the product of (a) the greater of zero and the excess, if any, of the Weighted Average Spread for such Measurement Date over (i) 0.70% on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp Up Completion Date and (ii) 0.72% on the Ramp-Up Completion Date and any Measurement Date thereafter and (b) the aggregate Principal Balance of all floating rate securities (excluding Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities) and the denominator of which is the aggregate Principal Balance of all fixed rate securities (excluding Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities).

Weighted Average Life Test. The "Weighted Average Life Test" will be satisfied on any Measurement Date if the Weighted Average Life of all Collateral Debt Securities as of such Measurement Date is less than or equal to 6.75 years.

On any Measurement Date with respect to any Collateral Debt Securities (excluding all Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities), the "Weighted Average Life" is the number obtained by (i) summing the products obtained by multiplying (a) the Average Life at such time of each such Collateral Debt Security by (b) the outstanding Principal Balance of such Collateral Debt Security and (ii) dividing such sum by the aggregate Principal Balance at such time of all such Collateral Debt Securities. On any Measurement Date with respect to any Collateral Debt Security, the "Average Life" is the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the sum of the products of (a) the number of years (rounded to the nearest one tenth thereof) from such Measurement Date to the respective dates of each successive distribution of principal of such Collateral Debt Security and (b) the respective amounts of principal of such scheduled distributions by (ii) the sum of all successive scheduled distributions of principal on such Collateral Debt Security (as determined by the Collateral Manager).

Standard & Poor's Minimum Recovery Rate Test. The "Standard & Poor's Minimum Recovery Rate Test" will be satisfied on any Measurement Date if the Standard & Poor's Recovery Rate as of such Measurement Date is equal or greater than (a) with respect to the Class A Notes, (1) on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 47% and (2) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 50%; (b) with respect to the Class B Notes, (1) on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 54% and (2) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 57% and (d) with respect to the Class C Notes, (1) on the Closing Date and thereafter to, but excluding, the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 69% and (2) on the Ramp-Up Completion Date, 72%.

The "Standard & Poor's Recovery Rate" means, as of any Measurement Date, the number (expressed as a percentage rounded up to the first decimal place) obtained by (a) summing the products obtained by multiplying the Principal Balance of each Collateral Debt Security pledged to the Trustee on such Measurement Date by its Applicable Recovery Rate (determined for purposes of this definition pursuant to clause (b) of the definition of "Applicable Recovery Rate") and (b) dividing such sum by the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities on such Measurement Date. For purposes of determining the Standard & Poor's Recovery Rate, the Principal Balance of a Defaulted Security will be deemed to be equal to its Calculation Amount.

STANDARD & POOR'S CDO EVALUATOR

The "Standard & Poor's CDO Evaluator" is a dynamic, analytical computer model (including all written instructions and assumptions necessary for running the model) provided by Standard & Poor's to the Issuer, the Collateral Manager and the Collateral Administrator on or prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date for the purpose of estimating the default risk of Collateral Debt Securities.

The Standard & Poor's CDO Evaluator calculates the cumulative default rate of a pool of Collateral Debt Securities consistent with a specified benchmark rating level based upon Standard & Poor's proprietary corporate debt default studies.

There can be no assurance that actual defaults of the Collateral Debt Securities or the timing of defaults will not exceed those assumed in the application of the Standard & Poor's CDO Evaluator. Standard & Poor's makes no representation that actual defaults will not exceed those determined by the Standard & Poor's CDO Evaluator. The Issuer makes no representation as to the expected rate of defaults of the Collateral Debt Securities or the timing of defaults or as to the expected recovery rate or the timing of recoveries.

DISPOSITIONS OF COLLATERAL DEBT SECURITIES

The Collateral Debt Securities may be retired prior to their respective final maturities due to, among other things, the existence and frequency of exercise of any optional or mandatory redemption features of such Collateral Debt Securities. In addition, pursuant to the Indenture, the Issuer:

- (i) may sell any Credit Improved Security or Defaulted Security (other than a Defaulted Synthetic Security) at any time;
- (ii) may sell any Written Down Security or Credit Risk Security at any time; provided that, if (i) the rating of the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes or Class B Notes has been withdrawn or reduced below the rating assigned to such Class or Sub-class of Notes on the Closing Date by Moody's and not reinstated or (ii) the rating of the Class C has been withdrawn or reduced at least two subcategories below the rating assigned to such Class of Notes on the Closing Date by Moody's and not reinstated, then a Credit Risk Security may be sold only if it has been downgraded or put on a watch list for possible downgrade by one or more Rating Agencies by one or more rating subcategories since it was acquired by the Issuer;
- (iii) may sell (or exercise its right to terminate) any Defaulted Synthetic Security at any time;
- (iv) shall sell any Equity Security or other security or consideration received by the Issuer in exchange for a Defaulted Security or any equity security received in an Offer that is not Margin Stock and is described in items (7), (8) and (10) of the Eligibility Criteria within one year after the related Collateral Debt Security became a Defaulted Security (or within one year after such later date as such Equity Security, other security or consideration received in exchange for a Defaulted Security or equity security received in an offer may first be sold in accordance with its terms and applicable law);
- (v) shall sell each Equity Security or equity security received in an Offer (other than an Equity Security or equity security received in an Offer described in clause (iv) above) not later than five Business Days after the Issuer's receipt thereof (or within five Business Days after such later date as such Equity Security or equity security received in an offer may first be sold in accordance with its terms and applicable law);
- (vi) shall sell any Deliverable Obligation that is a Defaulted Security and that is not described in item (8) of the Eligibility Criteria not later than five Business Days after the Issuer's receipt thereof (or within five Business Days after such later date as such Defaulted Security may first be sold in accordance with its terms and applicable law); and
- (vii) shall, in the event of an Auction Call Redemption, Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption, direct the Trustee to sell, in consultation with the Collateral Manager, Collateral Debt Securities without regard to the foregoing limitations.

All sale proceeds of an Equity Security, Credit Improved Security, Credit Risk Security, Written Down Security or Defaulted Security sold by the Issuer as described above will be deposited in the "Principal Collection Account" or "Interest Collection Account", as the case may be, and applied on the Quarterly

Distribution Date immediately succeeding the end of the Due Period in which they were received in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Any disposition by the Issuer of an Equity Security or a Defaulted Security will be conducted on an "arm's-length basis" for fair market value.

In the event of an Optional Redemption, Auction Call Redemption or a Tax Redemption, the Trustee (in consultation with the Collateral Manager) may sell Collateral Debt Securities without regard to the limitations described above that are applicable to sales by the Issuer; *provided* that (i) the proceeds therefrom will be at least sufficient to pay certain expenses and other amounts and redeem in whole but not in part all Notes to be redeemed simultaneously; (ii) such proceeds are used to make such a redemption and (iii) the Issuer provides a certification as to the sale proceeds of the Collateral containing calculations which are confirmed in writing by independent accountants as set forth in the Indenture. See "Description of the Notes—Optional Redemption and Tax Redemption" and "—Auction Call Redemption".

THE HEDGE AGREEMENT

The Issuer will enter into an interest rate protection agreement with a counterparty with respect to which the Rating Condition has been satisfied (the "Hedge Counterparty") as of the Closing Date consisting of an ISDA Master Agreement and Schedule and an interest rate swap confirmation dated on or about the Closing Date and additional interest rate swap confirmations, if any, entered into between the Issuer and the Hedge Counterparty from time to time (such agreement, and any replacement therefor entered into in accordance with the Indenture, the "Hedge Agreement"). The Hedge Agreement may consist of one or more interest rate swaps. The Issuer shall not, however, enter into any hedge agreement the payments from which are subject to withholding tax or the entry into, performance or termination of which would subject the Issuer to tax on a net income basis in any jurisdiction outside the Issuer's jurisdiction of incorporation. The initial Hedge Counterparty shall be AIG Financial Products Corp. (the "Initial Hedge Counterparty"), located at 50 Danbury Road, Wilton, CT 06897-4444. Pursuant to the Priority of Payments, scheduled payments required to be made by the Issuer under the Hedge Agreement, together with any termination payments payable by the Issuer other than by reason of an "event of default" or "termination event" (other than an "illegality" or "tax event") with respect to which the Hedge Counterparty is the "defaulting party" or the sole "affected party" (as each such term is defined in the Hedge Agreement), will be payable pursuant to paragraph (4) under "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds" and paragraph (1) under "Priority of Payments—Principal Proceeds". The Hedge Agreement will be governed by New York law.

In respect of any Hedge Counterparty (other than the Initial Hedge Counterparty), if: (x)(i) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of its Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated below "A1" by Moody's (or rated "A1" by Moody's and on watch for possible downgrade) and (ii) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated below "P-1" by Moody's or are rated "P-1" by Moody's and such rating is on watch for possible downgrade or (y) if such Hedge Rating Determining Party does not have a short-term rating from Moody's, the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated below "Aa3" by Moody's or are rated "Aa3" by Moody's and such rating is on watch for possible downgrade, then the relevant Hedge Counterparty shall, within 30 Business Days of such ratings downgrade, enter into an agreement with the Issuer providing for the posting of collateral, which agreement satisfies the Rating Condition.

In respect of any Hedge Counterparty (other than the Initial Hedge Counterparty), its Hedge Rating Determining Party fails to satisfy the Ratings Threshold, then the Issuer may terminate any Hedge Agreement to which such Hedge Counterparty is party, unless such Hedge Counterparty has within 30 days following such failure (x) assigned its rights and obligations in and under the relevant Hedge Agreement (at its own expense) to another Hedge Counterparty that has ratings at least equal to the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement and pursuant to a Hedge Agreement that satisfied the Rating Condition with respect to Moody's and Standard & Poor's and of which notification has been provided to Fitch or (y) if such Hedge Counterparty is unable to assign its rights and obligations within such 30 day period, such Hedge Counterparty has within such 30 day period

entered into any other agreement with or arrangement for the benefit of the Issuer and the Trustee that is reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee on behalf of the Issuer and that satisfied the Rating Condition; provided that if the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Standard & Poor's is withdrawn, suspended or falls below "BBB-", such 30 day period above shall be shortened to 10 days.

In respect of the Initial Hedge Counterparty:

- (i) if a Collateralization Event occurs, the Initial Hedge Counterparty and the Issuer shall enter into an agreement, solely at the expense of the Initial Hedge Counterparty, in the form of the ISDA Credit Support Annex attached as Annex B to the Hedge Agreement; *provided* that, a Ratings Event will be deemed to have occurred if the Initial Hedge Counterparty has not, within 30 days following a Collateralization Event, (A) provided sufficient collateral as required under the Initial Hedge Agreement, (B) found another Hedge Counterparty in accordance with clause (iii), (C) obtained a guarantor for the obligations of the Initial Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement which satisfies the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement or (D) taken such other steps as each Rating Agency that has downgraded the Hedge Rating Determining Counterparty in respect of the Initial Hedge Counterparty may require to cause the obligations of the Initial Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement to be treated by such Rating Agency as if such obligations were owed by a counterparty which satisfies the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement;
- (ii) at any time following a Collateralization Event, the Initial Hedge Counterparty may elect, upon 10 days' prior written notice to the Issuer and the Trustee, to transfer the Hedge Agreement and assign its rights and obligations thereunder to another Hedge Counterparty that satisfies the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement in accordance with the terms of the Hedge Agreement, *provided* that such transfer satisfies the Rating Condition;
- (iii) at any time following a Collateralization Event, the Initial Hedge Counterparty may terminate the Hedge Agreement on any Quarterly Distribution Date; *provided* that (i) the Initial Hedge Counterparty has identified another Hedge Counterparty that satisfies the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement and (ii) the entry by the Issuer into any replacement Hedge Agreement in connection with such termination satisfies the Rating Condition; and
- (iv) following the occurrence of a Ratings Event, the Issuer may terminate the Hedge Agreement unless the Initial Hedge Counterparty has assigned its rights and obligations in and under the Hedge Agreement (at its own expense) to another Hedge Counterparty selected by the Issuer that has ratings at least equal to the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement (x) in the case of a Ratings Event as a result of a downgrade, withdrawal or suspension by Moody's or Fitch, within 10 days following such Ratings Event or, if the Issuer does not select another Hedge Counterparty within 10 days following such Ratings Event, to a Hedge Counterparty selected by the Initial Hedge Counterparty within 20 days following the end of such 10 day period or (y) in the case of a Ratings Event as a result of a downgrade, withdrawal or suspension from Standard & Poor's, as soon as practicable but in no event later than 10 Business Days following such Ratings Event.

The Trustee shall deposit all collateral received from the Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement in a securities account in the name of the Trustee that will be designated the "Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account", which account will be maintained for the benefit of the Noteholders, the Hedge Counterparty and the Trustee.

"Collateralization Event", means in respect of the Initial Hedge Counterparty, the occurrence of any of the following: (i) (a) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Standard & Poor's falls below "A+" or no such long-term rating from Standard & Poor's exists and (b) the short-term rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Standard & Poor's falls below "A-1" or no such short-term rating from Standard & Poor's exists; (ii) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Moody's is withdrawn, suspended or falls to "Aa3" (and on credit watch for possible downgrade) or below "Aa3", if its Hedge Rating Determining Party has a long-term rating only; (iii) the long-term

senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Moody's is withdrawn, suspended or falls to "A1" (and on credit watch for possible downgrade) or below "A1" or the short-term senior unsecured debt rating of the Initial Hedge Counterparty, or if no such rating is available, its Hedge Rating Determining Party or, if no such rating is available, a guaranteed affiliate thereof from Moody's, if so rated by Moody's, falls to "P-1" (and on credit watch for possible downgrade) or below "P-1"; (iv) its Hedge Rating Determining Party's short-term issuer credit rating from Fitch is withdrawn, suspended or falls to "F2" or below; or (v) if its Hedge Rating Determining Party has no short-term issuer credit rating from Fitch, the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Fitch is withdrawn, suspended or falls below "A".

"Hedge Rating Determining Party" means, with respect to the Hedge Counterparty, (a) unless clause (b) applies with respect to the Hedge Agreement, the Hedge Counterparty or any transferee thereof or (b) any affiliate of the Hedge Counterparty or any transferee thereof that unconditionally and absolutely guarantees (with such form of guarantee satisfying Standard & Poor's then-published criteria with respect to guarantees) the obligations of the Hedge Counterparty or such transferee, as the case may be, under the Hedge Agreement. For the purpose of this definition, no direct or indirect recourse against one or more shareholders of the Hedge Counterparty or any such transferee (or against any person in control of, or controlled by, or under common control with, any such shareholder) shall be deemed to constitute a guarantee, security or support of the obligations of the Hedge Counterparty or any such transferee.

The "Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement" means, with respect to any Hedge Counterparty (other than the Initial Hedge Counterparty) or any permitted transferee thereof, (a) either (i) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of the Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's, or (ii) if no short-term debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated by Standard & Poor's, the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of its Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A+" by Standard & Poor's, (b)(i)(x) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated "P-1" by Moody's and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade and (y) the unsecured, unquaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of its Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated higher than "A1" by Moody's or are rated "A1" by Moody's and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade or (ii) if there is no such Moody's short-term debt obligations rating, the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of its Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated higher than "Aa3" by Moody's or are rated "Aa3" by Moody's and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade and (c) either (i) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of its Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "F1" by Fitch or (ii) if there is no such short-term debt rating by Fitch, the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of its Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A" by Fitch.

"Ratings Event" means, with respect to a Hedge Agreement entered into on the Closing Date between the Issuer and the Initial Hedge Counterparty, the occurrence of any of the following: (i) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Moody's is withdrawn, suspended or falls to or below "A2", if its Hedge Rating Determining Party has a long-term rating only; (ii) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Moody's is withdrawn, suspended or falls to or below "A3" or the short-term senior unsecured debt rating of the Initial Hedge Counterparty or, if no such rating is available, its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Moody's, or if no such rating is available, a guaranteed affiliate thereof from Moody's, if so rated by Moody's, falls to or below "P-2"; (iii) the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Standard & Poor's is withdrawn, suspended or falls below "BBB-"; (iv) the short-term issuer credit rating of its Hedge Rating Determining Party from Fitch is withdrawn, suspended or falls below "BBB+"; or (v) the failure of its Hedge Counterparty to provide, within 10 days following a Collateralization Event, sufficient collateral as required under the Hedge Agreement.

"Ratings Threshold", means, with respect to the Hedge Counterparty (other than the Initial Hedge Counterparty), (a) either (i) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of the Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's or (ii) if the Hedge Rating

Determining Party does not have a short-term rating from Standard & Poor's, the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A+" by Standard & Poor's, (b) (i) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of the Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A3" by Moody's, *provided* that the Ratings Threshold shall not be satisfied if such obligations are rated "A3" by Moody's and such rating is on watch for possible downgrade and (ii) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "P-2" by Moody's, *provided* that the Ratings Threshold shall not be satisfied if such obligations are rated "P-2" by Moody's and such rating is on watch for possible downgrade and (c) either (i) the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported short-term debt obligations of the Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "F1" by Fitch or (ii) if there is no such short-term rating by Fitch, the unsecured, unguaranteed and otherwise unsupported long-term senior debt obligations of such Hedge Rating Determining Party are rated at least "A" by Fitch.

The Hedge Agreement will be subject to termination upon the earlier to occur of (a) an Event of Default followed by the liquidation of the Collateral in accordance with the Indenture and (b) any Optional Redemption, Auction Call Redemption or Tax Redemption. The Issuer and the Hedge Counterparty may from time to time (1) prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, enter into additional interest rate swap and interest rate cap transactions under the Hedge Agreement in connection with additional Borrowings under the Class A-1 Notes and (3) following the Ramp-Up Completion Date enter into additional interest rate swap and interest rate cap transactions or reduce the notional amount under the interest rate swap and interest rate cap transactions so long as, in each case, such action by the Issuer satisfies the Rating Condition. If amounts are applied to the redemption of Notes on any Quarterly Distribution Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments by reason of a Rating Confirmation Failure or a failure to satisfy any of the Coverage Tests, then, subject to the satisfaction of the Rating Condition, the interest rate swap transactions under the Hedge Agreement will be subject to partial termination on such Quarterly Distribution Date with respect to a portion of the notional amount thereof equal to the aggregate outstanding principal amount of such Notes so redeemed on such Quarterly Distribution Date. In addition, subject to satisfaction of the Rating Condition with respect to such reduction and the prior consent of the Hedge Counterparty, a Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders (acting together) may on any Quarterly Distribution Date direct the Issuer to reduce the notional amount of any interest rate swap transactions outstanding under the Hedge Agreement. Upon any such termination or reduction of a notional amount, a termination payment with respect to the notional amount terminated or reduced may become payable by the Hedge Counterparty or the Issuer to the other party under the Hedge Agreement, with such termination payment being calculated as described below.

If at any time the Hedge Agreement becomes subject to early termination due to the occurrence of an "event of default" or a "termination event" other than illegality or a "tax event" (each as defined in the Hedge Agreement) attributable to the Hedge Counterparty thereto, the Issuer and the Trustee shall take such actions (following the expiration of any applicable grace period) to enforce the rights of the Issuer and the Trustee thereunder as may be permitted by the terms of the Hedge Agreement and consistent with the terms hereof, and shall apply the proceeds of any such actions (including the proceeds of the liquidation of any collateral pledged by the Hedge Counterparty) to enter into a replacement Hedge Agreement on substantially identical terms or on such other terms satisfying the Rating Condition, and with a Hedge Counterparty with respect to which the Rating Condition shall have been satisfied. In determining the amount payable under the terminated Hedge Agreement, the Issuer will seek quotations from reference market-makers that satisfy the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement. In addition, the Issuer will use its best efforts to cause the termination of the Hedge Agreement to become effective simultaneously with the entry into a replacement Hedge Agreement described as aforesaid. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Hedge Agreement becomes subject to early termination due to the occurrence of an "event of default" or a "termination event" other than "illegality" or "tax event" (each as defined in the Hedge Agreement) attributable to the Hedge Counterparty thereto, the Issuer agrees not to exercise its right to terminate the Hedge Agreement unless no amounts would be owed by the Issuer to the Hedge Counterparty as a result of such termination (or the Issuer certifies to the Hedge Counterparty that the funds available on the next Quarterly Distribution Date will be sufficient to pay such termination payment); provided, however, in such event, at the option of the Issuer, the Hedge Counterparty shall be required to assign its rights and obligations under the relevant Hedge Agreement and all transactions thereunder at no cost to the Issuer (it being understood that the Hedge Counterparty shall pay the Issuer's

expenses in connection therewith, including legal fees) to a party selected by the Hedge Counterparty (with the assistance of the Issuer, which assistance will not be unreasonably withheld) (the "Subordinated Termination Substitute Party") (x) in the case of the occurrence of an "event of default" or a "termination event" (each as defined in the Hedge Agreement) attributable to the Hedge Counterparty other than a downgrade, withdrawal or suspension from Standard & Poor's within 30 days following the selection of a Subordinated Termination Substitute Party by the Hedge Counterparty or (y) in the case of a the occurrence of an "event of default" or a "termination event" (each as defined in the Hedge Agreement) attributable to the Hedge Counterparty that is a downgrade, withdrawal or suspension from Standard & Poor's as soon as practicable but in no event later than 10 Business Days following such downgrade, withdrawal or suspension from Standard & Poor's: and provided. that such an assignment will not comply with this provision unless (A) as of the date of such transfer neither the Subordinated Termination Substitute Party nor the Issuer will be required to withhold or deduct on account of any tax from any payments under the Hedge Agreement in excess of what would have been required to be withheld or deducted in the absence of such transfer; (B) a "termination event" or "event of default" does not occur under the Hedge Agreement as a result of such assignment; (C) the Subordinated Termination Substitute Party satisfies the Hedge Counterparty Ratings Requirement: (D) such Subordinated Termination Substitute Party assumes the obligations of the Hedge Counterparty under the Hedge Agreement (through an assignment and assumption agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Issuer) or replaces the outstanding transactions under the Hedge Agreement with transactions on substantially identical terms, except that the Hedge Counterparty shall be replaced as counterparty; (E) such assignment satisfies the Rating Condition; (F) the Hedge Counterparty assumes payment of any cost associated with the transfer of the Hedge Agreement and all transactions thereunder to the Subordinated Termination Substitute Party; (G) the Subordinated Termination Substitute Party shall be a dealer in notional principal contracts and (H) payment has been made to the Hedge Counterparty by the Subordinated Termination Substitute Party of an amount payable under the terminated Hedge Agreement based on quotations from reference market-makers, such payment in full satisfaction of all amounts owing by the Issuer in connection with such assignment (other than unpaid amounts).

Amounts payable upon any such termination or reduction will be based upon the standard replacement transaction valuation methodology set forth in the 1992 ISDA Master Agreement published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. If any amount is payable by the Issuer to the Hedge Counterparty in connection with the occurrence of any such partial termination or notional amount reduction, such amount, together with interest on such amount for the period from and including the date of termination to but excluding the date of payment at a rate set forth in the Hedge Agreement, shall be payable on such Quarterly Distribution Date to the extent funds are available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments, and any amount not so paid on such Quarterly Distribution Date shall be payable on the first Quarterly Distribution Date on which such amount may be paid in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

The obligations of the Issuer under the Hedge Agreement are limited recourse obligations payable solely from the Collateral pursuant to the Priority of Payments.

THE ACCOUNTS

On or prior to the Closing Date the Trustee will have established each of the following accounts (the "Accounts"):

Collection Accounts

All distributions on the Collateral Debt Securities and any proceeds received from the disposition of any such Collateral Debt Securities, to the extent such distributions or proceeds constitute Interest Proceeds, and any amounts payable to the Issuer by a Hedge Counterparty under any Hedge Agreement (other than amounts received by the Issuer by reason of an event of default or termination event under a Hedge Agreement or other comparable event that are required to be used for the purchase by the Issuer of a replacement Hedge Agreement) will be remitted to a single, segregated account established and maintained under the Indenture by the Trustee (the "Interest Collection Account") which may be a subaccount of the Custodial Account.

All distributions on the Collateral Debt Securities and any proceeds received from the disposition of any such Collateral Debt Securities to the extent such distributions or proceeds constitute Principal Proceeds will be remitted to a single, segregated account established and maintained under the Indenture by the Trustee (the "Principal Collection Account" which may be a subaccount of the Custodial Account and, together with the Interest Collection Account, the "Collection Accounts").

The Collection Accounts shall be maintained for the benefit of the Secured Parties and amounts on deposit therein will be available, together with reinvestment earnings thereon, for application in the order of priority set forth above under "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

Amounts received in the Collection Accounts during a Due Period and amounts received in prior Due Periods and retained in the Collection Accounts under the circumstances set forth above in "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments" will be invested in Eligible Investments (as described below) with stated maturities no later than the Business Day immediately preceding the next Quarterly Distribution Date. All such proceeds will be retained in the Collection Accounts or used as otherwise permitted under the Indenture. See "—Eligibility Criteria".

Payment Account

On or prior to the Business Day prior to each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Trustee will deposit into a single, segregated account established and maintained by the Trustee under the Indenture (the "Payment Account") for the benefit of the Secured Parties all funds in the Collection Accounts required for payments to Noteholders and payments of fees and expenses in accordance with the priority described under "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account

On any date upon which the Issuer receives interest payments in cash in respect of semi-annual interest paying securities, the Trustee will deposit into a single, segregated account established and maintained by the Trustee under the Indenture (the "Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account") 50% of such interest payments on semi-annual interest paying securities. At least one Business Day prior to each Quarterly Distribution Date, the Trustee shall transfer all amounts deposited in the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account on or prior to the Determination Date relating to the immediately preceding Quarterly Distribution Date (including any interest accrued on any such amount) to the Payment Account for application as Interest Proceeds in accordance with the Priority of Payments and such transfer shall be the only permitted withdrawal from, or application of funds on deposit in, or otherwise standing to the credit of, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account. Any and all funds at any time on deposit in, or otherwise to the credit of, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account shall be held in trust by the Trustee for the benefit of the Secured Parties. The Trustee is required to give the Co-Issuers immediate notice if the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account or any funds on deposit therein, or otherwise standing to the credit of the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account, shall become subject to, any writ, order, judgment, warrant of attachment, execution or similar process. The Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account shall remain at all times with a financial institution having a long-term debt rating of at least "Baa1" by Moody's (and, if rated "Baa1", not be on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), at least "BBB+" by Standard & Poor's and at least "BBB+" by Fitch. At the direction of the Collateral Manager, the Trustee shall invest and reinvest the funds held in the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account in Eligible Investments maturing not later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after the date of such investment or (ii) the Business Day immediately preceding the next Quarterly Distribution Date (or, in the absence of such direction, in Eligible Investments so maturing that are described in clause (h) of the definition thereof). All interest and other income from such investments shall be deposited in the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account, any gain realized from such investments shall be credited to the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account and any loss resulting from such investments shall be charged to the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account. The Trustee shall not in any way be held liable by reason of any insufficiency of the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account resulting from any loss relating to any such investment, except with respect to investments in obligations of the Bank but only to the extent of the liability of the Bank for any such insufficiency.

Uninvested Proceeds Account

On the Closing Date (and following such date, on the date of any Borrowing under the Class A-1 Notes), the Trustee will deposit into a single, segregated account established and maintained by the Trustee under the Indenture (the "Uninvested Proceeds Account") all Uninvested Proceeds (other than the organizational and structuring fees and expenses of the Co-Issuers (including, without limitation, the legal fees and expenses of counsel to the Co-Issuers, the Collateral Manager and the Initial Purchaser), the expenses of offering the Offered Securities and amounts deposited in the any other Account on the Closing Date). On and prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Collateral Manager on behalf of the Issuer may direct the Trustee to, and upon such direction the Trustee shall, apply funds in the Uninvested Proceeds Account in additional Collateral Debt Securities and, pending such investment in additional Collateral Debt Securities, such funds will be invested in Eligible Investments with stated maturities not later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after the date of such investment or (ii) the Business Day immediately preceding the next Quarterly Distribution Date and U.S. Agency Securities; provided that the maximum aggregate Principal Balance of U.S. Agency Securities the Issuer may hold at any time in the Uninvested Proceeds Account is U.S.\$75,000,000. Interest and other income from such investments shall be deposited in the Uninvested Proceeds Account, any gain realized from such investments shall be credited to the Uninvested Proceeds Account, and any loss resulting from such investments shall be charged to the Uninvested Proceeds Account. Interest in respect of any U.S. Agency Securities in the Uninvested Proceeds Account received in any Due Period (other than any interest received in respect of accrued interest purchased by the Issuer upon the acquisition of any U.S. Agency Security) will be transferred to the Interest Collection Account and treated as Interest Proceeds on the related Quarterly Distribution Date. After the Ramp Up Completion Date, the Issuer shall not be permitted to hold any U.S. Agency Securities in the Uninvested Proceeds Account. The Trustee shall transfer any Uninvested Proceeds remaining on deposit in the Uninvested Proceeds Account on the Ramp-Up Completion Date (excluding (i) any amounts transferred to the Interest Collection Account as specified above and (ii) any amounts necessary to settle all agreements entered into by the Issuer on or prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date to acquire Collateral Debt Securities scheduled to settle following the Ramp-Up Completion Date) to the Payment Account to be treated first, as Interest Proceeds in an amount equal to the lesser of (a) the Interest Excess and (b) U.S.\$1,000,000 and, second, as Principal Proceeds, on the first Quarterly Distribution Date thereafter and distributed in accordance with the Priority of Payments. During the Ramp-Up Period and thereafter to settle the purchase of any Collateral Debt Securities pursuant to an agreement entered into prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Collateral Manager on behalf of the Issuer may by notice to the Trustee direct the Trustee to sell Eligible Investments and U.S. Agency Securities credited to the Uninvested Proceeds Account and apply the proceeds (or any other cash credited to the Uninvested Proceeds Account) (i) to purchase additional Collateral Debt Securities, Eligible Investments or U.S. Agency Securities or (ii) make a deposit into a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account in connection with the purchase of a Defeased Synthetic Security.

Expense Account

On the Closing Date, after payment of the organizational and structuring fees and expenses of the Co-Issuers (including, without limitation, the legal fees and expenses of counsel to the Co-Issuers, the Collateral Manager and the Initial Purchaser) and the expenses of offering the Offered Securities, U.S.\$100,000 from the proceeds of the offering of the Offered Securities will be deposited by the Trustee into a single, segregated account established and maintained by the Trustee under the Indenture (the "Expense Account"). On each Quarterly Distribution Date, to the extent that funds are available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments and subject to the dollar limitation set forth in paragraph (2) under "Description of the Notes-Priority of Payments-Interest Proceeds", the Trustee will deposit into the Expense Account an amount from Interest Proceeds (and, to the extent that Interest Proceeds are insufficient, from Principal Proceeds) such that the amount on deposit in the Expense Account (after giving effect to such deposit) will equal U.S.\$100,000. Amounts on deposit in the Expense Account may be withdrawn from time to time to pay accrued and unpaid administrative expenses of the Co-Issuers. All funds on deposit in the Expense Account will be invested in Eligible Investments. All amounts remaining on deposit in the Expense Account at the time when substantially all of the Issuer's assets have been sold or otherwise disposed of will be deposited by the Trustee into the Payment Account for application as Interest Proceeds on the immediately succeeding Quarterly Distribution Date.

Interest Reserve Account

After payment of the organizational and structuring fees and expenses of the Co-Issuers (including, without limitation, the legal fees and expenses of counsel to the Co-Issuers, the Collateral Manager and the Initial Purchaser) and the expenses of offering the Offered Securities, on the Closing Date U.S.\$200,000 from the proceeds of the offering of the Offered Securities will be deposited by the Trustee into a single, account established and maintained by the Trustee under the Indenture (the "Interest Reserve Account"). All funds on deposit in the Interest Reserve Account will be invested in Eligible Investments. The only permitted withdrawal from or application of funds on deposit in, or otherwise standing to the credit of, the Interest Reserve Account shall be as follows: at least one Business Day prior to the first Quarterly Distribution Date, the Trustee will transfer the entire balance standing to the credit of the Interest Reserve Account to the Payment Account for application (x) as Interest Proceeds on the first Quarterly Distribution Date for distribution to the Holders of the Class A-1 Notes if, and only to the extent, necessary for such Noteholders to receive the accrued and unpaid interest due and payable in respect of such Notes on such first Quarterly Distribution Date pursuant to paragraph (5) of "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds" and (y) to the extent that there are any amounts remaining after application as provided in the preceding clause (x), for application as Interest Proceeds in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Custodial Account

The Trustee shall, prior to the Closing Date, cause the Custodian to establish a securities account (the "Custodial Account") in the name of the Trustee into which the Trustee shall from time to time deposit Collateral. All Collateral from time to time deposited in, or otherwise standing to the credit of, the Custodial Account shall be held by the Trustee as part of the Collateral and shall be applied in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

Synthetic Security Counterparty Accounts

For each Defeased Synthetic Security, the Trustee will establish a single, segregated account (each such account, a "Synthetic Security Counterparty Account") that will be held in the name of the Trustee in trust for the benefit of the related Synthetic Security Counterparty and over which the Trustee will have exclusive control and the sole right of withdrawal in accordance with the applicable Synthetic Security and the Indenture. The Trustee and the Issuer shall, in connection with the establishment of a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, enter into a separate account control and security agreement with the Synthetic Security Counterparty setting forth the rights and obligations of the Issuer, the Trustee and the Synthetic Security Counterparty with respect to such account and pursuant to which the Issuer shall grant the Trustee a first priority security interest in such Synthetic Security Counterparty Account for the benefit of the Synthetic Security Counterparty. As directed by Issuer Order executed by the Collateral Manager, the Trustee will withdraw from the Uninvested Proceeds Account and deposit into each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account the amount required to secure the obligations of the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the related Defeased Synthetic Security to the extent that the relevant amount has not been deposited in the Synthetic Security Counterparty Account from the net proceeds received by the Issuer from the issuance of the Notes and the Preferred Shares or Borrowings under the Class A-1 Notes, which amount shall be at least equal to the amount referred to in paragraph (a) of the definition of Defeased Synthetic Security.

In accordance with the terms of the applicable Defeased Synthetic Security and related account control and security agreement, amounts standing to the credit of a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account shall be invested in Eligible Investments. Amounts and property credited to a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account shall be withdrawn by the Trustee and applied to the payment of any amounts payable by the Issuer to the related Synthetic Security Counterparty in accordance with the terms of such Defeased Synthetic Security. To the extent that the Issuer is entitled to receive interest on Eligible Investments credited to a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, the Collateral Manager shall, by Issuer Order, direct the Trustee to deposit such amounts in the Interest Collection Account. After payment of all amounts owing by the Issuer to a Synthetic Security Counterparty in accordance with the terms of the related Defeased Synthetic Security or a default by the Synthetic Security Counterparty which entitles the Issuer to terminate its obligations with respect to such

Synthetic Security Counterparty, the Collateral Manager, by Issuer Order, shall direct the Trustee to withdraw all funds and other property credited to the Synthetic Security Counterparty Account related to such Defeased Synthetic Security and credit such funds and other property to the Principal Collection Account (in the case of cash and Eligible Investments) and the Custodial Account (in the case of Collateral Debt Securities and other financial assets) for application in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

Except for interest on Eligible Investments standing to the credit of a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account payable to the Issuer as described pursuant to the preceding paragraph, funds and other property standing to the credit of a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account shall not be considered to be an asset of the Issuer for purposes of the Collateral Quality Test or Coverage Test; however the Defeased Synthetic Security that relates to such Synthetic Security Counterparty Account shall be considered an asset of the Issuer for such purposes.

Each Synthetic Security Counterparty Account shall remain at all times with a financial institution organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or any State thereof, authorized under such laws to exercise corporate trust powers and having a long-term debt rating of at least "Baa1" by Moody's (and, if rated "Baa1", not be on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's) and at least "BBB+" by Standard & Poor's and a combined capital and surplus in excess of U.S.\$250,000,000.

Synthetic Security Issuer Accounts

If the terms of any Synthetic Security require the Synthetic Security Counterparty to secure its obligations with respect to such Synthetic Security, the Trustee shall cause to be established a Securities Account in respect of such Synthetic Security (each such account, a "Synthetic Security Issuer Account"), which shall be held in the name of the Trustee as Entitlement Holder in trust for the benefit of the Secured Parties. Upon Issuer Order, the Trustee, the Issuer and the Custodian shall enter into an account control agreement with respect to such account in a form substantially similar to the Account Control Agreement. The Trustee shall credit to any such Synthetic Security Issuer Account all funds and other property received from the applicable Synthetic Security Counterparty to secure the obligations of such Synthetic Security Counterparty in accordance with the terms of such Synthetic Security.

As directed by an Issuer Order executed by the Collateral Manager in writing and in accordance with the terms of the applicable Synthetic Security, amounts credited to a Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall be invested in Eligible Investments. Income received on amounts credited to such Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall be withdrawn from such account and paid to the related Synthetic Security Counterparty in accordance with the terms of the applicable Synthetic Security.

Funds and other property standing to the credit of any Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall not be considered to be an asset of the Issuer for purposes of any of the Collateral Quality Tests or the Coverage Tests; however, the Synthetic Security that relates to such Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall be considered an asset of the Issuer for such purposes.

In accordance with the terms of the applicable Synthetic Security, funds and other property standing to the credit of the related Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall, as directed by the Collateral Manager by Issuer Order, be withdrawn by the Trustee and applied to the payment of any amount owing by the related Synthetic Security Counterparty to the Issuer. After payment of all amounts owing by the Synthetic Security Counterparty to the Issuer in accordance with the terms of the related Synthetic Security, all funds and other property standing to the credit of the related Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall be withdrawn from such Synthetic Security Issuer Account and paid or transferred to the related Synthetic Security Counterparty in accordance with the applicable Synthetic Security.

Each Synthetic Security Issuer Account shall remain at all times with a financial institution organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or any State thereof, authorized under such laws to exercise corporate trust powers and having a long-term debt rating of at least "Baa1" by Moody's (and, if rated "Baa1", not be on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's) and at least "BBB+" by Standard & Poor's and a combined capital and surplus in excess of U.S.\$250,000,000.

THE COLLATERAL MANAGER

The information appearing under the heading "The Collateral Manager" has been prepared by the Collateral Manager and has not been independently verified by the Co-Issuers, the Initial Purchaser, the Trustee or any other person. Accordingly, the Collateral Manager assumes the responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or applicability of such information.

Maxim Advisory LLC

Maxim Advisory LLC ("Maxim Advisory") will act as Collateral Manager. Maxim Advisory is a SEC-registered investment advisor and offers investment advisory products and services. Maxim Advisory is an affiliate of Maxim Group LLC ("Maxim Group"), a registered broker-dealer engaged in brokerage, fixed income trading, institutional trading, consulting services in connection with mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and divestitures and sales of insurance products. Maxim Advisory was organized in January 2003 as a limited liability company under the laws of the state of New York and has its principal place of business at 99 Sunnyside Boulevard, Woodbury, New York 11797. Both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group are controlled by Maxim Partners LLC, a New York limited liability company, which in turn is controlled by MJR Holdings LLC, a New York limited liability company ("MJR Holdings"). The controlling person of MJR Holdings is Mr. Michael Rabinowitz, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group. In October 2002, a substantial portion of the business presently conducted by Maxim Group was sold by Investec Ernst & Company ("Investec"), an international specialist bank headquartered in South Africa and the UK, to its then management, several of whom are presently executive officers of both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group.

Key Personnel

As Collateral Manager, Maxim Advisory will be responsible for selecting and monitoring the collateral portfolio and performing other obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement. Mr. Chau will devote substantially all of his business efforts to the affairs of Maxim Advisory. Other key professionals within Maxim Advisory, who devote substantially all their business efforts to the affairs of Maxim Group, will provide managerial or executive support to Maxim Advisory's CDO platform. Set forth below is information regarding the key professionals. The Collateral Manager and its Affiliates have limited experience acting as collateral manager for entities similar to the Issuer, having acted as collateral manager for Jupiter High-Grade CDO Ltd. since December 2004. The loss of the services of employees of the Collateral Manager responsible for monitoring the Collateral Debt Securities and the failure to hire qualified replacements may adversely affect the ability of the Collateral Manager to monitor the portfolio of Collateral Debt Securities. So long as Maxim Advisory LLC or any Affiliate is Collateral Manager, the failure of Mr. Chau to be a director, officer or management-level employee actively involved in managing the Collateral, unless an Approved Replacement for Mr. Chau exists, will constitute "cause" for purposes of removal of the Collateral Manager pursuant to the Collateral Management Agreement.

Wing Chau, Managing Director

Mr. Chau has over ten years experience in the ABS industry. He has been a Managing Director of Maxim Advisory since May 2004. From 2001 to 2004, Mr. Chau was the Senior ABS Trader at Nomura and SG Cowen, where he was in charge of both new issue ABS syndicates and secondary trading. From 1999 to 2001, Mr. Chau was a portfolio manager for New York Life and was responsible for investments in ABS/CMBS/REIT portfolios. In addition, he helped spearhead the successful execution of New York Life's first multisector ABS CDO. From 1994 to 1999, Mr. Chau was a senior ABS Research Analyst with Salomon Smith Barney and Prudential Securities. Mr. Chau received a B.A. in Economics from the University of Rhode Island in 1988 and an M.B.A. in Finance from Babson College in 1993.

Michael Giasi, Director

Michael Giasi has over fifteen years of experience in the Fixed-Income markets covering a wide range of RMBS sectors. From 1997 to 2003, he was a portfolio manager at Metropolitan Life Insurance Company,

where he managed over \$15 billion in agency and non-agency CMOs spread across the entire yield curve and credit spectrum. Mr. Giasi was also a member of MetLife's Relative Value Committee where he made relative value recommendations across many areas of the structured finance markets, including ABS and CMBS. From 1991 to 1997 he worked at PaineWebber as a Senior Analyst in the Quantitative Research Group and then as a CMO Structurer on the CMO Trading Desk. Mr. Giasi spent the first five years of his career as an MBS Research Analyst in direct support of the fixed-rate and adjustable-rate MBS trading efforts at Kidder, Peabody. He received a B.S. in Accounting and Finance from Brooklyn College in 1988, his M.B.A. from Baruch College in 1996 and his CFA in 2001.

Brian Field, Vice President

Mr. Field has over five years experience in structured finance where he has specialized in structuring cash flow CDO transactions. Mr. Field has also marketed and traded structured products, including ABS and MBS, as well as market value, cash flow, and synthetic CDOs. He has been a Vice President of Maxim Advisory since July 2004. Prior to his position at Maxim Advisory, Mr. Field held a sales and trading position at Maxim Group. From 1999 to 2002, Mr. Field structured CDOs at JPMorgan Chase in its global investment banking division. Mr. Field began his career as an actuarial analyst at Towers Perrin, a leading consulting firm in Boston, in 1998. Mr. Field graduated from Union College with a B.S. in Mathematics in 1998.

Alison Wang, Vice President

Alison Wang has over nine years experience advising clients in the structuring and tax implications of various corporate transactions. She has analyzed and advised on many public and private corporate financings, including the offer and sale of various structured finance products. Prior to joining Maxim Advisory, Ms. Wang practiced law at the law firm of Covington & Burling. Ms. Wang began her career as an associate at Price Waterhouse's financial services industry group. She received a B.S., magna cum laude, from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, a J.D. from the Columbia University School of Law and a L.L.M. from the New York University School of Law. Ms. Wang is also a certified public accountant.

Michael Rabinowitz, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Rabinowitz has a career spanning two decades and has held various senior level positions in the securities industry. He is one of the founding members of Maxim Group and has served as the chairman and chief executive officer of both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group since February 2003 and October 2002, respectively. From 1999 to 2002, Mr. Rabinowitz was an Executive Vice President at Investec, where he was part of the executive committee and was responsible for all retail and institutional sales and capital markets, which consisted of equity, fixed income, foreign exchange and options trading. Mr. Rabinowitz served as Chief Financial Officer and later President and Chief Executive Officer of Stuart Coleman & Company ("Stuart Coleman"), a NYSE firm that catered to high net worth individuals and institutional investors, from 1988 until its purchase in 1999 by Investec. Prior to that, Mr. Rabinowitz served as a controller at several mid-size NYSE firms. Mr. Rabinowitz is member of the New York Bond Club Board. He received a B.S. in accounting from Brooklyn College in 1981.

Edward Rose, General Counsel

Mr. Rose has served as General Counsel of both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group since February 2003 and October 2002, respectively, and is one of the founding members of Maxim Group. Mr. Rose oversees the legal and compliance departments of Maxim Group and its Affiliates as well as various administrative departments. From 1999 to 2002, Mr. Rose held the titles of General Counsel of the Private Client Group and Director of Litigation for Investec. Mr. Rose joined Investec through its acquisition of a boutique investment banking firm, where Mr. Rose served in similar capacities from 1992 to 1999. Throughout Mr. Rose's career he has served on many committees designed to improve the securities industry and has spoken at legal and compliance seminars for industry professionals. Mr. Rose graduated from the State University of New York at Albany with honors in 1983 and obtained his law degree from Fordham University School of Law in 1991.

James Orazio, Chief Administrative Officer

Mr. Orazio has built a long-standing career in the securities industry, spanning over 24 years. Mr. Orazio has served as President of Maxim Group since October 2002 and as Chief Administrative Officer of Maxim Advisory since April 2004. He was also the Chief Operating Officer of Maxim Group from October 2002 to March 2004. From 1999 to 2002, Mr. Orazio was Executive Vice President at Investec and sat on its Executive Committee, Credit Committee and Audit Committee. From 1991 to 1999, he served as Chief Operating Officer at Stuart Coleman, where he was part of the senior management team that more than quadrupled the number of brokers. Prior to that, he held senior management positions at several NYSE member firms, where he served a clientele of high net worth investors with assets of over U.S.\$100 million. Mr. Orazio is a member of the Financial Planning Association. He graduated from the University of Connecticut in 1979 with a B.S. in Accounting and in 1988 earned his CFP designation from the College of Financial Planners.

John Sergio, Chief Operating Officer

John Sergio has served as the Chief Operating Officer for both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group since April 2004 and served as the Chief Compliance Officer for Maxim Advisory from February 2003 to April 2004 and for Maxim Group from October 2002 to March 2004. From 1999 to 2002, he served as the Chief Compliance Officer for Investec. From 1994 to 1999, Mr. Sergio was Director of Compliance for a regional broker/dealer and from 1987 to 1988, he was an Operations Manager at Shearson Lehman Brothers. He is a former NASD examiner and an active NASD arbitrator. Mr. Sergio has written a number of articles for the academic, general and financial press and has been quoted dozens of times by the industry press. He has appeared twice on CNN speaking on industry topics and has spoken at an SIA conference on technology and compliance issues. He received a B.A. in Economics (summa cum laude) in 1986 and an M.A. in Accounting (with honors) from Long Island University in 1991 and has also completed post-graduate work at New York University.

Paul LaRosa, President

Mr. LaRosa has 15 years experience in the securities industry and has served as President of Maxim Advisory since April 2003 and as Director of Asset Management for Maxim Group since October 2002. Prior to joining Maxim Group, Mr. LaRosa was integral in several areas of the Private Client Group of Investec. From 1999 to 2002, he served as the Director of Asset Management, the head of all syndicate activity, and was Investec's Supervisory Analyst. Previously, Mr LaRosa held a senior management position at a privately held investment boutique that catered to high net worth individuals and institutional investors. There, over a ten-year period, he was the Head of Equity Trading, a Vice President of Investment Banking, and the Mutual Fund Director. Mr. LaRosa graduated from Drew University with a B.A. in Chemistry in 1988.

Timothy G. Murphy, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Murphy has been a member of the Wall Street community for over 20 years and has served as the Chief Financial Officer for both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group since February 2003 and October 2002, respectively. From 1998 to 2002, he was Vice President and Controller of Investec and was a permanent member of its Executive Management and Credit Committee. From 1995 to 1998, Mr. Murphy was the Chief Financial Officer for Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, one of Spain's leading banking institutions, and in 1995, he originated its US broker-dealer operations, BBV Securities. Mr. Murphy's international financial experience began in 1989 when he served as Controller of Dresdner Securities (USA), Inc. Prior to that, he worked with Robb, Peck & McCooey, one of the world's largest floor specialists. Mr. Murphy began his career in the Asset Management Division of Merrill Lynch in 1983. He received his B.S. in Accounting from LaSalle University in Philadelphia in 1983.

Isaac Sefchovich, Chief Compliance Officer

Mr. Sefchovich has served as the Chief Compliance Officer for both Maxim Advisory and Maxim Group since April 2004. From 2003 to 2004, he established a private legal practice. From 2001 to 2003, Mr.

Sefchovich served as Compliance Counsel and Senior Compliance Advisor at AIG Advisor Group, where he was responsible for providing legal, regulatory and compliance support and oversight to the Investment Advisory, Advertising, Surveillance, Registration/Licensing, Risk/Anti-Money Laundering, Branch Audits, and Sales Practices compliance units. From 1999 to 2000, Mr. Sefchovich worked for Wedbush Morgan Securities in Los Angeles, California, where he served as Compliance Attorney in the Legal and Compliance Departments handling legal and compliance matters, including: litigations/arbitrations, investment banking, syndicate, research, and regulatory matters. Mr. Sefchovich received a B.A. in Economics from the University of California, San Diego in 1991, an M.B.A. in International Business Administration from USIU in 1993, and a J.D. from Hofstra University School of Law in 1997. In addition, Mr. Sefchovich holds the following securities licenses: Series 4, 7, 9, 10, 14, 24, 27, 53, 55 and 66 as well as a Life, Health and Accident Insurance Broker License in the State of New York. Mr. Sefchovich is also licensed to practice law in the State of California.

See "Risk Factors—Conflicts of Interest Involving the Collateral Manager" and "—Dependence on the Collateral Manager and Key Personnel and Prior Investment Results".

THE COLLATERAL MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT AND THE COLLATERAL ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT

GENERAL

On the Closing Date, the Issuer will enter into a Collateral Management Agreement (the "Collateral Management Agreement") with Maxim Advisory LLC (the "Collateral Manager") pursuant to which the Collateral Manager agrees to act as investment advisor to the Issuer and to supervise and direct the investment of Uninvested Proceeds in Collateral Debt Securities during the period from the Closing Date to (and including) the Ramp-Up Completion Date and the investment of funds on deposit in the Accounts in Eligible Investments and to perform certain other services, on behalf of the Issuer. Such other services include (i) monitoring the Collateral and providing to the Issuer all reports and other data that the Issuer is required to prepare and deliver under the Indenture, (ii) advising the Issuer regarding the disposition and tender of Collateral Debt Securities, Equity Securities and Eligible Investments, (iii) advising the Issuer in connection with an Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption, (iv) advising the Issuer regarding the exercise or waiver of remedies in respect of Defaulted Securities and the exercise of voting rights with respect to Collateral Debt Securities and Equity Securities, (v) assisting the Issuer in determining the fair market value of Collateral Debt Securities in accordance with the Indenture and consulting with the Issuer regarding approved dealers and approved pricing services used to make such determination, (vi) directing Borrowings under the Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement, and (vii) negotiating and entering into on behalf of the Issuer, any replacement Hedge Agreement.

In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Collateral Administration Agreement between the Issuer, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (the "Collateral Administrator") and the Collateral Manager (the "Collateral Administration Agreement"), the Issuer will retain the Collateral Administrator to prepare certain reports with respect to the Collateral Debt Securities. Wells Fargo Bank, National Association will receive a single fee for acting as Collateral Administrator under the Collateral Administration Agreement and as Trustee under the Indenture. Such fee will be treated as an expense of the Issuer under the Indenture and will be subject to the priorities set forth under "Description of the Notes—Priority of Payments".

COMPENSATION

As compensation for the performance of its obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement, the Collateral Manager will be entitled, to the extent of the funds available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments, to receive (i) a Senior Management Fee (the "Senior Management Fee") equal to 0.08% per annum of the Quarterly Asset Amount on each Quarterly Distribution Date and (ii) a Subordinate Management Fee (the "Subordinate Management Fee") equal to 0.04% per annum of the Quarterly Asset Amount on each Quarterly Distribution Date. In addition, on the Closing Date, the Issuer will pay an up-front collateral management fee to the Collateral Manager in the amount of U.S.\$500,000.

The Collateral Manager will be responsible for its own ordinary expenses incurred in the course of performing its obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement; *provided* that the Issuer is responsible for extraordinary expenses, including expenses incurred in negotiating with issuers of Collateral Debt Securities as to proposed modifications or waivers, taking action or advising the Trustee with respect to the Issuer's exercise of any rights or remedies in connection with the Collateral Debt Securities and Eligible Investments, including in connection with an Offer or default, participating in committees or other groups formed by creditors of an issuer of Collateral Debt Securities, and consulting with and providing each Rating Agency with any information in connection with the maintenance of the ratings of the Notes. Such expenses will be paid by the Issuer subject to the Priority of Payments.

INDEMNIFICATION

The Issuer will indemnify and hold harmless the Collateral Manager, its affiliates and each of the directors, officers, stockholders, partners, members, managers, agents and employees of the Collateral Manager or any of their respective affiliates from and against any and all losses, claims, damages, judgments, assessments, costs or other liabilities, and reimburse such indemnified party for all out-of-pocket expenses

(including reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel), incurred by any such indemnified party in investigating, preparing, pursuing or defending any claim, action, proceeding or investigation with respect to any pending or threatened litigation or investigation or inquiry by any governmental entity or self-regulatory organization to which such indemnified party belongs, caused by, or arising out of or in connection with, the issuance of the Offered Securities, the transactions contemplated by the final Offering Circular, the Indenture or the Collateral Management Agreement, and/or any action taken by, or any failure to act by, such indemnified person; provided that no such person shall be indemnified for any such liabilities or expenses arising (i) as a result of acts or omissions constituting bad faith, willful misconduct, gross negligence or breach of fiduciary duty or reckless disregard in the performance of its obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement and (ii) with respect to the information concerning the Collateral Manager provided by it in writing for inclusion in the final Offering Circular under the heading "The Collateral Manager" and the subsections of the Risk Factors entitled "Conflicts of Interest Involving the Collateral Manager" and "Dependence on the Collateral Manager and Key Personnel and Prior Investment Results", such information containing any untrue statement of material fact or omitting to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading or (iii) liability to which only such indemnified party would be subject by reason of willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the obligations of such indemnified party. Any such indemnification by the Issuer will be paid in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

STANDARD OF CARE AND LIMITATION ON LIABILITY

The Collateral Manager shall, subject to the terms and conditions of the Collateral Management Agreement and the Indenture, perform its obligations thereunder (including with respect to any exercise of discretion) with reasonable care (i) using a degree of skill and attention no less than that which the Collateral Manager exercises with respect to comparable assets, if any, that it manages for itself and (ii) without limiting the foregoing, in a manner consistent with the customary standards, policies and procedures followed by institutional managers of national standing relating to assets of the nature and character of the Collateral, except as expressly provided otherwise in the Collateral Management Agreement and/or the Indenture (such standard of care, the "Collateral Manager Standard of Care"). The Collateral Manager shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the Indenture affecting the duties and functions that have been delegated to it thereunder and under the Collateral Management Agreement.

The Collateral Manager, its directors, officers, stockholders, partners, members, agents and employees and its affiliates and their directors, officers, stockholders, partners, members, managers, agents and employees, will not be liable to the Co-Issuers, the Trustee, the Preferred Share Paying Agent, the Noteholders, the Preferred Shareholders, any Hedge Counterparty or any other person for any losses, claims, damages, judgments, assessments, costs or other liabilities incurred by the Co-Issuers, Trustee, the Preferred Share Paying Agent, the Noteholders, the Preferred Shareholders, any Hedge Counterparty or any other person for any action taken or omitted to be taken by any of them under the Collateral Management Agreement or in connection therewith unless (i) such act or omission was performed in bad faith or constituted willful misconduct, gross negligence or breach of fiduciary duty or reckless disregard in the performance of its obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement and (ii) with respect to the information concerning the Collateral Manager provided by it in writing for inclusion in the final Offering Circular under the heading "The Collateral Manager" and the subsections of the Risk Factors entitled "Conflicts of Interest Involving the Collateral Manager" and "Dependence on the Collateral Manager and Key Personnel and Prior Investment Results", such information containing any untrue statement of material fact or omitting to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. Collateral Manager will not be liable for any actions taken or omitted to be taken at the express direction of the Issuer, the Trustee or other person entitled under the Indenture to give such direction.

The Collateral Manager shall not be bound to follow any amendment to the Indenture until it has received written notice thereof and until it has received a copy of the amendment from the Issuer or the Trustee. The Trustee has agreed in the Indenture not to enter into any supplemental indenture that modifies the duties or liabilities of the Collateral Manager in any respect without the written consent of the Collateral Manager and the Collateral Manager will not be bound by any such amendment unless the Collateral Manager has so consented.

ASSIGNMENT

The Collateral Manager may not assign or delegate its rights or obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement except any assignment or delegation to (a) an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager that does not constitute an "assignment" as defined in the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended or (b) a successor to the Collateral Manager's business, unless (i) such assignment or delegation (i) is to an Eligible Successor, (ii) is consented to by holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of each Class of Notes (voting as a single class), (iii) is consented to by holders of at least 66-2/3% of Preferred Shares and (iv) satisfies the Rating Condition.

REMOVAL OR RESIGNATION OF THE COLLATERAL MANAGER

So long as any Notes are outstanding, the Collateral Manager may be removed for "cause" upon 15 days' prior written notice given by the Issuer to the Collateral Manager by the holders of at least 66-2/3% of the principal amount of Notes of each Class (voting as a single class) and the holders of at least 66-2/3% of the Preferred Shares then outstanding. Each of the following events with respect to the Collateral Manager will constitute "cause": (a) willful breach of any provision of the Collateral Management Agreement or any term of the Indenture applicable to the Collateral Manager; (b) breach in any material respect of any provision of the Collateral Management Agreement or any terms of the Indenture applicable to the Collateral Manager and failure to cure such breach within 30 days after notice of such failure is given to the Collateral Manager; (c) merger of the Collateral Manager without assumption by the surviving Person of the obligations of the Collateral Manager under the Collateral Management Agreement; (d) insolvency, dissolution, winding-up or liquidation of the Collateral Manager or the institution of a proceeding seeking a judgment of insolvency or bankruptcy; (e) any action taken by the Collateral Manager that constitutes fraud against the Issuer; (f) a felony conviction of the Collateral Manager or any of its principals, or the indictment of the Collateral Manager for, judgment against the Collateral Manager in a civil suit for, or the conviction of the Collateral Manager of, a violation of the Securities Act or any other United States Federal securities law or any rules or regulations thereunder; (g) a change of control of the Collateral Manager, (h) an Event of Default occurs under the Indenture that consists of a default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Notes when due and payable or results from any breach by the Collateral Manager of its duties under the Indenture or the Collateral Management Agreement, which breach or default is not cured within any applicable cure period and (i) for so long as Maxim Advisory LLC or any Affiliate is Collateral Manager, the failure of Mr. Wing Chau to be a director, officer or management-level employee actively involved in managing the Collateral, unless an Approved Replacement for Mr. Chau exists. In determining whether the holders of the requisite percentage of each Class of Notes and the Preferred Shares have given such direction, Offered Securities owned by the Collateral Manager, any Affiliate thereof, or any client or portfolio for which the Collateral Manager or any Affiliate exercises discretionary authority will be disregarded and deemed not to be outstanding. The Collateral Manager may not otherwise be removed.

At any time following the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Collateral Manager may resign on 90 days written notice to the Issuer (or such shorter notice as is acceptable to the Issuer) and appointment of an Eligible Successor as Collateral Manager. No termination of the Collateral Management Agreement or resignation of the Collateral Manager is effective unless; (i) an Eligible Successor has agreed in writing to assume all of the Collateral Manager's duties and obligations under the Collateral Management Agreement, (ii) such Eligible Successor has not been objected to by Holders of at least 66 2/3% in aggregate outstanding amount of Notes of the Controlling Class within 30 days after notice of appointment of the successor Collateral Manager, (iii) 10 days' prior notice has been given to the Rating Agencies and the Trustee and (iv) such termination and assumption by an Eligible Successor satisfies the Rating Condition.

CONFLICTS

In certain circumstances, the interests of the Issuer and/or the holders of the Offered Securities with respect to matters as to which the Collateral Manager is advising the Issuer may conflict with the interests of the Collateral Manager and its Affiliates. See "Risk Factors—Certain Potential Conflicts of Interest".

INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary based on present law of certain Cayman Islands and U.S. Federal income tax considerations for prospective purchasers of the Notes and Preferred Shares. It addresses only purchasers that buy in the original offering at the original offering price, that hold the Notes or Preferred Shares as capital assets and use the U.S. dollar as their functional currency. The discussion is a general summary. It is not a substitute for tax advice. The discussion does not consider the circumstances of particular purchasers, some of which (such as banks, insurance companies, securities traders and dealers or persons holding the Notes or Preferred Shares as part of a hedge, straddle, conversion, integrated or constructive sale transaction) are subject to special tax regimes.

THE STATEMENTS ABOUT U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX ISSUES ARE MADE TO SUPPORT MARKETING OF THE OFFERED SECURITIES. NO TAXPAYER CAN RELY ON THEM TO AVOID TAX PENALTIES. EACH PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADIVSOR ABOUT THE TAX CONSEQUENCES UNDER ITS OWN PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES OF INVESTING IN OFFERED SECURITIES UNDER THE LAWS OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS, THE UNITED STATES AND ITS CONSTITUENT JURISDICTIONS AND ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WHERE THE PURCHASER MAY BE SUBJECT TO TAXATION.

For purposes of this discussion, a "Holder" is a beneficial owner of a Note or a Preferred Share. A "U.S. Holder" is a Holder that is, for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, (i) a citizen or resident of the United States, (ii) a corporation, partnership or other entity organized in or under the laws of the United States or its political subdivisions, (iii) a trust subject to the control of a U.S. person and the primary supervision of a U.S. court or (iv) an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. Federal income taxation regardless of its source. A "Non-U.S. Holder" is any Holder other than a U.S. Holder.

TAXATION OF THE ISSUER

Cayman Islands Taxation

The Issuer will not be subject to income, capital, transfer, sales or franchise tax in the Cayman Islands. The Issuer has been incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company. The Issuer has obtained an undertaking from the Governor in Cabinet of the Cayman Islands in substantially the following form:

The Tax Concessions Law (1999) Revision Undertaking as to Tax Concessions

In accordance with Section 6 of the Tax Concession Law (1999 Revision) the Governor in Cabinet undertakes with Jupiter High-Grade CDO II, Ltd. (the "Issuer"):

- (a) That no law which is hereinafter enacted in the Cayman Islands imposing any tax to be levied on profits, income, gains or appreciations shall apply to the Issuer or its operations; and
- (b) In addition, that no tax be levied on profits, income, gains or appreciations or which is in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax shall be payable:
 - (i) on or in respect of the shares, debentures or other obligations of the Issuer; or

(ii) by way of the withholding in whole or in part of any relevant payments as defined in Section 6(3) of the Tax Concessions Law (1999 Revision).

These concessions shall be for a period of thirty years from the 1st day of March, 2005.

Governor in Cabinet

U.S. Taxation

Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer LLP, special U.S. Federal income tax counsel to the Issuer, will provide the Issuer with an opinion of counsel to the effect that, although there is no authority directly addressing the U.S. Federal income tax treatment of a non-U.S. corporation engaging in similar activities, the Issuer will not be engaged in a trade or business within the United States for U.S. Federal income tax purposes except to the extent the Indenture permits investments in certain Equity Securities and equity securities received in an Offer issued by non-corporate entities that are so engaged. This opinion will be based on certain assumptions regarding the Issuer and this offering (including assumptions that the Issuer will operate in accordance with restrictions in the Transaction Documents). Prospective investors should be aware that an opinion of counsel is not binding on the IRS or the courts, and that no ruling will be sought from the IRS regarding the U.S. Federal income tax treatment of the Issuer. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not take a position that is contrary to the conclusion expressed by Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer in its opinion of counsel, or that a court will not agree with the contrary position of the IRS if the matter were litigated.

As long as the Issuer conducts its affairs so that it is not engaged in a trade or business within the United States, its net income will not be subject to U.S. Federal income tax. Should the Issuer acquire Equity Securities or receive equity securities in an Offer issued by a non-corporate entity engaged in a U.S. trade or business, those investments should not cause the Issuer's income from other investments to become subject to net income tax in the United States. The Issuer also expects that payments received on the Collateral Debt Securities, the Eligible Investments and the Hedge Agreement generally will not be subject to withholding taxes imposed by the United States or other countries from which such payments are sourced. There can be no assurance, however, that the Issuer's income will not become subject to net income or withholding taxes in the United States or other countries as the result of unanticipated activities by the Issuer, changes in law, contrary conclusions by relevant tax authorities or other causes. Income from Equity Securities or equity securities received in an Offer of U.S. issuers is likely to be subject to U.S. tax. The extent to which United States or other source country taxes may apply to the Issuer's income will depend on the actual composition of its assets. The imposition of unanticipated net income or withholding taxes could materially impair the Issuer's ability to pay principal, interest, Commitment Fees and other amounts on the Notes and to make distributions on the Preferred Shares.

TAXATION OF THE HOLDERS

Cayman Islands Taxation

No Cayman Islands withholding tax applies to payments on the Notes or to distributions on the Preferred Shares. Holders are not subject to any income, capital, transfer, sales, or other taxes in the Cayman Islands in respect of their purchase, holding, or disposition of the Notes or Preferred Shares (except that (a) the Holder or the legal representative of such Holder whose Note or Preferred Share is brought into the Cayman Islands may in certain circumstances be liable to pay stamp duty under the laws of the Cayman Islands in respect of such Notes or Preferred Shares and (b) an instrument transferring title to a Note or Preferred Share, if brought to or executed in the Cayman Islands, would be subject to Cayman Islands stamp duty).

U.S. Taxation

Notes

Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer LLP, special U.S. Federal income tax counsel to the Issuer, believes that the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes will, and the Class C Notes should, be treated as debt for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. The Issuer intends to treat all of the Notes as debt for such purposes, and the following discussion assumes that the Notes will be debt.

U.S. Holders. Interest paid on a Class A Note and Class B Note and Commitment Fee paid on the Class A-1 Notes generally will be includible in the gross income of a U.S. Holder in accordance with its regular method of accounting. Because interest on the Class C Notes may be deferred, all interest (including interest on accrued but unpaid interest) will be treated as original issue discount ("OID") unless the likelihood of deferral is remote. A U.S. Holder must include OID in income on a constant yield to maturity basis, whether or not it receives a cash payment on any payment date. The Issuer has not determined whether the likelihood of interest being deferred is for this purpose remote. Thus, the Issuer will treat interest on the Class C Notes as OID, and the following discussion assumes that treatment is correct. Even if the likelihood of deferral were remote, if the Issuer in fact defers an interest payment, a U.S. Holder thereafter must accrue OID on the principal amount (including accrued but undistributed OID) of each Class of Notes on which interest payments were deferred.

A U.S. Holder of a floating rate Note must accrue interest on the Note at a hypothetical fixed rate equal to the rate at which the Note bore interest on its issue date. The amount of interest actually recognized for any accrual period will increase (or decrease) if the interest actually paid during the period is more (or less than) the amount accrued at the hypothetical rate. U.S. Holders therefore generally will recognize income for each period equal to the amount paid (or in the case of the Class C Notes, payable) during that period. Interest on a Note will be ordinary income, and assuming the Issuer is not engaged in a U.S. trade or business, the interest will be from sources outside the United States.

A U.S. Holder generally will recognize a gain or loss on the redemption or disposition of a Note in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized (other than accrued but unpaid interest) and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Note. The gain or loss generally will be capital gain or loss from sources within the United States.

Non-U.S. Holders. Interest and Commitment Fee paid to a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. withholding tax as long as the Issuer is not engaged in a U.S. trade or business. Even if the Issuer were engaged in a U.S. trade or business, Commitment Fees may not be subject to U.S. withholding tax and interest paid to many Non-U.S. Holders would qualify for an exemption from withholding tax if the Holders certify their foreign status. Interest and Commitment Fee paid to a Non-U.S. Holder also will not be subject to U.S. Federal net income tax unless the interest is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States. Gain realized by a Non-U.S. Holder on the redemption or disposition of a Note will not be subject to U.S. tax unless (i) the gain is effectively connected with the Holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business or (ii) the Holder is an individual present in the United States for at least 183 days during the taxable year of disposition and certain other conditions are met.

Alternative Treatment. The U.S. Internal Revenue Service may challenge the treatment of the Notes, particularly the Class C Notes, as debt of the Issuer. If the challenge succeeded, a U.S. Holder of the affected Notes would be treated like a holder of Preferred Shares that had not elected to treat the Issuer as a qualified electing fund, as described below.

Preferred Shares

U.S. Holders. Subject to the passive foreign investment company rules and the controlled foreign corporation rules discussed below, a U.S. Holder generally must treat distributions received with respect

to the Preferred Shares as dividend income. Dividends will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction allowable to corporations or for the preferential capital gain tax rate applicable to qualifying dividend income of individuals. For purposes of determining a U.S. Holder's foreign tax credit limitation, dividends received from a foreign corporation generally are treated as income from sources outside the United States. If U.S. Holders together hold at least half (by vote or value) of the Preferred Shares and other interests treated as equity in the Issuer, however, a percentage of the dividend income equal to the proportion of the Issuer's income that comes from U.S. sources will be treated as income from sources within the United States. Except as otherwise required by the rules discussed below, gain or loss on the sale or other disposition of the Preferred Shares will be capital gain or loss. Gain and loss realized by a U.S. Holder generally will be U.S. source income.

Investment in a Passive Foreign Investment Company. The Issuer will be a passive foreign investment company (a "PFIC"). A U.S. Holder therefore will be subject to additional tax on excess distributions received on the Preferred Shares or gains realized on the disposition of the Preferred Shares. A U.S. Holder will have an excess distribution if distributions received on the Preferred Shares during any tax year exceed 125% of the average amount received during the three preceding tax years (or, if shorter, the U.S. Holder's holding period). A U.S. Holder may realize gain for this purpose not only through a sale or other disposition, but also by pledging the Preferred Shares as security for a loan or entering into certain constructive disposition transactions. To compute the tax on an excess distribution or any gain, (i) the excess distribution or gain is allocated ratably over the U.S. Holder's holding period, (ii) the amount allocated to the current tax year is taxed as ordinary income and (iii) the amount allocated to each previous tax year is taxed at the highest applicable marginal rate for that year and an interest charge is imposed to recover the deemed benefit from the deferred payment of the tax. These rules effectively prevent a U.S. Holder from treating gain on the Preferred Shares as capital gain.

A U.S. Holder of Preferred Shares may wish to avoid the tax consequences just described by electing to treat the Issuer as a qualified electing fund ("QEF"). If the U.S. Holder makes a QEF election, the U.S. Holder will be required to include in gross income each year, whether or not the Issuer makes distributions, its pro rata share of the Issuer's net earnings. That income will be long-term capital gain to the extent of the U.S. Holder's pro rata share of the Issuer's net capital gains; the remainder will be ordinary income. "Net capital gains" generally means net long-term capital gains reduced by net short-term capital losses. Amounts recognized by a U.S. Holder making a QEF election generally are treated as income from sources outside the United States. If U.S. Holders together hold at least half (by vote or value) of the Preferred Shares and other interests treated as equity in the Issuer, however, a percentage of those amounts equal to the proportion of the Issuer's income that comes from U.S. sources will be U.S. source income for the U.S. Holders. Because the U.S. Holder has already paid tax on them, the amounts previously included in income will not be subject to tax when they are distributed to the U.S. Holder. An electing U.S. Holder's basis in the Preferred Shares will increase by any amounts the holder includes in income currently and decrease by any amounts not subject to tax when distributed. The Issuer will provide holders of the Preferred Shares with the information needed to make a QEF election.

A U.S. Holder that makes a QEF election may recognize income in amounts significantly greater than the distributions received from the Issuer. Income may exceed distributions when, for example, the Issuer uses earnings to repay principal on the Notes or accrues original issue discount or market discount on Collateral Debt Securities. A U.S. Holder that makes a QEF election will be required to include in income currently its pro rata share of the earnings or discount whether or not the Issuer actually makes distributions. The holder may be able to elect to defer payment, subject to an interest charge for the deferral period, of the tax on income recognized on account of the QEF election. Prospective purchasers should consult their tax advisors about the advisability of making the QEF and deferred payment elections.

Investment in a Controlled Foreign Corporation. The Issuer also may be a controlled foreign corporation (a "CFC") if U.S. Holders that each own (directly, indirectly or by attribution) at least 10% of the Preferred Shares and any other interests treated as voting equity in the Issuer (each such U.S. Holder, a "10% U.S. Shareholder") together own more than 50% (by vote or value) of the Preferred Shares and any other interests treated as equity in the Issuer. If the Issuer is a CFC, a U.S. Holder that is

a 10% U.S. Shareholder on the last day of the Issuer's taxable year must recognize ordinary income equal to its pro rata share of the Issuer's net earnings (including both ordinary earnings and capital gains) for the tax year whether or not the Issuer makes a distribution. The income will be treated as income from sources within the United States to the extent it is derived by the Issuer from U.S. sources. Earnings on which the U.S. Holder pays tax currently will not be taxed again when they are distributed to the U.S. Holder. A U.S. Holder's basis in its interest in the Issuer will increase by any amounts the holder includes in income currently and decrease by any amounts not subject to tax when distributed. If the Issuer is a CFC, (i) the Issuer would incur U.S. withholding tax on interest received from a related U.S. person, (ii) special reporting rules would apply to directors of the Issuer and certain other persons and (iii) certain other restrictions may apply. Subject to a special limitation for individual U.S. Holders that have held the Preferred Shares for more than one year, gain from disposition of Preferred Shares recognized by a U.S. Holder that is (or recently has been) a 10% U.S. Shareholder will be treated as dividend income to the extent earnings attributed to the Preferred Shares accumulated while the U.S. Holder held the Preferred Shares and the Issuer was a CFC. If the Issuer is a CFC, a 10% U.S. Shareholder will be subject to the CFC rules and not the PFIC rules and other U.S. Holders will be subject to the PFIC rules.

U.S. Holders generally must report, with their tax return for the tax year that includes the Closing Date, certain information relating to their purchase of the Preferred Shares on IRS Form 926. In the event a U.S. Holder fails to file any such required form, the U.S. Holder could be subject to a penalty equal to 10% of the gross amount paid for the Preferred Shares subject to a maximum penalty equal to \$100,000 (except in cases of intentional disregard). A U.S. Holder may be required specifically to disclose any loss on the Preferred Shares on its tax return under recent regulations on tax shelter transactions. When the U.S. Holder holds 10% of the shares in a CFC or QEF, the holder also must disclose any Issuer transactions reportable under the those regulations. The Issuer will provide holders of the Preferred Shares with information about Issuer transactions reportable under those regulations. U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors about these and all other specific reporting requirements.

Special Considerations for Tax-Exempt U.S. Holders. Special considerations apply to pension plans and other investors that are subject to tax only on their unrelated business taxable income ("UBTI"). A tax-exempt investor's interest income and gain from the Notes and Preferred Shares generally would not be treated as UBTI provided such investor's investment in the Securities is not debt-financed. However, a tax-exempt investor that owns more than fifty percent of the Preferred Shares and also owns Notes should consider the possible application of the special UBTI rules for interest received from controlled entities. Each prospective tax-exempt investor should consult its own tax advisor regarding the tax consequences to it of an investment in the Notes or Preferred Shares.

Non-U.S. Holders. Distributions to a Non-U.S. Holder of Preferred Shares will not be subject to U.S. tax unless the distributions are effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States. Gain realized by a Non-U.S. Holder on the sale or other disposition of the Preferred Shares will not be subject to U.S. tax unless (i) the gain is effectively connected with the holder's conduct of a U.S. trade or business or (ii) the holder is an individual present in the United States for at least 183 days during the taxable year of disposition and certain other conditions are met.

U.S. Information Reporting and Backup Withholding. Payments of principal, interest and Commitment Fee on the Notes, distributions on the Preferred Shares and proceeds from the disposition of the Notes or Preferred Shares paid to a non-corporate Holder generally will be subject to U.S. information reporting. Payments to Non-U.S. Holders that provide certification of foreign status generally are exempt from information reporting. Backup withholding tax may apply to reportable payments unless the Holder provides a correct taxpayer identification number. Any amount withheld may be credited against a Holder's U.S. Federal income tax liability or refunded to the extent it exceeds the Holder's liability.

THE DISCUSSION ABOVE IS A GENERAL SUMMARY. IT DOES NOT COVER ALL TAX MATTERS THAT MAY BE IMPORTANT TO A PARTICULAR INVESTOR. EACH PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISOR ABOUT THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES OR THE PREFERRED SHARES UNDER THE INVESTOR'S OWN CIRCUMSTANCES.

ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The United States Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") imposes certain duties on persons who are fiduciaries of employee benefit Plans (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) ("ERISA Plans") and of entities whose underlying assets include assets of ERISA Plans by reason of an ERISA Plan's investment in such entities. These duties include investment prudence and diversification and the requirement that an ERISA Plan's investments be made in accordance with the documents governing the ERISA Plan. The prudence of a particular investment must be determined by the responsible fiduciary of an ERISA Plan by taking into account the ERISA Plan's particular circumstances and liquidity needs and all of the facts and circumstances of the investment, including the availability of a public market for the investment. In addition, certain U.S. Federal, state and local laws impose similar duties on fiduciaries of governmental and/or church plans that are not subject to ERISA.

Any fiduciary of an ERISA Plan, of an entity whose underlying assets include assets of ERISA Plans by reason of an ERISA Plan's investment in such entity, or of a governmental or church plan that is subject to fiduciary standards similar to those of ERISA ("plan fiduciary"), that proposes to cause such a plan or entity to purchase Offered Securities should determine whether, under the general fiduciary standards of ERISA or other applicable law, an investment in the Offered Securities is appropriate for such plan or entity. In determining whether a particular investment is appropriate for an ERISA Plan, U.S. Department of Labor regulations provide that the fiduciaries of an ERISA Plan must give appropriate consideration to, among other things, the role that the investment plays in the ERISA Plan's portfolio, taking into consideration whether the investment is designed reasonably to further the ERISA Plan's purposes, an examination of the risk and return factors, the portfolio's composition with regard to diversification, the liquidity and current return of the total portfolio relative to the anticipated cash flow needs of the ERISA Plan and the projected return of the total portfolio relative to the ERISA Plan's funding objectives. Before investing the assets of an ERISA Plan in Offered Securities, a fiduciary should determine whether such an investment is consistent with the foregoing regulations and its fiduciary responsibilities, including any specific restrictions to which such fiduciary may be subject.

Section 406(a) of ERISA and Section 4975 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") prohibit certain transactions ("prohibited transactions") involving the assets of ERISA Plans or plans described in Section 4975(e)(1) of the Code (together with ERISA Plans, "Plans") and certain persons (referred to as "Parties-In-Interest" in ERISA and as "Disqualified Persons" in Section 4975 of the Code) having certain relationships to such plans and entities. A Party-In-Interest or Disqualified Person who engages in a non-exempt prohibited transaction may be subject to non-deductible excise taxes and other penalties and liabilities under ERISA and/or the Code.

Each of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer and the Initial Purchaser as a result of their own activities or because of the activities of an affiliate, may be considered a Party-In-Interest or a Disqualified Person with respect to Plans. Accordingly, prohibited transactions within the meaning of Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code may arise if Notes are acquired by a Plan with respect to which any of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Initial Purchaser, the obligors on the Collateral Debt Securities or any of their respective affiliates is a Party-In-Interest or Disqualified Person. In addition, if a Party-In-Interest or Disqualified Person with respect to a Plan owns or acquires a beneficial interest in the Issuer or the Co-Issuer, the acquisition or holding of Notes by or on behalf of the Plan could be considered to constitute an indirect prohibited transaction. Moreover, the acquisition or holding of Notes or other indebtedness issued by the Issuer or the Co-Issuer by or on behalf of a Party-In-Interest or Disqualified Person with respect to a Plan that owns or acquires a beneficial interest in the Issuer or the Co-Issuer, as the case may be, also could give rise to an indirect prohibited transaction. Certain exemptions from the prohibited transaction rules could be applicable, however, depending in part upon the type of Plan fiduciary making the decision to acquire a Note and the circumstances under which such decision is made. Included among these exemptions are PTE 90-1, regarding investments by insurance company pooled separate accounts; PTE 91-38, regarding investments by bank collective investment funds; PTE 84-14, regarding transactions effected by a "qualified professional asset manager"; PTE 96-23, regarding investments by certain in-house asset managers; and PTE 95-60, regarding investments by

insurance company general accounts. Even if the conditions specified in one or more of these exemptions are met, the scope of the relief provided by these exemptions might or might not cover all acts which might be construed as prohibited transactions. If a purchase of Notes were to be a non-exempt prohibited transaction, the purchase might have to be rescinded.

Government plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the provisions of Section 4975 of the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other Federal laws that are similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code (a "Similar Law").

The United States Department of Labor, the government agency primarily responsible for administering the ERISA fiduciary rules and the prohibited transaction rules under ERISA and the Code, has issued a regulation (the "Plan Asset Regulation") that, under specified circumstances, requires plan fiduciaries, and entities with certain specified relationships to a Plan, to "look through" investment vehicles (such as the Issuer) and treat as an "asset" of the Plan each underlying investment made by such investment vehicle. The Plan Asset Regulation provides, however, that if equity participation in any entity by "Benefit Plan Investors" is not significant then the "look-through" rule will not apply to such entity. "Benefit Plan Investors" are defined in the Plan Asset Regulation to include (1) any employee benefit plan (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA), whether or not subject to Title I of ERISA, (2) any plan described in Section 4975(e)(1) of the Code, and (3) any entity whose underlying assets include plan assets by reason of a plan's investment in the entity. Equity participation by Benefit Plan Investors in an entity is significant if, immediately after the most recent acquisition of any equity interest in the entity, 25% or more of the value of any class of equity interests in the entity (excluding the value of any interests held by certain persons, other than Benefit Plan Investors, having discretionary authority or control over the assets of the entity or providing investment advice with respect to the assets of the entity for a fee, direct or indirect, or any affiliates of such persons (any such person, a "Controlling Person")) is held by Benefit Plan Investors (the "25% Threshold").

There is little pertinent authority in this area. However, it is not anticipated that the Class A Notes or the Class B Notes will constitute "equity interests" in the Co-Issuers. Based primarily on the investment-grade rating of the Class C Notes, the unconditional obligation of the Co-Issuers to pay interest and to repay principal by a fixed maturity date and the creditors' remedies available to holders of the Class C Notes, it is anticipated that the Class C Notes should not constitute "equity interests" in the Co-Issuers, despite their subordinated position in the capital structure of the Co-Issuers. No measures (such as those described below with respect to the Preferred Shares) will be taken to restrict investment in the Class C Notes by Benefit Plan Investors. It should be noted that the debt treatment of the Notes for ERISA purposes could change subsequent to their issuance (i.e. they could be treated as equity) if the Issuers incur losses or the rating of such Notes changes. The risk of recharacterization is enhanced for subordinate classes of Notes.

It is intended that the ownership interests in the Preferred Shares that are held by Benefit Plan Investors will be maintained at a level below the 25% Threshold (excluding Preferred Shares held by Controlling Persons) by limiting the aggregate amount of Preferred Shares that may be held by Benefit Plan Investors to below the 25% Threshold. In this regard, each initial purchaser of Preferred Shares will be required to provide information in the Investor Application Form pursuant to which such Preferred Shares were purchased and from time to time thereafter as to what portion, if any, of the funds it is using to purchase and hold Preferred Shares is comprised of assets of a Benefit Plan Investor and whether or not it is a Controlling Person. No Preferred Share may be transferred to a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares. Any subsequent transferee that acquires Preferred Shares will be deemed to represent and warrant that it is not a Benefit Plan Investor or Controlling Person (in the case of a transferee of an interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share) or required to warrant that it is not a Benefit Plan Investor or Controlling Person in the transfer certificate delivered to the Preferred Share Registrar, in the case of Preferred Shares in connection with such transfer (in the case of a transferee of Definitive Preferred Shares). In addition, each transferee of an interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share will be required to execute and deliver to the Issuer and the Preferred Share Registrar (in the case of a Regulation S Global Preferred Share) a letter in the form

attached as an exhibit to the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement (in the case of a Regulation S Global Preferred Share) that, among other things, it is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and that it will, prior to any sale, pledge or other transfer by it of such interest, obtain from the transferee a duly executed letter to the same effect. The Preferred Share Documents permit the Issuer to require that any person acquiring Preferred Shares (or a beneficial interest therein) after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares who is determined to be a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person to sell such Preferred Shares (or beneficial interest therein) to a person who is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and who meets all other applicable transfer restrictions and, if such holder does not comply with such demand within 30 days thereof, the Issuer may sell such holder's interest in such Preferred Shares.

If for any reason the assets of the Issuer are deemed to be "plan assets" of a Plan subject to Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code because one or more such Plans is an owner of Preferred Shares, certain transactions that either of the Co-Issuers might enter into, or may have entered into, in the ordinary course of its business might constitute non-exempt "prohibited transactions" under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code and might have to be rescinded. In addition, if the assets of the Issuer are deemed to be "plan assets" of a Plan subject to Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, the payment of certain of the fees by the Issuer might be considered to be a non-exempt "prohibited transaction" under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code. Moreover, if the underlying assets of the Issuer were deemed to be assets constituting plan assets, (i) the assets of the Issuer could be subject to ERISA's reporting and disclosure requirements, (ii) a fiduciary causing a Benefit Plan Investor to make an investment in the equity of the Issuer could be deemed to have delegated its responsibility to manage the assets of the Benefit Plan Investor, (iii) various providers of fiduciary or other services to the Issuer, and any other parties with authority or control with respect to the Issuer, could be deemed to be Plan fiduciaries or otherwise Parties in Interest or Disqualified Persons by virtue of their provision of such services, and (iv) it is not clear that Section 404(b) of ERISA, which generally prohibits plan fiduciaries from maintaining the indicia of ownership of assets of plans subject to Title I of ERISA outside the jurisdiction of the district courts of the United States, would be satisfied in all instances.

The sale of any Offered Security to a Plan is in no respect a representation by the Issuer, the Initial Purchaser or any of their affiliates that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for a Plan generally or any particular Plan.

EACH ORIGINAL PURCHASER AND EACH TRANSFEREE OF A NOTE OR AN INTEREST THEREIN WILL BE REQUIRED TO CERTIFY (OR IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES DEEMED TO REPRESENT AND WARRANT) EITHER THAT (A) IT IS NOT (AND FOR SO LONG AS IT HOLDS ANY NOTE OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN WILL NOT BE), AND IS NOT ACTING ON BEHALF OF (AND FOR SO LONG AS IT HOLDS ANY NOTE OR INTEREST THEREIN WILL NOT BE ACTING ON BEHALF OF) AN "EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3(3) OF ERISA THAT IS SUBJECT TO TITLE I OF ERISA, A PLAN DESCRIBED IN SECTION 4975(e)(1) OF CODE, AN ENTITY WHICH IS DEEMED TO HOLD THE ASSETS OF ANY SUCH PLAN PURSUANT TO 29 C.F.R. SECTION 2510.3-101, WHICH PLAN OR ENTITY IS SUBJECT TO TITLE I OF ERISA OR SECTION 4975 OF THE CODE, OR A GOVERNMENTAL OR CHURCH PLAN WHICH IS SUBJECT TO ANY FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW THAT IS SIMILAR TO THE PROHIBITED TRANSACTION PROVISIONS OF SECTION 406 OF ERISA OR SECTION 4975 OF THE CODE ("SIMILAR LAW"), OR (B) ITS ACQUISITION AND HOLDING OF SUCH NOTE WILL BE COVERED BY A PROHIBITED TRANSACTION CLASS EXEMPTION ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (OR, IN THE CASE OF A GOVERNMENTAL OR CHURCH PLAN, WILL NOT RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF SUCH SIMILAR LAW). AN INVESTOR THAT IS A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR SUBJECT TO TITLE I OF ERISA, SECTION 4975 OF THE CODE OR ANY SIMILAR LAW WILL BE REQUIRED TO CERTIFY THAT ITS INVESTMENT IN PREFERRED SHARES WILL NOT RESULT IN A NON-EXEMPT PROHIBITED TRANSACTION UNDER SECTION 406 OF ERISA OR SECTION 4975 OF THE CODE (OR, IN THE CASE OF A GOVERNMENTAL OR CHURCH PLAN, WILL NOT RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF ANY SUCH SIMILAR LAW).

EACH ORIGINAL PURCHASER OF A PREFERRED SHARE WILL BE REQUIRED TO CERTIFY WHETHER OR NOT IT IS A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR A CONTROLLING PERSON. NO PREFERRED SHARE MAY BE TRANSFERRED TO A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR A CONTROLLING PERSON AFTER THE INITIAL PLACEMENT OF THE PREFERRED SHARES. THE PREFERRED SHARE DOCUMENTS (IN THE CASE OF THE PREFERRED SHARES) PERMIT THE ISSUER TO REQUIRE THAT ANY PERSON ACQUIRING PREFERRED SHARES (OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN) AFTER THE INITIAL PLACEMENT OF THE PREFERRED SHARES WHO IS DETERMINED TO BE A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR A CONTROLLING PERSON TO SELL SUCH PREFERRED SHARES (OR BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN) TO A PERSON WHO IS NOT A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR A CONTROLLING PERSON AND WHO MEETS ALL OTHER APPLICABLE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS AND, IF SUCH HOLDER DOES NOT COMPLY WITH SUCH DEMAND WITHIN 30 DAYS THEREOF, THE ISSUER MAY SELL SUCH HOLDER'S INTEREST IN SUCH PREFERRED SHARES.

ANY PLAN FIDUCIARY THAT PROPOSES TO CAUSE A PLAN TO PURCHASE OFFERED SECURITIES SHOULD CONSULT WITH ITS OWN LEGAL AND TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THE POTENTIAL APPLICABILITY OF ERISA AND THE CODE TO SUCH INVESTMENTS, THE CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH AN INVESTMENT UNDER ERISA AND THE CODE AND THE ABILITY TO MAKE THE REPRESENTATIONS DESCRIBED ABOVE. MOREOVER, EACH PLAN FIDUCIARY SHOULD DETERMINE WHETHER, UNDER THE GENERAL FIDUCIARY STANDARDS OF ERISA, AN INVESTMENT IN THE OFFERED SECURITIES IS APPROPRIATE FOR THE PLAN, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE OVERALL INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE PLAN AND THE COMPOSITION OF THE PLAN'S INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO. NO TRANSFER OF A PREFERRED SHARE WILL BE EFFECTIVE, AND NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENT WILL RECOGNIZE ANY SUCH TRANSFER AFTER THE INITIAL PLACEMENT OF THE PREFERRED SHARES IF SUCH TRANSFER IS TO A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR.

Based on the reasoning of the United States Supreme Court in *John Hancock Mutual Life Ins. Co. v. Harris Trust and Savings Bank,* 510 U.S. 86 (1993), funds allocated to the general account of an insurance company pursuant to a contract with an employee benefit plan that vary with the investment experience of the insurance company may under certain circumstances be treated as "plan assets." Any insurance company proposing to invest assets of its general account in the Offered Securities should consider the extent to which such investment would be subject to the requirements of ERISA in light of the John Hancock decision and the 1996 enactment of section 401(c) of ERISA. In particular, such an insurance company should consider the retroactive and prospective exemptive relief granted by the Department of Labor for transactions involving insurance company general accounts in Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption ("PTCE") 95-60 (60 Fed. Reg. 35925; Jul. 12, 1995) and the regulations issued by the Department of Labor, 29 C.F.R. section 2550.401-c (Jan. 5, 2000).

In the preamble to PTCE 95-60, the Department of Labor noted that, for purposes of calculating the 25% threshold under the significant participation test of the Plan Asset Regulation, only the proportion of an insurance company general account's equity investment in the entity that represents plan assets should be taken into account. Although the Department of Labor has not specified how to determine the proportion of an insurance company general account that represents plan assets for purposes of the 25% threshold, it has, in the case of PTCE 95-60, provided a method for determining the percentage of an insurance company's general account held by the benefit plans of an employer and its affiliates by comparing the reserves and liabilities for the general account contracts held by such plans to the total reserves and liabilities of the general account (exclusive of separate account liabilities) plus surplus. However, there is no assurance that a similar measurement would be used for purposes of applying the 25% threshold. Any insurance company using general account assets to purchase Preferred Shares will be required to identify the maximum percentage of the assets of the general account that may be or become plan assets.

The discussion of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code contained in this Offering Circular, is, of necessity, general, and does not purport to be complete. Moreover, the provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code are subject to extensive and continuing administrative and judicial interpretation and review. Therefore, the matters discussed above may be affected by future regulations, rulings and court decisions, some of which may have retroactive application and effect.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The Issuer and the Initial Purchaser will enter into a Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") relating to the purchase and sale of the Offered Securities to be delivered on the Closing Date. The Offered Securities will be offered by the Initial Purchaser to prospective investors from time to time in individually negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale. The Initial Purchaser reserves the right to withdraw, cancel of modify such offer and to reject orders in whole or in part. In the Purchase Agreement, the Co-Issuers will agree to sell to the Initial Purchaser, and the Initial Purchaser will agree to purchase, the entire principal amounts of the Notes and all of the Preferred Shares as set forth in the Purchase Agreement. The obligations of the Initial Purchaser under the Purchase Agreement are subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement. Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, each of the Co-Issuers will agree to indemnify the Initial Purchaser against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the Initial Purchaser may be required to make in respect thereof. The Initial Purchaser may sell a portion of the Offered Securities to Maxim Group, as co-manager, for distribution to investors.

The Co-Issuers have been advised by the Initial Purchaser that the Initial Purchaser proposes to sell the Offered Securities (a) in the United States in reliance upon an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act to Qualified Purchasers who are also either (i) Qualified Institutional Buyers or (ii) Accredited Investors and (b) outside the United States to persons who are not U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S) in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S ("Regulation S") under the Securities Act and, in each case, in accordance with applicable laws.

CERTAIN SELLING RESTRICTIONS

UNITED STATES

The Offered Securities have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. Persons except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements under the Securities Act.

- (1) In the Purchase Agreement, the Initial Purchaser will represent and agree that it has not offered or sold Offered Securities and will not offer or sell Offered Securities except to persons who are not U.S. Persons in accordance with Rule 903 of Regulation S or as provided in paragraph (2) below. Accordingly, the Initial Purchaser will represent and agree that neither it, its affiliates (if any) nor any persons acting on its or their behalf have engaged or will engage in any directed selling efforts with respect to Offered Securities, and it and they have complied and will comply with the offering restrictions requirements of Regulation S.
- (2) In the Purchase Agreement, the Initial Purchaser will agree that it will not, acting either as principal or agent, offer or sell any Offered Securities in the United States other than Offered Securities in registered form bearing a restrictive legend thereon, and it will not, acting either as principal or agent, offer, sell, reoffer or resell any of such Offered Securities (or approve the resale of any of such Offered Securities):
 - (a) except (1) inside the United States through a U.S. broker dealer that is registered under the Exchange Act to investors each of which the Initial Purchaser reasonably believes is a Qualified Institutional Buyer or an Accredited Investor that has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that it is capable of evaluating and bearing the risks of investing in the Offered Securities or is represented by a fiduciary or agent with sole investment discretion having such knowledge and experience) that is also a Qualified Purchaser or (2) otherwise in accordance with the restrictions on transfer set forth in such Offered Securities, the Purchase Agreement and this Offering Circular; or

(b) by means of any form of general solicitation or general advertisement, including but not limited to (1) any advertisement, article, notice or other communication published in any newspaper, magazine or similar media or broadcast over television or radio and (2) any seminar or meeting whose attendees have been advised by any general solicitation or general advertising.

Prior to the sale of any Offered Securities in registered form bearing a restrictive legend thereon, the Initial Purchaser shall have provided each offeree that is a U.S. Person with a copy of the Offering Circular in the form the Issuer and the Initial Purchaser shall have agreed most recently shall be used for offers and sales in the United States.

(3) In the Purchase Agreement, the Initial Purchaser will represent and agree that in connection with each sale to an Accredited Investor it has taken or will take reasonable steps to ensure that the purchaser is aware that the Offered Securities have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and that transfers of Offered Securities are restricted as set forth herein.

UNITED KINGDOM

The Initial Purchaser will also represent and agree as follows:

- (1) it has not offered or sold and, prior to the expiry of the period of six months from the Closing Date, will not offer or sell any Offered Securities to persons in the United Kingdom except to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995;
- (2) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Offered Securities in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of said Act would not, if each of the Co-Issuers were not an authorized person, apply to the Co-Issuers; and
- (3) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Offered Securities in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

CAYMAN ISLANDS

The Initial Purchaser will represent and agree that it has not made and will not make any invitation to the public in the Cayman Islands to subscribe for any of the Offered Securities.

Hong Kong

The Initial Purchaser will also represent and agree as follows:

- (1) that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, the Notes other than to persons whose ordinary business it is to buy or sell shares of debentures (whether as principal or agent) or in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap.32) of Hong Kong (the "Companies Ordinance"); and
- (2) unless it is a person permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong, it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purpose of issue, in Hong Kong, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Notes, other

than with respect to Notes intended to be disposed of to persons outside Hong Kong or to be disposed of in Hong Kong only to persons whose business involves the acquisition, disposal, or holdings of securities, whether as principal or agent.

GENERAL

No action has been or will be taken in any jurisdiction that would permit a public offering of the Offered Securities or the possession, circulation or distribution of this Offering Circular or any other material relating to the Issuer or the Offered Securities in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, the Offered Securities may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Offering Circular nor any other offering material or advertisements in connection with the Offered Securities may be distributed or published, in or from any country or jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable rules and regulations of any such country or jurisdiction.

Purchasers of the Offered Securities may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of purchase in addition to the purchase price.

Purchasers of the Offered Securities will be required, as a condition to payment of amounts on the Offered Securities without the imposition of withholding tax, to provide certain certifications with respect to any applicable taxes or reporting requirements of the United States or the Cayman Islands.

CLEARING SYSTEMS

GLOBAL SECURITIES

Investors may hold their interests in a Regulation S Global Security directly through Euroclear or Clearstream, if they are participants in such systems, or indirectly through organizations which are participants in such systems. Euroclear and Clearstream will hold interests in Regulation S Global Securities on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in their respective names on the books of their respective depositaries, which in turn will hold such interests in such Regulation S Note in customers' securities accounts in the depositaries' names on the books of DTC. Investors may hold their interests in a Restricted Global Note directly through DTC, if they are Participants in such system, or indirectly through organizations which are Participants in such system.

So long as the depositary for a Global Security, or its nominee, is the registered holder of such Global Security, such depositary or such nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the absolute owner or holder of such Global Security for all purposes under the Indenture and Participants as well as any other persons on whose behalf Participants may act (including Euroclear and Clearstream and account holders and participants therein) will have no rights under the related Security, the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents. Owners of beneficial interests in a Global Security will not be considered to be the owners or holders of the related Security, any Note under the Indenture or any Preferred Share under the Preferred Share Documents. In addition, no beneficial owner of an interest in a Global Security will be able to exchange or transfer that interest, except in accordance with the applicable procedures of the depositary and (in the case of a Regulation S Global Security) Euroclear or Clearstream (in addition to those under the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents (as the case may be)), in each case to the extent applicable (the "Applicable Procedures").

PAYMENTS OR DISTRIBUTIONS ON A GLOBAL SECURITY

Payments or distributions on an individual Global Security (as the case may be) registered in the name of a depositary or its nominee will be made to the depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner of the Global Security. None of the Issuer, the Trustee, the Note Registrar, the Preferred Share Paying Agent and any Paying Agent will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in Global Securities or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

With respect to the Global Securities, the Issuer expects that the depositary for any Global Security or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment or distribution on such Global Security (as the case may be), will immediately credit the accounts of Participants with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of such Global Security as shown on the records of the depositary or its nominee. The Issuer also expects that payments by Participants to owners of beneficial interests in such Global Securities held through such Participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers registered in the name of nominees for such customers. Such payments will be the responsibility of such Participants.

TRANSFERS AND EXCHANGES FOR DEFINITIVE SECURITIES

Interests in a Global Security will be exchangeable or transferable, as the case may be, for a Definitive Security if (a) DTC notifies the Issuer that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for such Security, (b) DTC ceases to be a "Clearing Agency" registered under the Exchange Act, and a successor depositary is not appointed by the Issuer within 90 days, (c) the transferee of an interest in such Global Security is required by law to take physical delivery of securities in definitive form, (d) in the case of a Global Note, there is an Event of Default under the Notes or (e) the transferee is otherwise unable to pledge its interest in a Global Security. Because DTC can only act on behalf of Participants, which in turn act on behalf of indirect Participants and certain banks, the ability of a person having a

beneficial interest in a Global Security to pledge such interest to persons or entities that do not participate in the DTC system, or otherwise take actions in respect of such interest, may require that such interest in a Global Security be exchanged for a Definitive Security.

Upon the occurrence of any of the events described in the preceding sentence, the Issuer will cause Definitive Securities bearing an appropriate legend regarding restrictions on transfer to be delivered. The Trustee shall not execute and deliver a Definitive Security without such specified legend, unless there is delivered to the Issuer and the Trustee such satisfactory evidence, which may include an opinion of U.S. counsel, as may reasonably be required by the Issuer or the Trustee that neither such legend nor the restrictions on transfer set forth therein are required to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Securities Act or the Investment Company Act. Definitive Securities will be exchangeable or transferable for interests in other Definitive Securities as described herein. See "Denomination, Registration and Transfer form of Offered Securities".

CROSS-BORDER TRANSFERS AND EXCHANGES

Subject to compliance with the transfer restrictions applicable to the Offered Securities described under "Transfer Restrictions", cross-market transfers between DTC, on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Euroclear or Clearstream participants, on the other, will be effected in DTC in accordance with DTC rules on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, by its respective depositary; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, by the counterparty in such system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (Brussels time). Euroclear or Clearstream, as the case may be, will if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its respective depositary to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving interests in a Regulation S Global Security in DTC and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Clearstream participants and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to the depositaries of Euroclear or Clearstream.

Because of time zone differences, cash received in Euroclear or Clearstream as a result of sales of interests in a Regulation S Global Security by or through a Euroclear or Clearstream participant to a DTC participant will be received with value on the DTC settlement date but will be available in the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream cash account only as of the business day following settlement in DTC.

DTC has advised the Co-Issuers that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of the relevant Offered Security (including, without limitation, the presentation of such Offered Security for exchange as described above) only at the direction of one or more Participants to whose account with the DTC interests in the related Global Security are credited and only in respect of such portion of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes or of the number of Preferred Shares (as the case may be) as to which such Participant or Participants has or have given such direction.

DTC, EUROCLEAR AND CLEARSTREAM

DTC has advised the Co-Issuers as follows: DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC was created to hold securities for its Participants and facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of its Participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations and may include certain other organizations. Indirect access to the DTC system is available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly ("indirect participants").

The information herein concerning DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear and their book-entry systems has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but none of the Co-Issuers, the Collateral Manager or the Initial Purchaser take any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

Although DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of interests in Global Securities among participants of DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures, and such procedures may be discontinued at any time. None of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer and the Trustee will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream or their respective Participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

Because of the following restrictions, purchasers are advised to consult legal counsel prior to making any offer, resale, pledge or transfer of Offered Securities.

Representations by Original Purchaser

Each Original Purchaser of an Offered Security will be deemed to acknowledge, represent to and agree with the Co-Issuers and the Initial Purchaser, and each purchaser of a Preferred Share, by its execution of an Investor Application Form, acknowledges, represents to and agrees with the Issuer and the Initial Purchaser, as follows:

- (1) No Governmental Approval. The purchaser understands that the Offered Securities have not been approved or disapproved by the SEC or any other governmental authority or agency of any jurisdiction and that neither the SEC nor any other governmental authority or agency has passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Offering Circular. The purchaser further understands that any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.
- Certification Upon Transfer. If required by the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents, the purchaser will, prior to any sale, pledge or other transfer by it of any Offered Security (or any interest therein), deliver to the Issuer and the Note Registrar (or, in the case of a Preferred Share, the Preferred Share Paying Agent) duly executed transferor and transferee certifications in the form of the relevant exhibit attached to the Indenture or the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, as applicable, and such other certificates and other information as the Issuer, the Trustee (in the case of the Notes) or the Preferred Share Paying Agent (in the case of the Preferred Shares) may reasonably require to confirm that the proposed transfer complies with the transfer restrictions contained in this Offering Circular and in the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents, as applicable.
- (3) *Minimum Denomination or Number*. The purchaser agrees that no Security (or any interest therein) may be sold, pledged or otherwise transferred in a denomination of less than the applicable minimum denomination set forth herein (in the case of the Notes) or in a number less than the applicable minimum trading lot set forth herein (in the case of the Preferred Shares).
- (4) Securities Law Limitations on Resale. The purchaser understands that the Offered Securities have not been registered under the Securities Act and, therefore, cannot be offered or sold in the United States or to U.S. Persons unless they are registered under the Securities Act or unless an exemption from registration is available and that the certificates representing the Offered Securities will bear a legend setting forth such restriction. The purchaser understands that neither the Issuer nor (in the case of the Notes) the Co-Issuer has any obligation to register the Offered Securities under the Securities Act or to comply with the requirements for any exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act (other than to supply information specified in Rule 144A(d)(4) of the Securities Act as required by the Indenture).
- (5) Investment Intent. In the case of a purchaser of a Restricted Security (or any interest therein), it is a Qualified Institutional Buyer or an Accredited Investor, that in each case is a Qualified Purchaser, and it is acquiring such Restricted Security for its own account for investment purposes and not with a view to the distribution thereof (except in accordance with Rule 144A). In the case of a purchaser of a Regulation S Security (or any interest therein), it is not a U.S. Person and is purchasing such Regulation S Security (or interest therein) for its own account and not for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S.

- Purchaser Sophistication; Non-Reliance; Suitability; Access to Information. The purchaser (a) has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that the purchaser is capable of evaluating the merits and risks (including for tax, legal, regulatory, accounting and other financial purposes) of its prospective investment in Offered Securities, (b) is financially able to bear such risk, (c) in making such investment, is not relying on the advice or recommendations of the Initial Purchaser, the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Collateral Manager or any of their respective affiliates (or any representative of any of the foregoing) (provided that no such representation is made with respect to the Collateral Manager or its investment advisory affiliates, or by any Affiliate of the Collateral Manager or any account advised or managed by the Collateral Manager or any of its investment advisory affiliates) and (d) has determined that an investment in Offered Securities is suitable and appropriate for it. The purchaser has received and reviewed the contents of, this Offering Circular. The purchaser has had access to such financial and other information concerning the Issuer and the Offered Securities as it has deemed necessary to make its own independent decision to purchase Offered Securities, including the opportunity, at a reasonable time prior to its purchase of Offered Securities, to ask questions and receive answers concerning the Issuer, the Co-Issuer and the terms and conditions of the offering of the Offered Securities.
- (7) Certain Resale Limitations. The purchaser is aware that no Offered Security (nor any interest therein) may be offered or sold, pledged or otherwise transferred:
 - (a) in the United States or to a U.S. Person, except to a transferee (i)(A) whom the seller reasonably believes is a Qualified Institutional Buyer, purchasing for its own account, to whom notice is given that the resale, pledge or other transfer is being made in reliance on the exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act provided by Rule 144A or (B) solely in the case of a Restricted Definitive Preferred Share, who is entitled to take delivery of such Security in accordance with another exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act (subject to the delivery of such certifications, legal opinions or other information as the Issuer may reasonably require to confirm that such transfer is being made pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act) and (ii) that is a Qualified Purchaser;
 - (b) to a transferee acquiring an interest in a Regulation S Global Security except to a transferee that is not a U.S. Person and is acquiring such interest in an offshore transaction (within the meaning of Regulation S) in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S;
 - (c) solely in the case of Preferred Shares, after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares, to a transferee who is a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person; or
 - (d) except in compliance with the other requirements set forth in the Indenture, the Preferred Share Documents (as applicable) and in accordance with any other applicable securities laws of any relevant jurisdiction.
- (8) Limited Liquidity. The purchaser understands that there is no market for the Offered Securities and that there can be no assurance that a secondary market for any of the Offered Securities will develop, or if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the holders of such Offered Securities with liquidity of investment or that it will continue for the life of the Offered Securities. It further understands that, although the Initial Purchaser may from time to time make a market in one or more Classes of Notes or Preferred Shares, the Initial Purchaser is under no obligation to do so and, following the commencement of any market-making, may discontinue the same at any time. Accordingly, the purchaser must be prepared to hold its Offered Securities for an indefinite period of time or until the applicable Stated Maturity (or, in the case of the Preferred Shares, the winding-up of the Issuer).

- Investment Company Act. The purchaser either (a) is not a U.S. Person or (b) is a Qualified Purchaser. The purchaser agrees that no sale, pledge or other transfer of an Offered Security (or any interest therein) may be made (i) to a transferee acquiring a Restricted Security (or any interest therein) except to a transferee that is a Qualified Purchaser, (ii) to a transferee acquiring a Regulation S Security (or any interest therein) except to a transferee that is not a U.S. Person or (iii) if such transfer would have the effect of requiring either of the Co-Issuers or the Collateral to be registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act. If the purchaser is a U.S. Person that is an entity that would be an investment company but for the exception provided for in Section 3(c)(1) or Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act (any such entity, an "excepted investment company") (a) all of the beneficial owners of outstanding securities (other than short-term paper) of such entity (such beneficial owners determined in accordance with Section 3(c)(1)(A) of the Investment Company Act) that acquired such securities on or before April 30, 1996 ("pre-amendment beneficial owners") and (b) all pre-amendment beneficial owners of the outstanding securities (other than short-term paper) of any excepted investment company that, directly or indirectly, owns any outstanding securities of such entity, have consented to such entity's treatment as a Qualified Purchaser in accordance with the Investment Company Act.
- (10) *ERISA*. In the case of a purchaser of a Note, either (a) it is not (and for so long as it holds any Note or any interest therein will not be) and is not acting on behalf of (and for so long as it holds any Note or any interest therein will not be acting on behalf of) an "employee benefit plan" as defined in Section 3(3) of the ERISA that is subject to Title I of ERISA, a plan described in section 4975(e)(1) of the Code, an entity which is deemed to hold the assets of any such plan pursuant to 29 C.F.R. section 2510.3-101, which plan or entity is subject to Title I of ERISA or section 4975 of the Code, or a governmental or church plan which is subject to any Similar Law, or (b) its acquisition and holding of such Note will be covered by a prohibited transaction class exemption issued by the United States Department of Labor (or, in the case of governmental or church plan, will not constitute a violation of such Similar Law).

In the case of a purchaser of a Preferred Share in the initial placement, if such purchaser is a Benefit Plan Investor that is subject to Title I of ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code or any Similar Law, it understands that it will be required to certify that its investment in Preferred Shares will not result in a non-exempt "prohibited transaction" under the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code or a violation of any Similar Law.

Each purchaser of a Preferred Share understands and agrees that no sale, pledge or other transfer of a Preferred Share may be made after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares to a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person.

In addition, if the purchaser of an Offered Security is, or is acting on behalf of, a Plan subject to Title I of ERISA or an employee benefit plan that is not subject to Title I of ERISA but is subject to provisions of a Similar Law, the fiduciaries of such Plan or such employee benefit plan, as applicable, represent and warrant that they have been informed of and understand the Issuer's investment objectives, policies and strategies and that the decision to invest such Plan's assets or such employee benefit plan's assets, as the case may be, in Offered Securities was made with appropriate consideration of relevant investment factors with regard to such Plan or such employee benefit plan, as the case may be, and is consistent with the duties and responsibilities imposed upon fiduciaries with regard to their investment decisions under Title I of ERISA or such Similar Law.

(11) Limitations on Flow-Through Status. It is (a) not a Flow-Through Investment Vehicle (other than a Qualifying Investment Vehicle) and (b) if it is a Qualifying Investment Vehicle, (x) it has only one class of securities outstanding (other than any nominal share capital the distributions in respect of which are not correlated to or dependent upon distributions on, or the performance of, the Offered Securities) and (y) either (1) none of the beneficial owners of its securities is a U.S. Person or (2) some or all of the beneficial owners of its securities are U.S.

Persons and each such beneficial owner has certified to the purchaser that such owner is a Qualified Purchaser. A purchaser is a "Flow-Through Investment Vehicle" if: (i) in the case of a purchaser that would be an investment company but for the exception in Section 3(c)(1) or Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act, the amount of the purchaser's investment in the Offered Securities exceeds 40% of the total assets (determined on a consolidated basis with its subsidiaries) of the purchaser, (ii) any person owning any equity or similar interest in the purchaser has the ability to control any investment decision of the purchaser (other than a general partner or similar entity) or to determine, on an investment-by-investment basis, the amount of such person's contribution to any investment made by the purchaser, (iii) the purchaser was organized or reorganized for the specific purpose of acquiring any Offered Securities or (iv) additional capital or similar contributions were specifically solicited from any person owning an equity or similar interest in the purchaser for the purpose of enabling the purchaser to purchase any Notes or Preferred Shares. A "Qualifying Investment Vehicle" means an entity as to which all of the beneficial owners of any securities issued by such entity have made, and as to which (in accordance with the document pursuant to which such entity was organized or the agreement or other document governing such securities) each such beneficial owner must require any transferee of any such security to make each of the representations set forth in this Offering Circular and (where applicable) an Investor Application Form and/or the transfer certificate pursuant to which such Offered Securities were transferred to such entity (in each case, with appropriate modifications to reflect the indirect nature of the interests of such beneficial owners in the Offered Securities).

- (12) Certain Transfers Void. The purchaser agrees that (a) any sale, pledge or other transfer of an Offered Security (or any interest therein) made in violation of the transfer restrictions contained in this Offering Circular and the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents, as applicable, or made based upon any false or inaccurate representation made by the purchaser or a transferee to the Issuer, will be void and of no force or effect and (b) none of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Trustee and the Note Registrar (in the case of the Notes) and neither the Issuer nor the Preferred Share Paying Agent (in the case of the Preferred Shares) has any obligation to recognize any sale, pledge or other transfer of an Offered Security (or any interest therein) made in violation of any such transfer restriction or made based upon any such false or inaccurate representation.
- (13) Reliance on Representations, etc. The purchaser acknowledges that the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Initial Purchaser, the Trustee, the Note Registrar, the Preferred Share Paying Agent and others (as applicable) will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing acknowledgments, representations and agreements and agrees that, if any of the acknowledgments, representations or warranties by it in connection with its purchase of the Offered Securities are no longer accurate, the purchaser will promptly notify the Issuer and the Initial Purchaser.
- (14) Cayman Islands. The purchaser is not a member of the public in the Cayman Islands.
- (15) Tax Treatment. The purchaser acknowledges that it is its intent as well as the intent of the Issuer to treat the Notes as indebtedness of the Issuer and not of the Co-Issuer and the Preferred Shares as equity in the Issuer and not in the Co-Issuer for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. The purchaser further agrees to report all income (or loss) in accordance with such treatment and not to take any action inconsistent with such treatment.
- (16) Legend. Each purchaser of a Note (or any beneficial interest therein) understands and agrees that a legend in substantially the following form will be placed on each Note:

THIS NOTE HAS NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF

ANY STATE OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION, AND MAY BE RESOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED ONLY (A)(1) TO A PERSON WHOM THE SELLER REASONABLY BELIEVES IS A "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER" (A "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER") WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT ("RULE 144A") PURCHASING FOR ITS OWN ACCOUNT, TO WHOM NOTICE IS GIVEN THAT THE RESALE, PLEDGE OR OTHER TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN RELIANCE ON THE EXEMPTION FROM SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY OR (2) TO A NON-U.S. PERSON IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION'S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT ("REGULATION'S"), (B) IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CERTIFICATION AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE INDENTURE REFERRED TO HEREIN AND (C) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT JURISDICTION. NEITHER OF THE CO-ISSUERS NOR THE COLLATERAL HAS BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940, AS AMENDED (THE "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT"). NO TRANSFER OF A NOTE (OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN) MAY BE MADE (AND NEITHER THE TRUSTEE NOR THE NOTE REGISTRAR WILL RECOGNIZE ANY SUCH TRANSFER) IF (A) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A TRANSFEREE THAT IS A U.S. PERSON THAT IS NOT (I) A "QUALIFIED PURCHASER" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2(a)(51)(A) OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT, (II) A COMPANY EACH OF WHOSE BENEFICIAL OWNERS IS A "QUALIFIED PURCHASER", (III) A "KNOWLEDGEABLE EMPLOYEE" WITH RESPECT TO THE ISSUER AS SPECIFIED IN RULE 3C-5 PROMULGATED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OR (IV) A COMPANY OWNED EXCLUSIVELY BY KNOWLEDGEABLE EMPLOYEES (ANY PERSON DESCRIBED IN CLAUSES (I) THROUGH (IV), A "QUALIFIED PURCHASER"), (B) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD HAVE THE EFFECT OF REQUIRING EITHER OF THE CO-ISSUERS OR THE COLLATERAL TO REGISTER AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT, (C) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A U.S. PERSON THAT IS A FLOW-THROUGH INVESTMENT VEHICLE OTHER THAN A QUALIFYING INVESTMENT VEHICLE (EACH AS DEFINED IN THE INDENTURE) OR (D) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A TRANSFEREE THAT IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO MAKE THE CERTIFICATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS REQUIRED BY THE APPLICABLE TRANSFER CERTIFICATE (IF ANY) ATTACHED AS AN EXHIBIT TO THE EACH HOLDER HEREOF IS DEEMED TO INDENTURE REFERRED TO BELOW. REPRESENT AND WARRANT EITHER (A) THAT IT IS NOT (AND FOR SO LONG AS IT HOLDS THIS NOTE OR AN INTEREST HEREIN WILL NOT BE), AND IS NOT ACTING ON BEHALF OF (AND FOR SO LONG AS IT HOLDS THIS NOTE OR AN INTEREST HEREIN WILL NOT BE ACTING ON BEHALF OF) A PLAN OR ANY OTHER BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR (B) ITS ACQUISITION AND HOLDING OF THIS NOTE WILL BE COVERED BY A PROHIBITED TRANSACTION CLASS EXEMPTION ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FROM THE PROHIBITED TRANSACTION PROVISIONS OF SECTION 406 OF ERISA OR SECTION 4975 OF THE CODE (OR, IN THE CASE OF A GOVERNMENTAL OR CHURCH PLAN, WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF ANY MATERIALLY SIMILAR FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW). THIS NOTE AND ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN MAY BE TRANSFERRED ONLY IN THE PERMITTED DENOMINATIONS SPECIFIED IN THE INDENTURE. ACCORDINGLY, AN INVESTOR IN THIS NOTE MUST BE PREPARED TO BEAR THE ECONOMIC RISK OF THE INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME.

IF, NOTWITHSTANDING THE RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER CONTAINED IN THE INDENTURE, THE ISSUER DETERMINES THAT ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A RESTRICTED NOTE (OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN) (A) IS A U.S. PERSON (WITHIN THE MEANING OF REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND (B) IS NOT BOTH (I) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER (OR, IN THE CASE OF THE INITIAL PURCHASER OF SUCH RESTRICTED NOTE OR INTEREST THEREIN, AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR" WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 501(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND (II) A QUALIFIED PURCHASER, THEN THE ISSUER MAY REQUIRE, BY NOTICE TO SUCH HOLDER, THAT SUCH HOLDER SELL ALL OF ITS RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST TO SUCH RESTRICTED NOTE (OR INTEREST THEREIN) TO A PERSON THAT IS BOTH A QUALIFIED

INSTITUTIONAL BUYER AND A QUALIFIED PURCHASER, WITH SUCH SALE TO BE EFFECTED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF SUCH SALE REQUIREMENT IS GIVEN. IF SUCH BENEFICIAL OWNER FAILS TO EFFECT THE TRANSFER REQUIRED WITHIN SUCH 30-DAY PERIOD, (1) UPON DIRECTION FROM THE ISSUER, THE TRUSTEE (ON BEHALF OF AND AT THE EXPENSE OF THE ISSUER) SHALL CAUSE SUCH BENEFICIAL OWNER'S INTEREST IN SUCH NOTE TO BE TRANSFERRED IN A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE SALE (CONDUCTED BY THE TRUSTEE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9-610(b) OF THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE AS IN EFFECT IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK) TO A PERSON THAT CERTIFIES TO THE TRUSTEE AND THE CO-ISSUERS, IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH TRANSFER, THAT SUCH PERSON IS BOTH (I) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER AND (II) A QUALIFIED PURCHASER AND (2) PENDING SUCH TRANSFER, NO FURTHER PAYMENTS WILL BE MADE IN RESPECT OF SUCH NOTE (OR INTEREST THEREIN) HELD BY SUCH BENEFICIAL OWNER.

In addition, the legend set forth on any Regulation S Global Note or Restricted Global Note will also have the following:

IN ADDITION, NO TRANSFER OF THIS NOTE (OR ANY INTEREST HEREIN) MAY BE MADE (AND NONE OF THE TRUSTEE, THE NOTE REGISTRAR AND THE CO-ISSUERS WILL RECOGNIZE ANY SUCH TRANSFER) IF SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A TRANSFEREE THAT IS (A) A DEALER DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A)(1)(ii) OF RULE 144A WHICH OWNS AND INVESTS ON A DISCRETIONARY BASIS LESS THAN U.S.\$25,000,000 IN SECURITIES OF ISSUERS THAT ARE NOT AFFILIATED PERSONS OF THE DEALER OR (B) A PLAN REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (a)(1)(I)(D) OR (a)(1)(I)(E) OF RULE 144A OR A TRUST FUND REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (a)(1)(I)(F) OF RULE 144A THAT HOLDS THE ASSETS OF SUCH A PLAN, UNLESS INVESTMENT DECISIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE PLAN ARE MADE SOLELY BY THE FIDUCIARY, TRUSTEE OR SPONSOR OF SUCH PLAN. THE TRANSFEREE, AND EACH ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS PURCHASING, IS REQUIRED TO HOLD AND TRANSFER AT LEAST THE MINIMUM DENOMINATIONS OF THE NOTES. EACH TRANSFEREE IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS TO ANY SUBSEQUENT TRANSFEREES.

UNLESS THIS NOTE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY ("DTC") TO THE NOTE REGISTRAR FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

In addition, the legend set forth on any Class C Note will also have the following:

THIS NOTE HAS BEEN ISSUED WITH ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT ("OID") FOR UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. THE ISSUE PRICE, AMOUNT OF OID, ISSUE DATE AND YIELD TO MATURITY OF THIS NOTE MAY BE OBTAINED BY WRITING TO: DIRECTOR, STRUCTURED CREDIT PRODUCTS GROUP, MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH, INCORPORATED, (NORTH TOWER), 4 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER, 7TH FLOOR, NEW YORK, NY 10080.

The U.S. Internal Revenue Code requires notes that are issued with original issue discount ("OID") to bear this legend. For Notes (such as the Class C Notes) that have OID because the Issuer has not determined whether the likelihood of deferral is remote, all interest will be treated as OID and, therefore, the amount of OID will be equal to the interest payable (including interest on deferred interest that has been added to principal) on the Class C Notes for that period.

(17) Legend for Preferred Shares. The purchaser understands and agrees that a legend in substantially the following form will be placed on each certificate representing any Preferred Shares:

THE PREFERRED SHARES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE OF THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION, AND MAY BE RESOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED ONLY (A)(1) TO A PERSON WHOM THE SELLER REASONABLY BELIEVES IS A "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER" (A "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER") WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT ("RULE 144A"), PURCHASING FOR ITS OWN ACCOUNT, TO WHOM NOTICE IS GIVEN THAT THE RESALE, PLEDGE OR OTHER TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN RELIANCE ON THE EXEMPTION FROM SECURITIES ACT REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144A, (2) IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION'S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT ("REGULATION'S") OR (3) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANOTHER EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT (SUBJECT TO THE DELIVERY OF SUCH CERTIFICATIONS, LEGAL OPINIONS OR OTHER INFORMATION AS THE ISSUER MAY REASONABLY REQUIRE TO CONFIRM THAT SUCH TRANSFER IS BEING MADE PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT), (B) IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CERTIFICATION AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE ISSUER CHARTER AND THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENCY AGREEMENT REFERRED TO HEREIN AND (C) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY RELEVANT JURISDICTION. NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR THE COLLATERAL HAS BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940, AS AMENDED (THE "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT"). NO TRANSFER OF A PREFERRED SHARE (OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN) MAY BE MADE (AND NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR THE PREFERRED SHARE REGISTRAR WILL RECOGNIZE ANY SUCH TRANSFER) IF (A) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A TRANSFEREE THAT IS A U.S. PERSON THAT IS NOT (I) A "QUALIFIED PURCHASER" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2(a)(51)(A) OF THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT, (II) A COMPANY EACH OF WHOSE BENEFICIAL OWNERS IS A QUALIFIED PURCHASER, (III) A "KNOWLEDGEABLE EMPLOYEE" WITH RESPECT TO THE ISSUER AS SPECIFIED IN RULE 3C-5 PROMULGATED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OR (IV) A COMPANY OWNED EXCLUSIVELY BY KNOWLEDGEABLE EMPLOYEES (ANY PERSON DESCRIBED IN CLAUSES (I) THROUGH (IV), A "QUALIFIED PURCHASER"), (B) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD HAVE THE EFFECT OF REQUIRING THE ISSUER OR THE COLLATERAL TO REGISTER AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT, (C) SUCH TRANSFER IS MADE, AFTER THE INITIAL PLACEMENT OF THE PREFERRED SHARES, TO A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR (AS DEFINED IN THE PLAN ASSET REGULATION OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR. 29 C.F.R. SECTION 2510.3-101(f) (A "BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR")) OR TO A PERSON OTHER THAN A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR WHO HAS DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY OR CONTROL WITH RESPECT TO THE ASSETS OF THE ISSUER OR PROVIDES INVESTMENT ADVICE WITH RESPECT TO THE ASSETS OF THE ISSUER FOR A FEE, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OR IS AN AFFILIATE OF ANY SUCH PERSON (A "CONTROLLING PERSON"), (D) SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A TRANSFEREE THAT IS A U.S. PERSON WHICH IS A FLOW-THROUGH INVESTMENT VEHICLE OTHER THAN A QUALIFYING INVESTMENT VEHICLE (EACH AS DEFINED IN THE TRANSFER CERTIFICATE ATTACHED TO THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENCY AGREEMENT) OR (E) EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A TRANSFER OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE TO A TRANSFEREE WHO IS ACQUIRING A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE, SUCH TRANSFER WOULD BE MADE TO A PERSON WHO IS OTHERWISE UNABLE TO MAKE THE CERTIFICATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS REQUIRED BY THE APPLICABLE TRANSFER CERTIFICATE ATTACHED AS AN EXHIBIT TO THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENCY AGREEMENT REFERRED TO HEREIN. EACH

HOLDER OF PREFERRED SHARES WILL BE REQUIRED TO CERTIFY THAT ITS INVESTMENT IN PREFERRED SHARES WILL NOT RESULT IN A NON-EXEMPT PROHIBITED TRANSACTION UNDER SECTION 406 OF THE UNITED STATES EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974, AS AMENDED, OR SECTION 4975 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED (OR, IN THE CASE OF A GOVERNMENTAL OR CHURCH PLAN, A VIOLATION OF A MATERIALLY SIMILAR FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW). ACCORDINGLY, AN INVESTOR IN PREFERRED SHARES MUST BE PREPARED TO BEAR THE ECONOMIC RISK OF SUCH INVESTMENT FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD OF TIME. IF, NOTWITHSTANDING THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH IN THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENCY AGREEMENT, THE ISSUER DETERMINES THAT ANY HOLDER OF THIS SECURITY OR AN INTEREST HEREIN (I) IS A U.S. PERSON AND (II) IS NOT BOTH (A) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER OR AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR" (AN "ACCREDITED INVESTOR") WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 501(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT AND (B) A QUALIFIED PURCHASER, THE ISSUER MAY REQUIRE, BY NOTICE TO SUCH HOLDER THAT SUCH HOLDER SELL ALL OF ITS RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST TO THIS SECURITY (OR INTEREST HEREIN) TO A PERSON THAT IS BOTH (1) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER OR AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR AND (2) A QUALIFIED PURCHASER, WITH SUCH SALE TO BE EFFECTED WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF SUCH SALE REQUIREMENT IS GIVEN. IF SUCH HOLDER FAILS TO EFFECT THE TRANSFER REQUIRED WITHIN SUCH 30-DAY PERIOD, (X) UPON WRITTEN DIRECTION FROM THE ISSUER, THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENT SHALL, AND IS HEREBY IRREVOCABLY AUTHORIZED BY SUCH HOLDER TO, CAUSE SUCH HOLDER'S INTEREST IN THIS SECURITY TO BE TRANSFERRED IN A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE SALE (CONDUCTED BY THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9-610(b) OF THE UCC AS IN EFFECT IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK AS APPLIED TO SECURITIES THAT ARE SOLD ON A RECOGNIZED MARKET OR THE SUBJECT OF WIDELY DISTRIBUTED PRICE QUOTATIONS) TO A PERSON THAT CERTIFIES TO THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENT AND THE ISSUER, IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH TRANSFER, THAT SUCH PERSON IS BOTH (1) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER OR AN ACCREDITED INVESTOR AND (2) A QUALIFIED PURCHASER, AND (Y) PENDING SUCH TRANSFER, NO FURTHER PAYMENTS WILL BE MADE IN RESPECT OF THE INTEREST IN THIS SECURITY HELD BY SUCH HOLDER, AND THE INTEREST IN THIS SECURITY SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE OUTSTANDING FOR THE PURPOSE OF ANY VOTE OR CONSENT OF THE HOLDERS OF THE PREFERRED SHARES.

THE ISSUER MAY REQUIRE ANY PERSON ACQUIRING PREFERRED SHARES (OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN) AFTER THE INITIAL PLACEMENT OF THE PREFERRED SHARES WHO IS DETERMINED TO BE A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR A CONTROLLING PERSON TO SELL SUCH PREFERRED SHARES (OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST THEREIN) TO A PERSON WHO IS NOT A BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR OR A CONTROLLING PERSON AND WHO MEETS ALL OTHER APPLICABLE TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS AND, IF SUCH HOLDER DOES NOT COMPLY WITH SUCH DEMAND WITHIN 30 DAYS THEREOF, THE ISSUER MAY SELL SUCH HOLDER'S INTEREST IN SUCH PREFERRED SHARES.

The following shall be inserted in the case of Regulation S Global Preferred Shares:

UNLESS THIS REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY ("DTC") TO THE PREFERRED SHARE REGISTRAR FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

THIS REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE REPRESENTS REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARES DEPOSITED WITH DTC ACTING AS DEPOSITARY, AND REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO., A NOMINEE OF DTC, AND CEDE & CO., AS HOLDER OF RECORD, SHALL BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE ALL DISTRIBUTIONS, OTHER THAN THE FINAL REDEMPTION AMOUNTS, BY WIRE TRANSFER OF IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE FUNDS. THE STATEMENTS IN THE LEGEND RELATING TO DTC SET FORTH ABOVE ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE TERMS OF THESE PREFERRED SHARES AND BY ACCEPTANCE THEREOF EACH HOLDER AGREES TO BE SUBJECT TO AND BOUND BY THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN SUCH LEGEND. UPON ANY SUCH EXCHANGE OR TRANSFER OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN THIS REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE FOR A DEFINITIVE PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE OR UPON ANY EXCHANGE OR TRANSFER OF A DEFINITIVE PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE FOR AN INTEREST IN THIS REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PREFERRED SHARE PAYING AGENCY AGREEMENT, THIS REGULATION S GLOBAL PREFERRED SHARE CERTIFICATE SHALL BE ENDORSED TO REFLECT THE CHANGE OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT EVIDENCED HEREBY.

Investor Representations on Resale

Except as provided below, each transferor and transferee of an Offered Security will be required to deliver a duly executed certificate in the form of the relevant exhibit attached to the Indenture or the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, as the case may be, and such other certificates and other information as the Issuer, the Co-Issuer, the Trustee or the Preferred Share Paying Agent may reasonably require to confirm that the proposed transfer complies with the transfer restrictions contained in this Offering Circular and the Indenture or the Preferred Share Documents, as applicable.

An owner of a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note may transfer such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in such Restricted Global Note without the provision of written certification. An owner of a beneficial interest in a Regulation S Global Preferred Share may transfer such interest in the form of a beneficial interest in such Regulation S Global Preferred Share without the provision of written certification, *provided* that any such transferee will be obligated to provide a letter with respect to applicable representations and warranties in the form attached to the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement (in the case of a Regulation S Global Preferred Share). Each transferee of a beneficial interest in a Global Security will be deemed to make the applicable representations and warranties described herein.

Each transferee of an Offered Security that is required to deliver a transfer certificate will be required, pursuant to such transferee certificate, and each transferee that is not required to deliver a certificate will be deemed, (a) to acknowledge, represent to and agree with the Co-Issuers and the Trustee (in the case of a Note) or the Issuer and the Preferred Share Paying Agent (in the case of a Preferred Share) as to the matters set forth in each of paragraphs (1) through (15) above (other than paragraph (5) above) as if each reference therein to "the purchaser" were instead a reference to the transferee and (b) to further represent to and agree with the Co-Issuers and the Trustee (in the case of a Note) or to the Issuer and the Preferred Share Paying Agent (in the case of a Preferred Share) as follows:

(1) In the case of a transferee who takes delivery of a Restricted Security (or a beneficial interest therein), it is a Qualified Institutional Buyer and also a Qualified Purchaser and is acquiring such Restricted Security (or beneficial interest therein) for its own account and is aware that such transfer is being made to it in reliance on Rule 144A (or, solely in the case of a Restricted Definitive Preferred Share, in accordance with another exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act (subject to the delivery of such certifications, legal opinions or other information as the Issuer may reasonably require to confirm that such transfer is being made pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act)). In addition, if such transferee is acquiring a beneficial interest in a Restricted Global Note, it (i) is not a dealer described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of

Rule 144A unless such purchaser owns and invests on a discretionary basis at least U.S.\$25,000,000 in securities of issuers that are not affiliated persons of the dealer, (ii) is not a plan referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(D) or (a)(1)(i)(E) of Rule 144A, or a trust fund referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(F) of Rule 144A that holds the assets of such a plan, unless investment decisions with respect to the plan are made solely by the fiduciary, trustee or sponsor of such plan and (iii) it will provide written notice of the foregoing, and of any applicable restrictions on transfer, to any transferee.

- (2) In the case of a transferee who takes delivery of a Regulation S Security (or a beneficial interest therein), it is not a U.S. Person is acquiring such Regulation S Security for its own account and not for the account or benefit of a U.S. Person in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S.
- (3) In the case of a transferee of a Preferred Share, it is not, for so long as it holds any Preferred Shares, will not be, a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and it understands that the Preferred Share Documents (in the case of the Preferred Shares) permit the Issuer to require that any person acquiring Preferred Shares (or a beneficial interest therein) after the initial placement of the Preferred Shares who is determined to be a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person to sell such Preferred Shares (or a beneficial interest therein) to a person who is not a Benefit Plan Investor or a Controlling Person and who meets all other applicable transfer restrictions and, if such holder does not comply with such demand within 30 days thereof, the Issuer may sell such holder's interest in such Preferred Shares.
- (4) It acknowledges that the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements will be relied upon by the Co-Issuers and the Trustee (in the case of a Note) or the Issuer and the Preferred Share Paying Agent (in the case of a Preferred Share) for the purpose of determining its eligibility to purchase Offered Securities. It agrees to provide, if requested, any additional information that may be required to substantiate or confirm its status as a Qualified Institutional Buyer or an Accredited Investor or under the exception provided pursuant to Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act, to determine compliance with ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code or to otherwise determine its eligibility to purchase Offered Securities.

LISTING AND GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. Application will be made to list the Notes and the Preferred Shares on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange. There can be no assurance that listing on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange will be granted.
- 2. For 14 days following the listing of the Offered Securities on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange, copies of the Issuer's Amended and Restated Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association (together, the "Articles"), the Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws of the Co-Issuer, the Transaction Documents and a description of the Collateral will be available for inspection and will be obtainable at the office of the Issuer in the Cayman Islands, where copies thereof may be obtained upon request.
- 3. If and for so long as any Offered Securities are listed on the Channel Islands Stock Exchange, copies of the Articles of the Issuer, the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of the Co-Issuer, the resolutions of the board of directors of the Issuer authorizing the issuance of the Offered Securities, the resolutions of the board of directors of the Co-Issuer authorizing the issuance of the Notes, the Indenture and the Collateral Advisory Agreement will be available for inspection during the term of the Offered Securities at the office of the Trustee. The activities of the Issuer will be limited to (i) acquiring and holding Collateral Debt Securities and investing in Eligible Investments, (ii) entering into and performing its obligations under the Transaction Documents to which it is a party, (iii) issuing and selling the Offered Securities, (iv) pledging the Collateral as security for its obligations in respect of the Notes and otherwise for the benefit of the Secured Parties, (v) owning the Co Issuer and (vi) other activities incidental to the foregoing. Cash flow derived from the Collateral securing the Notes will be the Issuer's only source of cash. The Co Issuer will be capitalized only to the extent of its common equity of \$1,000, will have no assets other than its equity capital and will have no debt other than as Co-Issuer of the Notes.
- 4. The Issuer is not required by Cayman Islands law, and the Issuer does not intend, to publish annual reports and accounts. The Co-Issuer is not required by Delaware state law, and the Co-Issuer does not intend, to publish annual reports and accounts. Accordingly, financial statements of the Co-Issuers will be neither prepared nor made available at the office of the Channel Islands Listing Agent. The Indenture, however, requires the Issuer to provide the Trustee with written confirmation, on an annual basis, that to the best of its knowledge following review of the activities of the prior year, no potential Event of Default or Event of Default or other similar matter required to be brought to the Trustee's attention has occurred, or, if such an event has occurred, specifying the same.
- 5. Each of the Co-Issuers represents that, as of the date of this Offering Circular, there has been no material adverse change in its financial position since the date of its creation. Neither of the Co-Issuers is involved, or has been involved since incorporation, in any litigation or arbitration proceedings relating to claims on amounts which may have or have had a material effect on the Co-Issuers in the context of the issue of the Offered Securities, nor, so far as such Co-Issuer is aware, is any such litigation or arbitration involving it pending or threatened.
- 6. The issuance of the Offered Securities will be authorized by the board of directors of the Issuer by resolutions passed on March 24, 2005. The issuance of the Notes will be authorized by the board of directors of the Co-Issuer by resolutions passed on March 23, 2005. Since incorporation, neither the Issuer nor the Co-Issuer has commenced trading, established any accounts or declared any dividends, except for the transactions described herein relating to the issuance of the Offered Securities.

SECURITIES IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

Offered Securities sold in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S and represented by Global Securities have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream. The table below lists the Common Code Numbers, the CUSIP (CINS) Numbers and the International Securities Identification Numbers (ISIN) for Offered Securities represented by Regulation S Global Notes and Regulation S Preferred Shares and the CUSIP Numbers for Offered Securities represented by Restricted Global Notes and Definitive Preferred Shares.

	Regulation S Common Codes	Regulation S Global Note CUSIP Numbers	Restricted Global Note CUSIP Numbers	International Securities Identification <u>Numbers</u>
Class A-1 Notes (funded)	Applied for	G5209EAA8	48205YAA5	Restricted: US48205YAA55
				Reg S: USG5209Eaa85
Class A-1 Notes	N/A	N/A	48205YAN7	Restricted:
(unfunded)				US48205YAN76
Class A-2 Notes	Applied for	G5209EAB6	48205YAB3	Restricted: US48205YAB39
				Reg S: USG5209EAC42
Class B Notes	Applied for	G5209EAC4	48205YAC1	Restricted: US482057AC12
				Reg S: USG5209EAC42
Class C-1A Notes	Applied for	G5209EAD2	48205YAD9	Restricted: US48205YAD94
				Reg S: USG5209EAD25
Class C-1B Notes	Applied for	G5209EAE0	48205YAE7	Restricted: US48205YAE77
				Reg S: USG5209EAE08
Class C-1C Notes	021590452	G5209EAF7	48205YAL1	Restricted: US48205YAL11
				Reg S: USG5209EAF72
Preferred Shares	021590509	G52096107	48205W200	Restricted: US48205W2008
				Reg S: KYG520961072

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to the Offered Securities will be passed upon for the Issuer by Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer LLP, New York, New York. Certain matters with respect to Cayman Islands corporate law and tax law will be passed upon for the Issuer by Walkers.

GLOSSARY OF CERTAIN DEFINED TERMS

Following is glossary of certain defined terms used in this Offering Circular. Defined terms not appearing in this glossary are referenced in the Index of Certain Defined Terms.

"ABS Type Diversified Securities" means (1) Automobile Securities; (2) Car Rental Receivable Securities; (3) Credit Card Securities; and (4) Student Loan Securities.

"ABS Type Residential Securities" means (1) Home Equity Loan Securities; (2) Residential A Mortgage Securities; and (3) Residential B/C Mortgage Securities.

"ABS Type Undiversified Securities" means each Specified Type of Asset-Backed Securities, other than (a) ABS Type Diversified Securities or (b) ABS Type Residential Securities.

"Accredited Investor" has the meaning given in Rule 501(a) under the Securities Act.

"Account Control Agreement" means the Account Control Agreement dated as of the Closing Date between the Issuer, the Trustee and the Custodian.

"Administrative Expenses" means all amounts due or accrued with respect to any Quarterly Distribution Date and payable by the Issuer or the Co-Issuer to (i) the Note Registrar, the Trustee or any co-trustee, (ii) the Combination Security Trustee, the Combination Security Registrar, the Placement Agent and the Settlor under the Reimbursement Agreement, (iii) the Collateral Administrator under the Collateral Administration Agreement, (iv) the Administrator under the Administration Agreement, (v) the Preferred Share Paying Agent under the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement, (vi) the Independent accountants, agents and counsel of the Issuer for reasonable fees and expenses (including amounts payable in connection with the preparation of tax forms on behalf of the Co-Issuers), (vii) the Rating Agencies for fees and expenses in connection with any rating (including the annual fee payable with respect to the monitoring of any rating and any credit estimate fees) of the Notes, including fees and expenses due or accrued in connection with any rating of the Collateral Debt Securities, (viii) the fees and expenses of the Collateral Manager pursuant to the Collateral Management Agreement, (ix) any other Person in respect of any governmental fee, charge or tax in relation to the Issuer or the Co-Issuer (in each case as certified by an Authorized Officer of the Issuer or the Co-Issuer to the Trustee) and (x) any Person in respect of any other fees or expenses (including indemnities) permitted under the Indenture, the Collateral Management Agreement and all other documents delivered pursuant to or in connection with the Indenture and the Notes; provided that Administrative Expenses shall not include (a) any amounts due or accrued with respect to the actions taken on or in connection with the Closing Date, (b) amounts payable in respect of the Notes, (c) amounts payable under the Hedge Agreement and (d) any Senior Management Fee or Subordinate Management Fee to the Collateral Manager.

"Aerospace and Defense Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from leases and subleases of aircraft, vessels and telecommunications equipment to businesses for use in the provision of goods or services to consumers, the military or the government, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the leases and subleases have varying contractual maturities; (2) the leases or subleases are obligations of a relatively limited number of obligors and accordingly represent an undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the repayment stream on such leases and subleases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early termination of such leases and subleases predominantly dependent upon the disposition to a lessee, sublessee or third party of the underlying equipment; (4) such leases or subleases typically provide for the right of the lessee or sublessee to purchase the equipment for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of lease term for excess usage or wear and tear; and (5) the obligations of the lessee, sublessors may be secured not only by the leased equipment but also by other assets of the lessee, sublessee or guarantees granted by third parties.

"Aggregate Attributable Amount" means, with respect to any specified Collateral Debt Security and issuers incorporated or organized under the laws of any specified jurisdiction or jurisdictions, (a) the aggregate Principal Balance of such Collateral Debt Security multiplied by (b) the aggregate par amount of collateral securing such Collateral Debt Security issued by issuers so incorporated or organized divided by (c) the aggregate par amount of all collateral securing such Collateral Debt Security. The Collateral Manager shall determine the Aggregate Attributable Amount with respect to any specified Collateral Debt Security and issuer or issuers based upon information in the most recent servicing, trustee or other similar report delivered in accordance with the related Underlying Instruments and, if no such information is available after inquiry of the relevant issuer, Servicer, collateral manager or any other person serving in a similar capacity, on the basis of an estimate of such Aggregate Attributable Amount from the Collateral Manager made by the Collateral Manager in good faith and in the exercise of its reasonable business judgment based upon all relevant information otherwise available to the Collateral Manager or the Trustee.

"Applicable Recovery Rate" means, with respect to any Collateral Debt Security on any Measurement Date, the lowest of (a) an amount equal to the percentage for such Collateral Debt Security set forth in the Moody's recovery rate matrix set forth in Part I of Schedule A hereto in (x) the table corresponding to the relevant Specified Type of CDO Security or Other ABS, (y) the column in such table setting forth the Moody's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security as of the date of issuance of such Collateral Debt Security and (z) the row in such table opposite the percentage of the Issue of which such Collateral Debt Security is a part relative to the total capitalization of (including both debt and equity securities issued by) the relevant issuer of or obligor on such Collateral Debt Security, determined on the original issue date of such Collateral Debt Security provided that (1) if the Collateral Debt Security is a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security, the recovery rate will be 30% and (2) if the Collateral Debt Security is a Synthetic Security, the recovery rate will be as assigned by Moody's, (b) an amount equal to the percentage for such Collateral Debt Security set forth in the Standard & Poor's recovery rate matrix set forth in Part II of Schedule A hereto in (x) the applicable table and (y) the row in such table opposite the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security as of the date on which the Issuer acquired such Collateral Debt Security (or, in the case of a Defaulted Security, the Standard & Poor's Rating at the time of issuance) and (z) in the column in such table below the then current rating of the most senior Class of Notes outstanding provided that (1) if the Collateral Debt Security is a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security, such amount shall be 37% and (2) if the Collateral Debt Security is a Synthetic Security, the recovery rate will be as assigned by Standard & Poor's and (c) with respect to any Collateral Debt Security that is a Defaulted Security, the percentage equal to the Fitch Recovery Rate.

"Automobile Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from installment sale loans made to finance the acquisition of, or from leases of, automobiles, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the loans or leases may have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans or leases are obligations of numerous borrowers or lessees and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the borrowers or lessees under the loans or leases generally do not have a poor credit rating; (4) the repayment stream on such loans or leases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment on such loans or leases predominantly dependent upon the disposition of the underlying vehicle; and (5) such leases typically provide for the right of the lessee to purchase the vehicle for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of lease term for excess mileage or use.

"Bank Guaranteed Securities" means any Asset-Backed Security as to which, if interest thereon is not timely paid when due, or the principal thereof is not timely paid at stated legal maturity, a national banking association organized under United States law or a banking corporation organized under the laws of a state of the United States has undertaken in an irrevocable letter of credit or other similar instrument to make such payment against the presentation of documents, but only if such letter of credit or similar instrument (1) expires no earlier than such stated maturity (or contains "evergreen" provisions entitling the beneficiary thereof to draw the entire undrawn amount thereof upon the failure of the expiration date of such letter of credit or other similar instrument to be extended beyond its then current

expiry date), (2) provides that payment thereunder is independent of the performance by the obligor on the relevant Asset-Backed Security and (3) was issued by a bank having a credit rating assigned by each nationally recognized statistical rating organization that currently rates such Asset-Backed Security higher than the credit rating assigned by such rating organization to such Asset-Backed Security, determined without giving effect to such letter of credit or similar instrument, *provided* that any Asset-Backed Security falling within this definition shall be excluded from the definition of each other Specified Type of Asset-Backed Security.

"Bank Trust Preferred CDO Security" an Asset-Backed Security issued by an entity formed for the purpose of holding or investing and reinvesting in a pool of bank trust preferred securities.

"Benchmark Rate" means (a) with respect to Collateral Debt Securities that bear interest at a floating rate, the offered rate for Dollar deposits in Europe of six months that appears on Telerate Page 3750 (or such other page as may replace such Telerate Page 3750 for the purpose of displaying comparable rates), as of 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the second London Banking Day preceding the date of acquisition of such Collateral Debt Securities and (b) with respect to Collateral Debt Securities that do not bear interest at a floating rate, the yield reported, as of 10:00 a.m. (New York City time) on the second Business Day preceding the date of acquisition of such Collateral Debt Securities, on the display designated as "Page 678" on the Telerate Access Service (or such other display as may replace Page 678 on Telerate Access Service) for actively traded U.S. Treasury securities having a maturity equal to the Weighted Average Life of such Collateral Debt Securities on such date of acquisition.

"Car Rental Receivable Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from leases and subleases of vehicles to car rental systems (such as Hertz, Avis, National, Dollar, Budget, etc.) and their franchisees, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the leases and subleases have varying contractual maturities; (2) the subleases are obligations of numerous franchisees and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the repayment stream on such leases and subleases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early termination of such leases and subleases predominantly dependent upon the disposition to a lessee or third party of the underlying vehicle; and (4) such leases or subleases typically provide for the right of the lessee or sublessee to purchase the vehicle for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of lease term for excess mileage or use.

"Calculation Amount" means, with respect to any Defaulted Security at any time, the lesser of (a) the fair market value of such Defaulted Security and (b) the amount obtained by multiplying the Applicable Recovery Rate by the Principal Balance of such Defaulted Security.

"CDO Securities" means (1) High-Diversity CDO Securities and (2) Low-Diversity CDO Securities.

"Class" means, with respect to the Notes, each of the Class A-1 Notes, the Class A-2 Notes, the Class B Notes and the Class C Notes.

"Class A Sequential Pay Ratio" means, as of any Measurement Date, the number (expressed as a percentage) calculated by <u>dividing</u> (a) the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on such Measurement Date <u>by</u> (b) the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding amount of the Class A-1 Notes <u>plus</u> (ii) the aggregate undrawn amount of Class A-1 Notes on such Measurement Date <u>plus</u> (iii) the aggregate outstanding amount of the Class A-2 Notes.

"Class A Sequential Pay Test" means, for so long as any Class A Notes remain outstanding, a test satisfied on any Measurement Date occurring on or after the Ramp-Up Completion Date if the Class A Sequential Pay Ratio on such Measurement Date is equal to or greater than 105%.

"Class A-1 Note Funding Agreement" means the note agreement dated on or prior to the Closing Date between the Issuer, the distribution agent and the beneficial owners from time to time of the Class A-1 Notes, as modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time.

"Class A/B Pro Rata Principal Payment Cap" means, on any Quarterly Distribution Date, an amount equal to (a) the amount of Principal Proceeds available in accordance with the Priority of Payments on such Quarterly Distribution Date to make payments under paragraph (4) of the Priority of Payments applicable to Principal Proceeds multiplied by (b) the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding amount of the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes and Class B Notes outstanding (determined on the immediately preceding Determination Date, after giving effect to all payments of the principal thereof on such Quarterly Distribution Date, including from Interest Proceeds, prior to paragraph (4) of the Priority of Payments applicable to Principal Proceeds, but without giving effect to any other payment of the principal thereof on such Quarterly Distribution Date) plus (ii) (ii) the aggregate undrawn amount of Class A-1 Notes on such Measurement Date divided by (c) the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding amount of the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C-1A Notes and Class C-1B Notes outstanding (determined on the immediately preceding Determination Date, after giving effect to all payments of the principal thereof on such Quarterly Distribution Date, including from Interest Proceeds, prior to paragraph (4) of the Priority of Payments applicable to Principal Proceeds, but without giving effect to any other payment of the principal thereof on such Quarterly Distribution Date); provided that, if the aggregate outstanding amount of the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes and the Class B Notes plus the aggregate undrawn amount of Class A-1 Notes is zero, the Class A/B Pro Rata Principal Payment Cap shall be zero.

"CLO Security" means an Asset-Backed Security issued by an entity formed for the purpose of holding or investing and reinvesting in a pool of commercial and industrial bank loans.

"Closing Date" means March 29, 2005.

"CMBS Conduit Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities (A) issued by a single-seller or multi-seller conduit under which the holders of such Asset-Backed Securities have recourse to a specified pool of assets (but not other assets held by the conduit that support payments on other series of securities) and (B) that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from a pool of commercial mortgage loans generally having the following characteristics: (1) the commercial mortgage loans have varying contractual maturities; (2) the commercial mortgage loans are secured by real property purchased or improved with the proceeds thereof (or to refinance an outstanding loan the proceeds of which were so used); (3) the commercial mortgage loans are obligations of a relatively limited number of obligors (with the creditworthiness of individual obligors being less material than for CMBS Large Loan Securities and Credit Tenant Lease Securities) and accordingly represent a relatively undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (4) upon original issuance of such Asset-Backed Securities no five commercial mortgage loans account for more than 20% of the aggregate principal balance of the entire pool of commercial mortgage loans supporting payments on such securities; and (5) repayment thereof can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with early prepayment of individual loans depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans or securities include an effective prepayment premium.

"CMBS Credit Tenant Lease Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities (other than CMBS Large Loan Securities and CMBS Conduit Securities) that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from a pool of commercial mortgage loans made to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of properties leased to corporate tenants (or on the cash flow from such leases). They generally have the following characteristics: (1) the commercial mortgage loans or leases have varying contractual maturities; (2) the commercial mortgage loans are secured by real property purchased or improved with the proceeds thereof (or to refinance an outstanding loan the proceeds of which were so used); (3) the leases are secured by leasehold interests; (4) the commercial mortgage loans or leases are obligations of a

relatively limited number of obligors and accordingly represent a relatively undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (5) payment thereof can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with prepayment of individual loans or termination of leases depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors or lessees and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans include an effective prepayment premium; and (6) the creditworthiness of such corporate tenants is the primary factor in any decision to invest in these securities.

"CMBS Large Loan Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities (other than CMBS Conduit Securities and CMBS Credit Tenant Lease Securities) that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from a pool of commercial mortgage loans made to finance the acquisition, construction and improvement of properties. They generally have the following characteristics: (1) the commercial mortgage loans have varying contractual maturities; (2) the commercial mortgage loans are secured by real property purchased or improved with the proceeds thereof (or to refinance an outstanding loan the proceeds of which were so used); (3) the commercial mortgage loans are obligations of a relatively limited number of obligors and accordingly represent a relatively undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (4) repayment thereof can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with early prepayment of individual loans depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans or securities include an effective prepayment premium; and (5) the valuation of individual properties securing the commercial mortgage loans is the primary factor in any decision to invest in these securities.

"Collateral Debt Security" means (i) any CDO Security, (ii) any Other ABS, (iii) any Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security, (iv) any Synthetic Security the Reference Obligation(s) of which, and any Deliverable Obligation under which, (1) is a CDO Security, Other ABS or Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security that would qualify to be included as a Collateral Debt Security hereunder if purchased directly by the Issuer or (2) is a pool of financial assets, either static or revolving (the composition of which cannot vary as a result of a decision by the Collateral Manager, the Synthetic Security Counterparty, or their Affiliates), that by their terms convert into cash within a finite time period and that would qualify as a Specified Type, and that are debt securities that satisfy paragraph (8) of the Eligibility Criteria or (v) any Deliverable Obligation.

"Combination Security Registrar" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as registrar under the Trust Agreement.

"Combination Security Trustee" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee under the Trust Agreement.

"Commitment Fee Amount" means with respect to the Class A-1 Notes as of any Quarterly Distribution Date, the sum of (a) the aggregate amount of Commitment Fee accrued during the Interest Period ending on such Quarterly Distribution Date <u>plus</u> (b) any Commitment Fee Amount due but not paid in any previous Interest Period <u>plus</u> (c) any Defaulted Interest in respect of any Commitment Fee Amount due but not paid on any prior Quarterly Distribution Date (which Defaulted Interest shall accrue at the Note Interest Rate applicable to the Class A-1 Notes).

"Controlling Class" means the Class A-1 Notes or, if there are no Class A-1 Notes outstanding (and the Commitment Period Termination Date has occurred), then the Class A-2 Notes or, if there are no Class A-2 Notes outstanding (and the Commitment Period Termination Date has occurred), then the Class B Notes or, if there are no Class B Notes outstanding (and the Commitment Period Termination Date has occurred), then the Class C Notes.

"Corporate CDO Security" means a CDO Security of which the underlying assets include corporate debt securities.

"Countrywide" means Countrywide Financial Corporation.

"Credit Card Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from balances outstanding under revolving consumer credit card accounts, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the accounts have standardized payment terms and require minimum monthly payments; (2) the balances are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; and (3) the repayment stream on such balances does not depend upon a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment depending primarily on interest rates, availability of credit against a maximum credit limit and general economic matters.

"Credit Improved Security" means any Collateral Debt Security (other than a Defaulted Security) that satisfies one of the following criteria: (1) so long as (a) no rating of any of the Class A Notes or Class B Notes has been reduced or withdrawn (and has not been reinstated) by Standard & Poor's or Moody's, and (b) no rating of any of the Class C Notes has been reduced by two or more subcategories below the rating assigned to such Notes on the Closing Date or withdrawn by Standard & Poor's or Moody's (and has not been reinstated), the Collateral Manager believes (based on its judgment exercised in accordance with the standard of care set forth in the Collateral Management Agreement) that such Collateral Debt Security has improved in credit quality; or (2) such Collateral Debt Security has been upgraded or put on a watch list for possible upgrade by one or more rating subcategories by Standard & Poor's and Moody's since it was acquired by the Issuer and the Collateral Manager believes (based on its judgment exercised in accordance with the standard of care set forth in the Collateral Management Agreement) that such Collateral Debt Security has improved in credit quality since such date.

"Credit Risk Security" means any Collateral Debt Security that the Collateral Manager believes (as of the date of the Collateral Manager's determination in accordance with the standard of care set forth in the Collateral Management Agreement based upon currently available information) has a risk of declining in credit quality and with lapse of time, becoming a Defaulted Security or a Written Down Security.

"Custodian" means the custodian under the Account Control Agreement.

"Default" means any Event of Default or any occurrence that, with notice or the lapse of time or both, would become an Event of Default.

"Defaulted Security" means any Collateral Debt Security:

- (1) as to which the issuer thereof has defaulted in the payment of principal or interest without regard to any applicable grace period or waiver; *provided* that a Collateral Debt Security will not be classified as a "Defaulted Security" under this paragraph if (i) the Collateral Manager certifies in writing to the Trustee, in its judgment, that such payment default is due to non-credit and non-fraud related reasons and such default does not continue for more than five Business Days (or, if earlier, until the next succeeding Determination Date) or (ii) such payment default has been cured by the payment of all amounts that were originally scheduled to have been paid;
- (2) as to which the Trustee has actual knowledge that (i) all amounts due under such Collateral Debt Security have been accelerated prior to its Stated Maturity or (ii) the holders of such Collateral Debt Security can immediately accelerate such amounts, unless such rights of acceleration have been waived:
- (3) that ranks *pari passu* with or subordinate to any other material indebtedness for borrowed money owing by the issuer of such security (for purposes hereof, "Other Indebtedness") if the Trustee has actual knowledge that such issuer had defaulted in the payment (beyond any applicable notice or grace period) of principal or interest with respect to such Other Indebtedness, unless, in the case of a default or event of default consisting of a failure of the obligor on such security to make required interest payments, such Other Indebtedness has resumed current payments of interest (including all accrued interest) in cash (whether or not any waiver or restructuring has been effected);

- (4) as to which any bankruptcy, insolvency or receivership proceeding has been initiated in connection with the issuer thereof, or there has been proposed or effected any distressed exchange or other debt restructuring pursuant to which the issuer thereof has offered the holders thereof a new security or package of securities that is intended solely to enable the relevant obligor to avoid defaulting in the performance of its obligations under such Collateral Debt Security; provided that a Collateral Debt Security shall not constitute a "Defaulted Security" under this clause (4) if such Collateral Debt Security was acquired in a distressed exchange or other debt restructuring and complies with the requirements of the definition of "Collateral Debt Security";
- (5) that is rated "Ca" or "C" by Moody's or is rated "Caa3" by Moody's and has been placed on a watchlist for possible downgrade by Moody's or has no rating from Moody's but the Issuer has obtained a credit estimate from Moody's that such Collateral Debt Security has a Moody's Rating Factor of 10,000 or higher;
 - (6) that is rated "CC", "D" or "SD" (or has had its rating withdrawn) by Standard & Poor's;
 - (7) that is rated "CC" or lower by Fitch;
 - (8) that is a Defaulted Synthetic Security;
- (9) that is a Synthetic Security (other than a Defaulted Synthetic Security) with respect to which there is a Synthetic Security Counterparty Defaulted Obligation; or
- (10) that is a Deliverable Obligation that would not satisfy paragraphs (1) through (4), (6) through (30), (33), (34) and (35) of the Eligibility Criteria at the time such Deliverable Obligation is delivered to the Issuer.

For the purposes of this definition, the words "actual knowledge" shall mean receipt by the Trustee of any relevant report, documentation or notice from the issuer of or trustee or other service provider with respect to a Collateral Debt Security that states or provides notification that any of the above events has occurred. In addition, the Trustee shall be deemed to have "actual knowledge" that a Collateral Debt Security or any other security included in the Collateral is a Defaulted Security if the Trustee receives (whether received in writing, by electronic means or otherwise) a written notice addressed to the Trustee from the Collateral Manager, any Noteholder, any Preferred Shareholder, any Hedge Counterparty or any Rating Agency that such party has obtained knowledge of any such default.

"Defaulted Synthetic Security" means (a) if such Synthetic Security is a Single Obligation Synthetic Security, any Synthetic Security as to which, if such Reference Obligation were a Collateral Debt Security, such Reference Obligation would constitute a "Defaulted Security" under the definition thereof (other than any of paragraphs (8), (9) and (10) of such definition), (b) if such Synthetic Security references more than one Reference Obligation and does not provide that the Issuer has any (contingent or otherwise) payment obligations to the Synthetic Security Counterparty after an initial payment thereunder, any Synthetic Security as to which the aggregate repayment obligation owing to the Issuer has been reduced by reason of the occurrence of one or more "credit events" or other similar circumstances, (c) if such Synthetic Security references more than one Reference Obligation and provides that the Issuer has (contingent or otherwise) payment obligations to the Synthetic Security Counterparty after the effective date thereof, any Synthetic Security as to which the Issuer has become obligated to make one or more payments to the Synthetic Security Counterparty by reason of the occurrence of one or more "credit events" or other similar circumstances and (d) any Synthetic Security as to which a Deliverable Obligation has become deliverable to the Issuer by reason of the occurrence of one or more "credit events" or other similar circumstances.

"Defeased Synthetic Security" means any Synthetic Security that requires payment by the Issuer after the date upon which it is pledged to the Trustee and that satisfies the following: (a) the Issuer

has caused to be deposited in a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account an amount at least equal to the aggregate of all further payments (contingent or otherwise) that the Issuer is or may be required to make to the Synthetic Security Counterparty under the Synthetic Security; (b) the agreement relating to such Synthetic Security contains "non-petition" provisions with respect to the Issuer and "limited recourse" provisions limiting the Synthetic Security Counterparty's rights in respect of the Synthetic Security to the funds and other property credited to the Synthetic Security Counterparty Account related to such Synthetic Security and (c) the agreement relating to such Synthetic Security contains provisions to the effect that upon the occurrence of an "Event of Default" or "Termination Event" (other than an "Illegality" or "Tax Event"), if any where the Synthetic Security Counterparty is the sole "Defaulting Party" or the sole "Affected Party" ("Event of Default", "Termination Event", "Illegality", "Tax Event", "Defaulting Party" or "Affected Party", as applicable, as such terms are defined in the ISDA Master Agreement relating to such Synthetic Security) (x) the Issuer may terminate its obligations under such Synthetic Security and, upon such termination, any lien in favor of the Synthetic Security Counterparty over its related Synthetic Security Counterparty Account will be terminated and (y) the Issuer will no longer be obligated to make any payments to the Synthetic Security Counterparty with respect to such Synthetic Security.

"Deliverable Obligation" means a debt obligation that is delivered to the Issuer upon the occurrence of a "credit event" under a Synthetic Security.

"Determination Date" means the last day of a Due Period.

"Dividend Yield" means, as of any Quarterly Distribution Date, when used in paragraph (14) of "Priority of Payments–Interest Proceeds", the per annum rate (expressed as a percentage) determined by multiplying (a) the quotient of (i) the aggregate amount distributed on such Quarterly Distribution Date pursuant to paragraph (14) divided by (ii) the original aggregate liquidation preference of all Preferred Shares issued on the Closing Date multiplied by (b) the quotient of (i) 360 divided by (ii) the number of days during the period from, and including, the immediately preceding Quarterly Distribution Date to, but excluding, such Quarterly Distribution Date (calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days and twelve 30-day months).

"**Dollars**" means a dollar or other equivalent unit in such coin or currency of the United States as at the time shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private.

"Due Period" means each period from, but excluding, the 25th day of a calendar month that ends immediately prior to any Quarterly Distribution Date to, and including, the 25th day of the calendar month that ends immediately prior to the next succeeding Quarterly Distribution Date, except that (a) the initial Due Period will commence on, and include, the Closing Date and (b) the final Due Period will end on, and include, the day preceding the Stated Maturity of the Notes. The "Quarterly Distribution Date" relating to any Due Period shall be the Quarterly Distribution Date that immediately succeeds the last day of such Due Period.

"Eligible Investments" include any Dollar-denominated investment that is one or more of the following (and may include investments for which the Trustee and/or its Affiliates provides services or receives compensation):

- (a) cash;
- (b) direct Registered obligations of, and Registered obligations the timely payment of principal and interest on which is fully and expressly guaranteed by, the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States the obligations of which are expressly backed by the full faith and credit of the United States;
- (c) demand and time deposits in, certificates of deposit of, bankers' acceptances payable within 183 days of issuance issued by, or Federal funds sold by any depository institution or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United States or any state thereof and subject to supervision

and examination by Federal and/or state banking authorities so long as the commercial paper and/or the debt obligations of such depository institution or trust company (or, in the case of the principal depository institution in a holding company system, the commercial paper or debt obligations of such holding company) at the time of such investment or contractual commitment providing for such investment have a credit rating of not less than "Aa2" by Moody's (and, if such rating is "Aa2", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch in the case of long-term debt obligations, or "P-1" by Moody's (and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "F1+" by Fitch in the case of commercial paper and short-term debt obligations including time deposits; provided that (i) in each case, the issuer thereof must have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "A1" by Moody's (and, if such rating is "A1", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's) and not less than "A+" by Fitch and (ii) in the case of commercial paper and short-term debt obligations with a maturity of longer than 91 days, the issuer thereof must also have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch;

- (d) unleveraged repurchase obligations with respect to (i) any security described in clause (b) above or (ii) any other Registered obligation issued or guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States (in each case without regard to the stated maturity of such security), in either case entered into with a U.S. Federal or state depository institution or trust company (acting as principal) described in clause (c) above or entered into with a corporation (acting as principal) whose long-term rating is not less than "Aa2" by Moody's (and, if such rating is "Aa2", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch or whose short-term credit rating is "P-1" by Moody's (and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's and "F1+" by Fitch at the time of such investment; provided that (i) in each case, the issuer thereof must have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "Aa2" by Moody's (and, if such rating is "Aa2", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's) and (ii) if such security has a maturity of longer than 91 days, the issuer thereof must also have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch;
- (e) Registered debt securities bearing interest or sold at a discount issued by any corporation incorporated under the laws of the United States or any state thereof that have a credit rating of not less than "Aa2" by Moody's (and, if such rating is "Aa2", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch:
- (f) commercial paper or other short-term obligations with a maturity of not more than 183 days from the date of issuance and having at the time of such investment a credit rating of "P-1" by Moody's (and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's and "F1+" by Fitch; *provided* that (i) in each case, the issuer thereof must have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "Aa2" by Moody's (and, if such rating is "Aa2", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's) and not less than "AA+" by Fitch, and (ii) if such security has a maturity of longer than 91 days, the issuer thereof must also have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch;
- (g) Registered reinvestment agreements issued by any bank (if treated as a deposit by such bank), or a Registered reinvestment agreement issued by any insurance company or other corporation or entity organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof (if treated as debt for tax purposes by such corporation or entity), in each case, that has a credit rating of "P-1" by Moody's (and such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's and "F1+" by Fitch; provided that (i) in any case, the issuer thereof must have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "Aa2" by Moody's (and, if

such rating is "Aa2", such rating is not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), and not less than "AA+" by Fitch, and (ii) if such security has a maturity of longer than 91 days, the issuer thereof must also have at the time of such investment a long-term credit rating of not less than "AA+" by Standard & Poor's and not less than "AA+" by Fitch; and

(h) interests in any money market fund or similar investment vehicle having at the time of investment therein the highest credit rating assigned by Moody's, a rating of "AAAm" or "AAAm/G" by Standard & Poor's and the highest credit rating assigned by Fitch if rated by Fitch; provided that such fund or vehicle is formed and has its principal office outside the United States;

and, in each case (other than clause (a)), with a stated maturity (giving effect to any applicable grace period) no later than the Business Day immediately preceding the Quarterly Distribution Date next following the Due Period in which the date of investment occurs; provided that Eligible Investments may not include (a) any mortgaged-backed security, (b) any security that does not provide for payment or repayment of a stated principal amount in one or more installments, (c) any security purchased at a price in excess of 100% of the par value thereof, (d) any investment the income from or proceeds of disposition of which is or will be subject to reduction for or on account of any withholding or similar tax, (e) any investment the acquisition (including the manner of acquisition), ownership, enforcement or disposition of which will subject the Issuer to net income tax in any jurisdiction outside its jurisdiction of incorporation, (f) any floating rate security (other than the time deposits described in paragraph (c) above) whose interest rate is inversely or otherwise not proportionately related to an interest rate index or is calculated as other than the sum of an interest rate index plus a spread or (q) any security that is subject to an Offer on the date of purchase thereof or (h) any security whose rating by Standard & Poor's includes the subscript "r", "t", "p", "pi" or "q" provided that notwithstanding the foregoing, when used in relation to a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account, Eligible Investments shall include any investments approved in writing by the Synthetic Security Counterparty. Eligible Investments may be obligations of, and may be purchased from the Trustee and its Affiliates and may include obligations for which the Trustee or an Affiliate thereof receives compensation for providing services.

"Eligible Successor" means an established institution that (i) has demonstrated an ability to professionally and competently perform duties similar to those imposed upon the Collateral Manager under the Collateral Management Agreement and with a substantially similar (or better) level of expertise, (ii) is legally qualified and has the capacity to act as Collateral Manager, as successor to the Collateral Manager under the Collateral Management Agreement in the assumption of all of the responsibilities, duties and obligations of the Collateral Manager under the Collateral Management Agreement and under the applicable terms of the Indenture, (iii) shall not cause the Issuer or the Co-Issuer or the pool of Collateral to become required to register under the provisions of the Investment Company Act, (iv) will perform its duties as Collateral Manager under the Collateral Management Agreement without causing adverse tax consequences to the Issuer or any Holder of Notes or Preferred Shares, and (v) the appointment of such successor Collateral Manager satisfies the Rating Condition.

"Emerging Market Issuer" means a sovereign or non-sovereign issuer organized in a country that is in Latin America, Asia, Africa, Eastern Europe or the Caribbean or in a country the Dollar-denominated obligations of which are rated lower than "Aa2" by Moody's (or are rated Aa2" and are on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's) and which has a foreign currency rating lower than "AA" by Standard & Poor's; provided that an issuer of Asset-Backed Securities organized in a Special Purpose Vehicle Jurisdiction shall not be an Emerging Market Issuer for purposes hereof if the underlying collateral of such Asset-Backed Securities consists solely of (x) obligations of obligors located in the United States, (y) obligations of Qualifying Foreign Obligors and (z) obligations of issuers of Asset-Backed Securities organized in a Special Purpose Vehicle Jurisdiction if the underlying collateral of such Asset-Backed Securities consist solely of obligations of obligors located in the United States and obligations of Qualifying Foreign Obligors.

"Equity Security" means any security, obligation or other property (other than cash) acquired by the Issuer as a result of the exercise or conversion of a Collateral Debt Security, in conjunction with the purchase of a Collateral Debt Security or in exchange for a Defaulted Security.

"ERISA" means The United States Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

"Fair Market Value" means, at any time, (i) an amount equal to (x) the average of the bona fide bids for such Collateral Debt Security obtained by the Collateral Manager at such time from any three nationally recognized dealers, which dealers are Independent from one another and from the Collateral Manager and the Issuer and are approved dealers, (y) if the Collateral Manager is in good faith unable to obtain bids from three such dealers, the lesser of the bona fide bids for such Collateral Debt Security obtained by the Collateral Manager at such time from any two nationally recognized dealers chosen by the Collateral Manager, which dealers are Independent from each other and the Collateral Manager and the Issuer and are approved dealers, or (z) if the Collateral Manager is in good faith unable to obtain bids from two such dealers, the bona fide bid for such Collateral Debt Security obtained by the Collateral Manager at such time from any nationally recognized dealer chosen by the Collateral Manager, which dealer is Independent from the Collateral Manager and the Issuer and is an approved dealer, or (ii) if the Fair Market Value of a Collateral Debt Security cannot be determined pursuant to clause (i), the lesser of the prices for such Collateral Debt Security on such date provided by two pricing services chosen by the Collateral Manager, which pricing services are Independent from each other and the Collateral Manager and the Issuer and are Approved Pricing Services; provided that (a) if the Collateral Manager is unable in good faith to obtain bona fide bids on such Collateral Debt Security pursuant to any of subclauses (x), (y) and (z) of clause (i) but is able to obtain bona fide bids from the requisite number of dealers with respect to the same security in a principal amount other than the principal amount of such Collateral Debt Security in accordance with such subclause, the "Fair Market Value" of such Collateral Debt Security shall be equal to the amount determined pursuant to such subclause using the bona fide bids (or the bona fide bid) obtained for such security in such other principal amount adjusted to reflect the actual principal amount of such Collateral Debt Security, (b) if, after giving effect to the determination of the "Fair Market Value" of a Collateral Debt Security pursuant to subclause (z) of clause (i) above, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of all Collateral Debt Securities the "Fair Market Value" of which was determined pursuant to such subclause (z) exceeds 10% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance, the "Fair Market Value" of such Collateral Debt Security will be 95% of the bid obtained by the Collateral Manager pursuant to such subclause (z), (c) if the Collateral Manager is in good faith unable to obtain bona fide bids for such Collateral Debt Security from at least one nationally recognized dealer or to obtain prices from at least two pricing services satisfying the criteria specified above, the "Fair Market Value" of such Collateral Debt Security will be the value of such Collateral Debt Security as determined by the Collateral Manager in good faith, and the Collateral Manager will notify the Trustee and each Rating Agency that it has determined the Fair Market Value of such Collateral Debt Security pursuant to this clause (c) and (d) if the Collateral Manager is unable in good faith to determine the Fair Market Value of such Collateral Debt Security pursuant to the terms of this proviso within 30 days of the date after the initial attempted determination pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) above, the Fair Market Value of such Collateral Debt Security shall be zero.

"Financial Sponsor" means any person, including any subsidiary of another person, whose principal business activity is acquiring, holding and selling investments (including controlling interests) in otherwise unrelated companies that each are distinct legal entities with separate management, books and records and bank accounts, whose operations are not integrated one with another and whose financial condition and creditworthiness are independent of the other companies so owned by such person.

"Floating Rate Notes" means the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes and Class C-1A Notes.

"Fixed Rate Notes" means the Class C-1B Notes and Class C-1C Notes.

"Form Approved Synthetic Security" means one or more Synthetic Securities, the form of the documents in respect of which has satisfied the Rating Condition with respect to Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poor's.

"Global Notes" means the Regulation S Global Notes and the Restricted Global Notes.

"Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security" means a CDO Security or Other ABS guaranteed as to ultimate or timely payment of principal or interest, including a CDO Security or Other ABS guaranteed by a monoline financial insurance company.

"Healthcare Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities (other than Small Business Loan Securities) that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from leases and subleases of equipment to hospitals, non-hospital medical facilities, physicians and physician groups for use in the provision of healthcare services, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the leases and subleases have varying contractual maturities; (2) the leases or subleases are obligations of a relatively limited number of obligors and accordingly represent an undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the repayment stream on such leases and subleases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early termination of such leases and subleases predominantly dependent upon the disposition to a lessee, sublessee or third party of the underlying equipment; and (4) such leases or subleases typically provide for the right of the lessee or sublessee to purchase the equipment for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of lease term for excess usage or wear and tear.

"High-Diversity CDO Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from a portfolio of commercial and industrial bank loans, other asset-backed securities or corporate debt securities or any combination of the foregoing, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the bank loans and debt securities have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans and securities are obligations of obligors or issuers that represent a relatively diversified pool of obligor credit risk having a Moody's diversity score higher than 20; (3) repayment thereof can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with early prepayment of individual bank loans or debt securities depending on numerous factors specific to the particular issuers or obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans or securities bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans or securities include an effective prepayment premium; and (4) proceeds from such repayments can for a limited period and subject to compliance with certain eligibility criteria be reinvested in additional bank loans and/or debt securities.

"Home Equity Loan Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from balances (including revolving balances) outstanding under loans or lines of credit secured by single family residential real estate the proceeds of which loans or lines of credit are not used to purchase such real estate or to purchase or construct dwellings thereon (or to refinance indebtedness previously so used), and that generally have the following characteristics: (1) the balances have standardized payment terms and require minimum monthly payments; (2) the balances are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the repayment stream on such balances does not depend on a contractual repayment schedule, with early repayment depending primarily on interest rates, availability of credit against a maximum line of credit and general economic matters; and (4) the line of credit or loan may be secured by residential real estate with a market value (determined on the date of origination of such line of credit or loan) that is less than the original proceeds of such line of credit or loan.

"Insurance Company Guaranteed Securities" means any Asset-Backed Security as to which the timely payment of interest when due, and the payment of principal no later than stated legal maturity, is unconditionally guaranteed pursuant to an insurance policy, guarantee or other similar instrument issued by an insurance company organized under the laws of a state of the United States, but only if such insurance policy, guarantee or other similar instrument (1) expires no earlier than such stated maturity, (2) provides that payment thereunder is independent of the performance by the obligor on the relevant Asset-Backed Security and (3) is issued by an insurance company having a credit rating assigned by each nationally recognized statistical rating organization that currently rates such Asset-Backed Security higher than the credit rating assigned by such rating organization to such Asset-Backed Security

determined without giving effect to such insurance policy, guarantee or other similar instrument, *provided* that any Asset-Backed Security falling within this definition shall be excluded from the definition of each other type of Asset-Backed Security.

"Insurance Trust Preferred CDO Security" an Asset-Backed Security issued by an entity formed for the purpose of holding or investing and reinvesting in a pool of insurance company trust preferred securities.

"Interest Distribution Amount" means, with respect to any Class or Sub-class of Notes and any Quarterly Distribution Date, the sum of (i) the aggregate amount of interest accrued at the annual rate at which interest accrues on the Notes of such Class or Sub-class applicable for the Interest Period relating to such Class or Sub-class during the period from, and including, the immediately preceding Quarterly Distribution Date to, but excluding, such Quarterly Distribution Date, on the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes of such Class or Sub-class on the first day of such Interest Period (after giving effect to any redemption of the Notes of such Class or Sub-class or other payment of principal of the Notes of such Class or Sub-class on any preceding Quarterly Distribution Date) plus (ii) any Defaulted Interest in respect of the Notes of such Class or Sub-class and accrued interest thereon.

"Interest Excess" means (a) the sum of (i) the aggregate Principal Balance of the Collateral Debt Securities on the Ramp-Up Completion Date <u>plus</u> (ii) all Uninvested Proceeds on deposit in the Uninvested Proceeds Account on the Ramp-Up Completion Date minus (b) U.S.\$1,000,000,000.

"Interest Only Security" means any security that by its terms provides for periodic payments of interest and does not provide for the repayment of a stated principal amount.

"Interest Proceeds" means, with respect to any Due Period, the sum (without duplication) of: (1) all payments of interest on the Collateral Debt Securities (other than Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities) received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period; (2) all accrued interest received in cash by the Issuer with respect to Collateral Debt Securities sold by the Issuer (excluding sale proceeds received in respect of Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities); (3) all payments of interest (including any amount representing the accreted portion of a discount from the face amount of an Eligible Investment) on Eligible Investments in any Account (except any Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account, any Synthetic Security Issuer Account and any Synthetic Security Counterparty Account (except for amounts of interest actually transferred from a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account to the Interest Proceeds Account during such Due Period)) received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period and all payments of principal, including repayments, on Eligible Investments purchased with amounts from the Interest Collection Account received by the Issuer during such Due Period; (4) all amendment and waiver fees, all late payment fees, and all other fees and commissions received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period in connection with such Collateral Debt Securities and Eligible Investments (other than fees and commissions received in respect of Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities and yield maintenance payments included in Principal Proceeds pursuant to paragraph (8) of the definition thereof; (5) all payments received in cash by the Issuer pursuant to the Hedge Agreement (excluding any payments received by the Issuer by reason of an event of default or termination event that are required to be used for the purchase of a replacement Hedge Agreement) less any deferred premium payments payable by the Issuer under the Hedge Agreement during such Due Period; (6) all amounts on deposit in the Expense Account, the Interest Reserve Account, the Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account and the Uninvested Proceeds Account that are transferred to the Payment Account for application as Interest Proceeds as described below under "Security for the Notes-The Accounts-Expense Account", "-Interest Reserve Account", "-Semi-Annual Interest Reserve Account" and "-Uninvested Proceeds Account", respectively; and (7) payments in respect of interest on U.S. Agency Securities other than any payment in respect of accrued interest purchased by the Issuer upon acquisition of a U.S. Agency Security; provided that (x) Interest Proceeds shall in no event include (i) any payment or proceeds specifically defined as "Principal Proceeds" in the definition thereof or (ii) any Excepted Property and (y) payments made by a Hedge Counterparty on a Quarterly Distribution Date will be deemed to have been made during the related Due Period.

"Investment Company Act" means the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules thereunder.

"IRR" means, with respect to each Quarterly Distribution Date, the rate of return on the Preferred Shares that would result in a net present value of zero assuming (i) the original Aggregate Liquidation Preference of the Preferred Shares is an initial negative cash flow on the Closing Date and all distributions, if any, on such Quarterly Distribution Date and each preceding Quarterly Distribution Date are positive cash flows, (ii) the initial date for the calculation is the Closing Date, (iii) the number of days to each subsequent Quarterly Distribution Date from the Closing Date is calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months and (iv) the calculation is made on an annual compounding basis.

"Issue" of Collateral Debt Securities means Collateral Debt Securities issued by the same issuer, secured by the same collateral pool.

"Low-Diversity CDO Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from a portfolio of commercial and industrial bank loans, other asset-backed securities or corporate debt securities or any combination of the foregoing, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the bank loans and debt securities have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans and securities are obligations of a pool of obligors or issuers that represent a relatively undiversified pool of obligor credit risk having a Moody's diversity score of 20 or lower; (3) repayment thereof can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with early prepayment of individual bank loans or debt securities depending on numerous factors specific to the particular issuers or obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans or securities bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans or securities include an effective prepayment premium; and (4) proceeds from such repayments can for a limited period and subject to compliance with certain eligibility criteria be reinvested in additional bank loans and/or debt securities.

"Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders" means, at any time, Preferred Shareholders holding more than 50% of all Preferred Shares.

"Margin Stock" means "margin stock" as defined under Regulation U issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

"Master Forward Sale Agreement" means the Master Forward Sale Agreement dated as of the Closing Date between Merrill Lynch International and the Issuer.

"Measurement Date" means any of the following: (a) the Closing Date; (b) the Ramp-Up Completion Date; (c) any date after the Ramp-Up Completion Date on which the Issuer disposes of a Collateral Debt Security or on which a Collateral Debt Security becomes a Defaulted Security; (d) each Determination Date; (e) the last Business Day of each calendar month (other than any calendar month in which a Determination Date occurs and any calendar month ending prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date); and (f) any date on which the Issuer acquires a Collateral Debt Security; and (g) with reasonable notice to the Issuer and the Trustee, any other Business Day that any Rating Agency or holders of more than 50% of aggregate outstanding amount of any Class of Notes requests to be a "Measurement Date"; provided that if any such date would otherwise fall on a day that is not a Business Day, the relevant Measurement Date will be the next succeeding day that is a Business Day.

"NASD" means the National Association of Securities Dealers.

"Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance" means, as of any Measurement Date, an amount equal to (a) the aggregate Principal Balance on such Measurement Date of all Collateral Debt Securities <u>plus</u> (b) the aggregate amount of all Principal Proceeds and Uninvested Proceeds held as cash and the aggregate Principal Balance of all Eligible Investments and U.S. Agency Securities purchased

with Principal Proceeds or Uninvested Proceeds and any amount on deposit at such time in the Principal Collection Account or the Uninvested Proceeds Account (without duplication) minus (c) the aggregate Principal Balance on such Measurement Date of all Collateral Debt Securities that are Defaulted Securities plus (d) for each Defaulted Security, the Calculation Amount with respect to such Defaulted Security. Solely for purposes of the Eligibility Criteria, on each Measurement Date occurring on or prior to the Ramp-Up Completion Date, the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance shall equal U.S.\$1.000.000.000.

"Noteholder" means the person in whose name a Note is registered in the Note Register.

"Offer" means, with respect to any security, (i) any offer by the issuer of such security or by any other person made to all of the holders of such security to purchase or otherwise acquire such security (other than pursuant to any redemption in accordance with the terms of the related Underlying Instruments) or to convert or exchange such security into or for cash, securities or any other type of consideration or (ii) any solicitation by the issuer of such security or any other person to amend, modify or waive any provision of such security or any related Underlying Instrument.

"Oil and Gas Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from (a) a pool of franchise loans made to operators of franchises that provide oil and gasoline and provide other services related thereto and (b) leases or subleases of equipment to such operators for use in the provision of such goods and services. They generally have the following characteristics: (1) the loans, leases or subleases have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans are secured by real property purchased or improved with the proceeds thereof (or to refinance an outstanding loan the proceeds of which were so used); (3) the obligations of the lessors or sublessors of the equipment may be secured not only by the leased equipment but also the related real estate; (4) the loans, leases and subleases are obligations of a relatively limited number of obligors and accordingly represent a relatively undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (5) payment of the loans can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with prepayment of individual loans depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans include an effective prepayment premium; (6) the repayment stream on the leases and subleases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early termination of such leases and subleases predominantly dependent upon the disposition to a lessee, a sublessee or third party of the underlying equipment; (7) such leases and subleases typically provide for the right of the lessee or sublessee to purchase the equipment for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of a lease term for excess usage or wear and tear; and (8) the ownership of a franchise right or other similar license and the creditworthiness of such franchise operators is the primary factor in any decision to invest in these securities.

"Original Purchaser" means a purchaser of Offered Securities on the Closing Date.

"Other ABS" means (i) a security (other than a CDO Security) issued by an entity formed for the purpose of holding or investing and reinvesting in a pool of receivables, debt obligations, debt securities, finance leases subject to specified acquisition or investment and management criteria or (ii) a beneficial interest in a trust all of the assets of which would satisfy the Eligibility Criteria, in either case which is of a Specified Type.

"Overcollateralization Tests" means the Class A/B Overcollateralization Test and the Class C Overcollateralization Test.

"PIK Bond" means any security that, pursuant to the terms of the related Underlying Instruments, permits the payment of interest thereon to be deferred and capitalized as additional principal thereof or that issues identical securities in place of payments of interest in cash.

"Placement Agent" means Merrill Lynch Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as placement agent under the Trust Agreement.

"Preferred Share Documents" means the Issuer Charter and related resolutions, the Preferred Share Paying Agency Agreement and certain resolutions passed by the Issuer's board of directors concerning the Preferred Shares.

"Preferred Share Redemption Date Amount" means, in respect of any Quarterly Distribution Date, the amount required (after taking into account any dividends or other distributions made or to be made to the holders of the Preferred Shares on such Quarterly Distribution Date and all prior Quarterly Distribution Dates in accordance with the Priority of Payments) to ensure that, after distribution of such amount to the Preferred Shareholders, such Preferred Shareholders shall have received an IRR, on the Preferred Shares for the period from the Closing Date to such Quarterly Distribution Date, of (i) from and including the Quarterly Distribution Date in May 2015, not less than 8% per annum and (ii) from and including the Quarterly Distribution Date in May 2015 and thereafter, not less than 2% per annum.

"Preferred Share Registrar" means Walkers SPV Limited (on behalf of the Issuer) and any successor thereto.

"Principal Balance" or "par" means, with respect to any pledged security or Collateral Debt Security, as of any date of determination, the outstanding principal amount of such pledged security or Collateral Debt Security; provided that

- (a) the Principal Balance of a Collateral Debt Security received upon acceptance of an Offer for another Collateral Debt Security, which Offer expressly states that failure to accept such Offer may result in a default under the Underlying Instruments, shall be deemed to be the Calculation Amount of such other Collateral Debt Security until such time as Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds, as applicable, are received when due with respect to such other Collateral Debt Security;
- (b) the Principal Balance of any Synthetic Security shall be equal to (i) in the case of any Synthetic Security that does not provide that the Issuer has any (contingent or otherwise) payment obligations to the Synthetic Security Counterparty after an initial payment thereunder, the aggregate amount of the repayment obligations of the Synthetic Security Counterparty payable to the Issuer through the maturity of such Synthetic Security and (ii) in the case of any other Synthetic Security, the Balance in the related Synthetic Security Collateral Account reduced by the amount of any payments due and payable to the Synthetic Security Counterparty by reason of the occurrence of one or more "credit events" or other similar circumstances to the extent such payments have not yet been made;
- (c) the Principal Balance of any Equity Security, unless otherwise expressly stated herein, shall be deemed to be zero;
- (d) the Principal Balance of any Eligible Investment that does not pay cash interest on a current basis will be the lesser of par and the original issue price thereof;
- (e) the Principal Balance of any Written Down Security shall be deemed to be the lesser of (i) the Fair Market Value of such Written Down Security and (ii) the Principal Balance of such Collateral Debt Security (determined without regard to this clause (e)) minus the aggregate par amount of all defaulted collateral securing such Issue in excess of the aggregate par amount of all other securities secured by the same pool of collateral that rank junior in priority of payment to such Collateral Debt Security (as reported to holders of such Written Down Security in the most recent report delivered to holders of such Written Down Security in accordance with its Underlying Instruments and received by the Trustee); and
- (f) the Principal Balance of any Step-Up Bond shall be the sum of (i) the original issue price thereof plus (ii) the aggregate amount of interest accreted thereon to but excluding such date of

determination in accordance with the provisions of the related Underlying Instruments (or any other agreement between the issuer thereof and the original purchasers thereof) relating to the reporting of income by the holders of, and deductions by the issuer of, such Step-Up Bond for U.S. Federal income tax purposes.

Solely for purposes of calculating the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance in connection with the Overcollateralization Tests, if a Moody's Rating and Standard & Poor's Rating set forth in the table below is applicable to a Collateral Debt Security (other than any Equity Security or Written Down Security), then the Principal Balance of such Collateral Debt Security shall be multiplied by the lowest "Discount Percentage" opposite the Moody's Rating and Standard & Poor's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security in the table below:

Moody's Rating	Discount Percentage	Standard & Poor's Rating	Discount Percentage
Ba1, Ba2, Ba3	90%	BB+, BB, BB-	90%
B1, B2, B3	80%	B+, B, B-	80%
Below B3	50%	Below B-	70%

Collateral Debt Securities having a Standard & Poor's Rating of below BBB- shall be excluded from the operation of the foregoing provision so long as the aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Debt Securities (determined without regard to the foregoing provision) does not exceed 5% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance (this 5% being filled first with the highest-rated Collateral Debt Securities having a Standard & Poor's Rating below "BBB-").

Solely for purposes of calculating the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance in connection with the Class A Sequential Pay Test, if a Standard & Poor's Rating set forth in the table below is applicable to a Collateral Debt Security (other than any Equity Security or Written Down Security), then the Principal Balance of such Collateral Debt Security shall be multiplied by the lowest "Discount Percentage" opposite such Standard & Poor's Rating applicable to such Collateral Debt Security in the table below:

Standard & Poor's Rating	Discount Percentage
BB+, BB, BB-	90%
B+, B, B-	70%
Below B-	50%

In the event that unanticipated events affect market conditions generally, the applicability of the Discount Percentages to the calculation of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance described above (including the applicable percentages and ratings, as well as the definitions used therein) may be modified if the Rating Condition with respect to Moody's (insofar as the application of the Discount Percentage relates to the Moody's Rating) and Standard & Poor's (insofar as the application of the Discount Percentage relates to the Standard & Poor's Rating) is satisfied with respect to such modification.

"Principal Proceeds" means, with respect to any Due Period, the sum (without duplication) of: (1) any Uninvested Proceeds on deposit in the Uninvested Proceeds Account on the Ramp-Up Completion Date other than amounts transferred to the Payment Account for application as Interest Proceeds as described under "Description of the Notes—The Accounts—Uninvested Proceeds Account"; (2) all payments of principal of the Collateral Debt Securities received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period including prepayments or mandatory sinking fund payments, or payments in respect of optional redemptions, exchange offers, tender offers, recoveries on Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities, including the proceeds of a sale of any Equity Security and any amounts received as a result of optional redemptions, exchange offers, tender offers for any Equity Security received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period; (3) Sale Proceeds received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period (including as a result of the sale of any Credit Improved Security, Credit Risk Security, Written Down Security or Defaulted Security but excluding those included in Interest Proceeds as defined above); (4) all payments of principal on Eligible Investments purchased with amounts from the Principal Collection Account or Uninvested Proceeds Account (excluding any amount representing the accreted portion of a discount from the face amount of an Eligible Investment) received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period; (5) all amendment, waiver, late payment fees and other fees and commissions, received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period in respect of Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities; (6) any proceeds resulting from the termination and liquidation of any Hedge Agreement received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period, to the extent such proceeds exceed the cost of entering into a replacement Hedge Agreement in accordance with the requirements of the Indenture and such proceeds are not included in Interest Proceeds pursuant to clause (5) of the definition thereof; (7) all payments received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period that represent call, prepayment or redemption premiums; (8) yield maintenance payments received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period; (9) all payments of interest on Defaulted Securities and Written Down Securities received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period and any other payments in respect thereof not addressed in clauses (1) through (8) above received in cash by the Issuer during such Due Period; (10) all cash and principal payments received in respect of Eligible Investments credited to the Principal Collection Account in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture during such Due Period; (11) all payments in respect of U.S. Agency Securities other than amounts transferred to the Payment Account for application as Interest Proceeds as described under "Description of the Notes-The Accounts-Uninvested Proceeds Account" and payments in respect of interest included in Interest Proceeds pursuant to paragraph (7) of the definition of Interest Proceeds; and (12) all other payments received in such Due Period in connection with the Collateral Debt Securities and Eligible Investments (other than those standing to the credit of any Hedge Counterparty Collateral Account, Synthetic Security Issuer Account or Synthetic Security Counterparty Account) that are not included in Interest Proceeds; provided that in no event will Principal Proceeds include the U.S.\$1,000 of capital contributed by the owners of the ordinary shares of the Issuer in accordance with the Issuer Charter or U.S.\$1,000 representing a profit fee to the Issuer.

"Project Finance Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from (1) the sale of products, such as electricity, nuclear energy, steam or water, in the utility industry by a special purpose entity formed to own the assets generating or otherwise producing such products and such assets were or are being constructed or otherwise acquired primarily with the proceeds of debt financing made available to such entity on a limited-recourse basis (including recourse to such assets and the land on which they are located) or (2) fees or other usage charges, such as tolls collected on a highway, bridge, tunnel or other infrastructure project, collected by a special purpose entity formed to own one or more such projects that were constructed or otherwise acquired primarily with the proceeds of debt financing made available to such entity on a limited-recourse basis (including recourse to the project and the land on which it is located).

"Purchase Agreement" means an agreement entered into on March 29, 2005 between the Initial Purchaser and the Co-Issuers relating to the placement of the Notes and Preferred Shares.

"Pure Private Collateral Debt Security" means any Collateral Debt Security other than (a) a Collateral Debt Security that was issued pursuant to an effective registration statement under the

Securities Act or (b) a privately placed Collateral Debt Security that is eligible for resale under Rule 144A under the Securities Act.

"Qualifying Foreign Obligor" means a corporation, partnership or other entity organized in any of Australia, Canada, France, Germany, Ireland, New Zealand, Sweden, Switzerland or the United Kingdom, so long as the unguaranteed, unsecured and otherwise unsupported long-term U.S. Dollar sovereign debt obligations of such country are rated "Aa2" or better by Moody's (and, if rated "Aa2", are not on watch for possible downgrade by Moody's), "AA" or better by Standard & Poor's and "AA" or better by Fitch.

"Qualified Institutional Buyer" has the meaning given in Rule 144A under the Securities Act.

"Qualified Purchaser" means (i) a "qualified purchaser" as defined in the Investment Company Act, (ii) a company beneficially owned exclusively by one or more "qualified purchasers"; (iii) a "knowledgeable employee" with respect to the Issuer as specified in Rule 3c-5 promulgated under the Investment Company Act or (iv) a company owned exclusively by one or more "knowledgeable employees" with respect to the Issuer.

"Quarterly Asset Amount" means, with respect to any Quarterly Distribution Date, the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on the first day of the related Due Period; provided that, with respect to the first Quarterly Distribution Date, the "Quarterly Asset Amount" will be the average of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on the Closing Date and on the last day of the related Due Period.

"Ramp-Up Completion Date" means the date that is the earlier of (a) July 25, 2005 and (b) the first date on which the sum of (1) the aggregate Principal Balance of the Collateral Debt Securities purchased on the Closing Date or during the Ramp-Up Period with Uninvested Proceeds (including Collateral Debt Securities not yet purchased, but as to which the Issuer has entered into binding purchase agreements for regular settlement) <u>plus</u> (2) the aggregate Principal Balance of all Eligible Investments purchased with Principal Proceeds on deposit in the Principal Collection Account <u>plus</u> (3) aggregate amount of all Principal Proceeds distributed on any prior Quarterly Distribution Date is at least equal to U.S.\$1,000,000,000.

"Rating Condition" means, with respect to any action taken or to be taken hereunder, a condition that is satisfied when (a) each of Moody's and Standard & Poor's (or if this Indenture expressly so specifies in respect of such action, the specified Rating Agency) has confirmed in writing to the Trustee that such action will not result in the withdrawal, reduction or other adverse action with respect to any then-current rating (including any private or confidential rating) by such Rating Agency of any Class or Sub-Class of Notes and (b) notice of such action shall have been given to Fitch.

"Recreational Vehicle Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from installment sale loans made to finance the acquisition of, or from leases of, recreational vehicles, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the loans or leases may have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans or leases are obligations of numerous borrowers or lessees and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the borrowers or lessees under the loans or leases generally do not have a poor credit rating; (4) the repayment stream on such loans or leases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment on such loans or leases predominantly dependent upon the disposition of the underlying vehicle; and (5) such leases typically provide for the right of the lessee to purchase the recreational vehicle for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of lease term for excess mileage or use.

"Redemption Price" means the price payable with respect to any Note in connection with any Auction Call Redemption, Optional Redemption or Tax Redemption, equal to (i) the outstanding principal amount of such Note (including any Class C Deferred Interest, if applicable) being redeemed <u>plus</u>

(ii) accrued interest thereon (including Defaulted Interest and accrued, unpaid and uncapitalized interest on Defaulted Interest, if any) <u>plus</u> (iii) in the case of any reduction in the related Commitment in respect of any Class A-1 Note, an amount equal to accrued Commitment Fee on the amount of such reduction.

"Reference Obligation" means (a) any CDO Security, (b) any Other ABS or (c) a specified pool of financial assets, either static or revolving (the composition of which cannot vary as a result of a decision by the Collateral Manager, the Synthetic Security Counterparty, or their Affiliates), that by their terms convert into cash within a finite time period, in each case in respect of which the Issuer has obtained a Synthetic Security and which, if purchased by the Issuer, would satisfy paragraphs (7), (8) and (11) of the Eligibility Criteria.

"Reference Obligor" means the obligor on a Reference Obligation.

"Regulation S" means Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act.

"Reimbursement Agreement" means the Reimbursement Agreement dated as of the Closing Date between the Combination Security Trustee, the Combination Security Registrar, the Settlor, the Placement Agent and the Issuer.

"Residential A Mortgage Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities (other than Residential B/C Mortgage Securities) that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from residential mortgage loans secured (on a first priority basis, subject to permitted liens, easements and other encumbrances) by residential real estate (single or multi-family properties) the proceeds of which are used to purchase real estate and purchase or construct dwellings thereon (or to refinance indebtedness previously so used), generally having the following characteristics: (1) the mortgage loans have generally been underwritten to the standards of the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (without regard to the size of the loan); (2) the mortgage loans have standardized payment terms and require minimum monthly payments; (3) the mortgage loans are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; and (4) the repayment of such mortgage loans is subject to a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment depending primarily on interest rates and the sale of the mortgaged real estate and related dwelling.

"Residential B/C Mortgage Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from residential mortgage loans secured (on a first priority basis, subject to permitted liens, easements and other encumbrances) by subprime residential real estate (single or multi-family properties) the proceeds of which are used to purchase real estate and purchase or construct dwellings thereon (or to refinance indebtedness previously so used), generally having the following characteristics: (1) the mortgage loans have generally not been underwritten to the standards of the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (without regard to the size of the loan); (2) the mortgage loans have standardized payment terms and require minimum monthly payments; (3) the mortgage loans are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; and (4) the repayment of such mortgage loans is subject to a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment depending primarily on interest rates and the sale of the mortgaged real estate and related dwelling.

"Restaurant and Food Services Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from (a) a pool of franchise loans made to operators of franchises that provide goods and services relating to the restaurant and food services industries and (b) leases or subleases of equipment to such operators for use in the provision of such goods and services. They generally have the following characteristics: (1) the loans, leases or subleases have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans are

secured by real property purchased or improved with the proceeds thereof (or to refinance an outstanding loan the proceeds of which were so used); (3) the obligations of the lessors or sublessors of the equipment may be secured not only by the leased equipment but also the related real estate; (4) the loans, leases and subleases are obligations of a relatively limited number of obligors and accordingly represent a relatively undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; (5) payment of the loans can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with prepayment of individual loans depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans include an effective prepayment premium; (6) the repayment stream on the leases and subleases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early termination of such leases and subleases predominantly dependent upon the disposition to a lessee, a sublessee or third party of the underlying equipment; (7) such leases and subleases typically provide for the right of the lessee or sublessee to purchase the equipment for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of a lease term for excess usage or wear and tear; and (8) the ownership of a franchise right or other similar license and the creditworthiness of such franchise operators is the primary factor in any decision to invest in these securities.

"Restricted Notes" means Notes offered and sold in the United States pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

"Rule 144A" means Rule 144A promulgated under the Securities Act.

"SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

"Semi-Annual Interest Distributions" means Distributions of interest on any Collateral Debt Security in respect of which payments of interest are scheduled to be made on a semi-annual basis.

"Senior Management Fee" means the fee payable to the Collateral Manager in arrears on each Quarterly Distribution Date pursuant to the Collateral Management Agreement, in an amount equal to 0.08% per annum of the Quarterly Asset Amount for such Quarterly Distribution Date (i.e., 0.02% multiplied by such Quarterly Asset Amount); provided that the Senior Management Fee will be payable on each Quarterly Distribution Date only to the extent of funds available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Any accrued but unpaid Senior Management Fee will be deferred. Any unpaid Senior Management Fee that is deferred (whether as a result of the operation of the Priority of Payments as described herein or at the option of the Collateral Manager pursuant to the Indenture) shall be paid on the next succeeding Quarterly Distribution Date to the extent funds are available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments and shall not accrue interest.

"Sequential Pay Period" means the period commencing on the earlier of (i) first date on which the aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Debt Securities held by the Issuer is less than 50% of the Net Outstanding Portfolio Collateral Balance on the Ramp-Up Completion Date and (ii) the first date on which the Class A Sequential Pay Test is not satisfied.

"Servicer" means, with respect to any Collateral Debt Security, the entity that, absent any default, event of default or similar condition (however described), is primarily responsible for managing, servicing, monitoring and otherwise administering the cash flows from which payments to investors in such Asset-Backed Securities are made.

"Settlor" means Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, as settler under the Trust Agreement.

"Single Obligation Synthetic Security" means a Synthetic Security that references only one Reference Obligation.

"Small Business Loan Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from general purpose corporate loans made to "small business concerns" (generally within the meaning given to such term by regulations of the United States Small Business Administration), including those (a) made pursuant to Section 7(a) of the United States Small Business Act, as amended, and (b) partially guaranteed by the United States Small Business Administration. Small Business Loan Securities generally have the following characteristics: (1) the loans have payment terms that comply with any applicable requirements of the Small Business Act, as amended; (2) the loans are obligations of a relatively limited number of borrowers and accordingly represent an undiversified pool of obligor credit risk; and (3) repayment thereof can vary substantially from the contractual payment schedule (if any), with early prepayment of individual loans depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans or securities include an effective prepayment premium.

"Special-Majority-in-Interest of Preferred Shareholders" means, at any time, Preferred Shareholders holding more than 66-2/3% of all Preferred Shares.

"Special Purpose Vehicle Jurisdiction" means (a) the Cayman Islands, the Bahamas, Bermuda, the Netherlands Antilles or the Channel Islands and (b) any other jurisdiction that (x) is commonly used as the place of organization of special or limited purpose vehicles that issue Asset-Backed Securities, (y) that generally imposes no or nominal tax on the income of special purpose vehicles and (z) the designation of which as a Special Purpose Vehicle Jurisdiction satisfies the Rating Condition.

"Specified Type" means, with respect to any CDO Security or Other ABS, whether such CDO Security or Other ABS is: (1) an Automobile Security; (2) a CMBS Conduit Security; (3) a CMBS Credit Tenant Lease Security; (4) a CMBS Large Loan Security; (5) a Credit Card Security; (6) a High-Diversity CDO Security; (7) a Home Equity Loan Security; (8) a Low-Diversity CDO Security; (9) a Residential A Mortgage Security; (10) a Residential B/C Mortgage Security; (11) a Small Business Loan Security; (12) a Student Loan Security; or (13) a Subprime Automobile Security.

"Stated Maturity" means, with respect to (a) any security (other than a Note), the date specified in such security as the fixed date on which the final payment of principal of such security is due and payable, (b) any repurchase obligation, the repurchase date thereunder on which the final repurchase obligation thereunder is due and payable, and (c) any Note, May 5, 2041, or, in each case, if such date is not a Business Day, the next following Business Day.

"Step-Down Bond" means a security which by the terms of the related Underlying Instrument provides for a decrease, in the case of a fixed rate security, in the per annum interest rate on such security or, in the case of a floating rate security, in the spread over the applicable index or benchmark rate, solely as a function of the passage of time; provided that a Step-Down Bond shall not include any such security providing for payment of a constant rate of interest at all times after the date of acquisition by the Issuer. In calculating any Collateral Quality Test by reference to the spread (in the case of a floating rate Step-Down Bond) or coupon (in the case of a fixed rate Step-Down Bond) of a Step-Down Bond, the spread or coupon on any date shall be deemed to be the lowest spread or coupon, respectively, scheduled to apply to such Step-Down Bond on or after such date.

"Step-Up Bond" means a security which by the terms of the related Underlying Instrument provides for an increase, in the case of a fixed rate security, in the per annum interest rate on such security or, in the case of a floating rate security, in the spread over the applicable index or benchmark rate, solely as a function of the passage of time; provided that a Step-Up Bond shall not include any such security providing for payment of a constant rate of interest at all times after the date of acquisition by the Issuer. In calculating any Coverage Test or Collateral Quality Test by reference to the spread (in the case of a floating rate Step-Up Bond) or coupon (in the case of a fixed rate Step-Up Bond) of a Step-Up

Bond, the spread or coupon on any date shall be deemed to be the spread or coupon stated to be payable in cash and in effect on such date.

"Stock Exchange or Trading System" means a stock exchange or other trading system on which securities are traded and that establishes rules and directives for (a) the issue size, (b) the minimum holding of securities by the public after the issuance with respect to the number of holders, the holding period and the value of such holding and (c) conditions for the termination of the trading in the securities, the "de-listing" of the securities from trading and the resumption of trading in the securities; provided that a security will not be deemed to trade on any Stock Exchange or Trading System if such security is part of a tranche of securities eligible for resale to "qualified institutional buyers" under Rule 144A under the Securities Act, notwithstanding the listing of a tranche that has identical economic features but is not eligible for trading within the United States or transfer to U.S. Persons on an exchange outside the United States (such as the Irish or Luxembourg stock exchange).

"Student Loan Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from loans made to students (or their parents) to finance educational needs, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the loans have standardized terms; (2) the loans are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the repayment stream on such loans is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment on such loans predominantly dependent upon interest rates and the income of borrowers following the commencement of amortization; and (4) such loans may be fully or partially insured or reinsured by the United States Department of Education.

"Sub-class" means, with respect to the Class C Notes, each of the Class C-1A Notes, the Class C-1B Notes and the Class C-1C Notes.

"Subordinate Management Fee" means the fee payable to the Collateral Manager in arrears on each Quarterly Distribution Date pursuant to the Collateral Management Agreement, in an amount equal to 0.04% per annum of the Quarterly Asset Amount for such Quarterly Distribution Date (i.e., 0.01% multiplied by such Quarterly Asset Amount); provided that the Subordinate Management Fee will be payable on each Quarterly Distribution Date only to the extent of funds available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Any accrued but unpaid Subordinate Management Fee will be deferred. Any unpaid Subordinate Management Fee that is deferred (whether as a result of the operation of the Priority of Payments as described herein or at the option of the Collateral Manager pursuant to the Indenture) shall be paid on the next succeeding Quarterly Distribution Date to the extent funds are available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments and shall not accrue interest.

"Subprime Automobile Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from subprime installment sale loans made to finance the acquisition of, or from leases of, automobiles, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the loans or leases may have varying contractual maturities; (2) the loans or leases are obligations of numerous borrowers or lessors and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) the borrowers or lessors under the loans or leases have a poor credit rating; (4) the repayment stream on such loans or leases is primarily determined by a contractual payment schedule, with early repayment on such loans or leases predominantly dependent upon the disposition of the underlying vehicle; and (5) such leases typically provide for the right of the lessee to purchase the vehicle for its stated residual value, subject to payments at the end of lease term for excess mileage or use.

"Synthetic Corporate CDO Security" means an Asset-Backed Security issued by an entity formed for the purpose of securing its obligation with respect to one or more credit default swaps relating to a static portfolio of corporate debt securities.

"Synthetic Security" means any swap transaction, credit-linked note, credit derivative, structured bond investment or other investment purchased from, or entered into by the Issuer with, a Synthetic Security Counterparty which investment contains a probability of default, recovery upon default and expected loss characteristics closely correlated to one or more Reference Obligations (or expected loss characteristics corresponding to losses incurred above and/or below specified thresholds with respect to the entire pool of Reference Obligations), but which may provide for a different maturity, interest rate or other non-credit characteristics than such Reference Obligation(s); provided that (a) such Synthetic Security shall not provide for any payment by the Issuer after the date on which it is pledged to the Trustee unless such security is a Defeased Synthetic Security, (b) in the case of a Single Obligation Synthetic Security, such Synthetic Security terminates upon the redemption or repayment in full of all such Reference Obligation(s), (c) such Synthetic Security has a Rating, the Rating Condition (not including a written confirmation by Fitch) has been satisfied or such Synthetic Security is a Form Approved Synthetic Security, and the Trustee has been notified in writing of the Applicable Recovery Rate assigned by each Rating Agency and, in the case of Moody's, the Moody's Rating Factor assigned by Moody's, (d) no amount receivable by the Issuer from the Synthetic Security Counterparty will be subject to withholding tax, unless the Synthetic Security Counterparty is required to make additional payments sufficient to cover any withholding tax imposed at any time or payments made by the Issuer with respect thereto; (e) the acquisition (including the manner of acquisition), holding, disposition and enforcement of such Synthetic Security will not subject the Issuer to taxation on a net income tax basis in any jurisdiction outside of its jurisdiction of incorporation or cause the Issuer to be treated as engaged in a trade or business within the United States for U.S. Federal income tax purposes; (f) the agreements relating to such Synthetic Security contain "non-petition" and "limited recourse" provisions with respect to the Issuer and (g) the Underlying Instruments relating to such Synthetic Security provide for, on the first day of each payment period under such Synthetic Security, the full payment of all amounts owing for the related payment period by the Synthetic Security Counterparty to the Issuer into the Synthetic Security Issuer Account.

"Synthetic Security Counterparty" means any entity that (i) is required to make payments on a Synthetic Security referenced to payments by one or more Reference Obligor(s) on one or more related Reference Obligation(s) and (ii) on the date such Synthetic Security is acquired by the Issuer, is rated at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's or has a short-term issuer credit rating from Standard & Poor's of at least "A-1", has a long-term unsecured debt rating from Moody's of at least "Aa2" or has a short-term unsecured debt rating from Moody's, if rated by Moody's, of at least "P-1" and has a short-term issuer credit rating from Fitch of at least "F1" or, if there is no such short-term credit rating from Fitch, has a senior unsecured debt rating from Fitch of at least "AA", or the selection of such entity satisfies the Rating Condition.

"Synthetic Security Counterparty Defaulted Obligation" means a Synthetic Security (other than a Defaulted Synthetic Security) with respect to which:

- (a) the issuer credit rating of the Synthetic Security Counterparty is rated "D" or "SD" by Standard & Poor's or is rated below "A2" by Moody's; provided that the foregoing shall not apply in the case of a Defeased Synthetic Security so long as the Synthetic Security Counterparty shall periodically (and in no event less frequently than once each month) transfer collateral to the related Synthetic Security Counterparty Issuer Account, together with all other collateral previously transferred, having a value at least equal to any termination payment that would be due to the Issuer upon the early termination of such Synthetic Security; or
- (b) the Synthetic Security Counterparty has defaulted in the performance of any of its payment or delivery obligations under the Synthetic Security.

"Tax Event" means an event that occurs if (i) any obligor (including any Synthetic Security Counterparty) is, or on the next scheduled payment date under any Collateral Debt Security any obligor (including any Synthetic Security Counterparty) will be, required to deduct or withhold from any payment under any Collateral Debt Security to the Issuer for or on account of any tax for whatever reason, and such obligor or Synthetic Security Counterparty is not, or will not be, required to pay to the Issuer such

additional amount as is necessary to ensure that the net amount actually received by the Issuer (free and clear of taxes, whether assessed against such obligor, Synthetic Security Counterparty or the Issuer) will equal the full amount that the Issuer would have received had no such deduction or withholding occurred, (ii) any jurisdiction imposes net income, profits or a similar tax on the Issuer or (iii) the Issuer or a hedge counterparty is required to deduct or withhold from any payment under a hedge agreement for or on account of any tax and the Issuer is obligated, or such hedge counterparty is not obligated, to make a gross-up payment.

"Tax Lien Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend (except for rights or other assets designed to assure the servicing or timely distribution of proceeds to holders of the Asset-Backed Securities) on the cash flow from a pool of tax obligations owed by businesses and individuals to state and municipal governmental taxing authorities, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the obligations have standardized payment terms and require minimum payments; (2) the tax obligations are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a very diversified pool of obligor credit risk; and (3) the repayment stream on the obligation is primarily determined by a payment schedule entered into between the relevant tax authority and obligor, with early repayment on such obligation predominantly dependent upon interest rates and the income of the obligor following the commencement of amortization.

"Tax Materiality Condition" means a condition that will be satisfied during any 12-month period if the sum of the following exceeds U.S.\$4,000,000: (i) the aggregate amount deducted or withheld for or on account of any tax by all obligors (including any Synthetic Security Counterparty) from any payment under any Collateral Debt Security (net of any gross-up payment made by such obligor or Synthetic Security Counterparty to the Issuer) and (ii) the aggregate amount of any net income, profits or similar tax imposed on the Issuer and (iii) the aggregate amount of any amounts required to be paid by the Issuer and the deficiencies in the amounts received by the Issuer as a result of any deduction or withholding for or on account of any tax with respect to any payment by the Issuer, or any Hedge Counterparty under a Hedge Agreement.

"Time Share Securities" means Asset-Backed Securities (other than Residential A Mortgage Securities, Residential B/C Mortgage Securities and Home Equity Loan Securities) that entitle the holders thereof to receive payments that depend primarily on the cash flow from residential mortgage loans (secured on a first priority basis, subject to permitted liens, easements and other encumbrances) by residential real estate the proceeds of which were used to purchase fee simple interests in timeshare estates in units in a condominium, generally having the following characteristics: (1) the mortgage loans have standardized payment terms and require minimum monthly payments; (2) the mortgage loans are obligations of numerous borrowers and accordingly represent a diversified pool of obligor credit risk; (3) repayment of such securities can vary substantially from their contractual payment schedules and depends entirely upon the rate at which the mortgage loans are repaid; and (4) the repayment of such mortgage loans is subject to a contractual payment schedule, with early prepayment of individual loans depending on numerous factors specific to the particular obligors and upon whether, in the case of loans bearing interest at a fixed rate, such loans or securities include an effective prepayment premium and with early repayment depending primarily on interest rates and the sale of the mortgaged real estate and related dwelling and generally no penalties for early repayment.

"Total Senior Redemption Amount" means, as of any Quarterly Distribution Date, the aggregate amount required (a) to make all payments paragraphs (1) through (12) under "Priority of Payments—Interest Proceeds" and under paragraphs (1) through (8) under "Priority of Payments—Principal Proceeds" as of such date (including any termination payments payable by the Issuer pursuant to the Hedge Agreement and any fees and expenses incurred by the Trustee in connection with the sale of Collateral Debt Securities), (b) to redeem all the Notes on the scheduled Redemption Date at the applicable Redemption Prices, together with all accrued and unpaid interest and Commitment Fee to the date of redemption and (c) solely in the case of an Auction Call Redemption pursuant to the Indenture, to make a payment to the Preferred Share Paying Agent for distribution to the Preferred Shareholders in an amount equal to the Preferred Share Redemption Date Amount (or such lesser amount as is agreed by all of the Preferred Shareholders).

"Trust Agreement" means a Trust Agreement dated as of the Closing Date between the Settlor, the Placement Agent, the Combination Security Trustee, the Combination Security Registrar and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as securities custodian.

"Trustee" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.

"UCC" means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of New York.

"USA PATRIOT Act" means the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001.

"U.S. Business Day" means a day on which commercial banks and (if applicable) foreign exchange markets settle payments in New York, New York and any other city in which the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee is located.

"Underlying Instruments" means the indenture or other agreement pursuant to which a Collateral Debt Security, Eligible Investment or Equity Security has been issued or created and each other agreement that governs the terms of or secures the obligations represented by such Collateral Debt Security, Eligible Investment or Equity Security or of which holders of such Collateral Debt Security, Eligible Investment or Equity Security are the beneficiaries.

"Uninvested Proceeds" means, at any time, (a) the net proceeds received by the Issuer on the Closing Date from the initial issuance of the Notes and the Preferred Shares to the extent such proceeds have not been deposited in the Expense Account or the Interest Reserve Account or invested in Collateral Debt Securities, each in accordance with the Indenture or deposited in a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account and (b) the net proceeds received by the Issuer after the Closing Date, from any Borrowing under the Class A-1 Notes to the extent such proceeds have not been invested in Collateral Debt Securities in accordance with the terms of the Indenture or deposited in a Synthetic Security Counterparty Account.

"United States" means the United States of America, its territories and possessions, any state of the United States and the District of Columbia.

- "U.S. Agency Securities" means Registered obligations of (i) the U.S. Treasury, (ii) any Federal agency or instrumentality of the United States of America or (iii)(a) the Federal National Mortgage Association, (b) the Student Loan Marketing Association or (c) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, in the case of each of (i), (ii) and (iii) with a Stated Maturity that does not exceed the Stated Maturity of the Notes.
 - "U.S. Dollars" means United States dollars.
 - "U.S.\$" means United States dollars.
 - "U.S. Person" has the meaning given in Regulation S.

"Warehouse Agreement" means the Warehouse Agreement dated as of January 10, 2005 between Merrill Lynch International and Maxim Capital Advisors LLC, an Affiliate of the Collateral Manager.

"Wells Fargo" means Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.

"Written Down Security" means, as of any date of determination, any Collateral Debt Security as to which the aggregate par amount of such Collateral Debt Security and all other securities secured by the same pool of collateral that rank *pari passu* with or senior in priority of payment to such Collateral Debt Security exceeds the aggregate par amount (including reserved interest or other amounts available

for overcollateralization) of all collateral securing such securities (excluding defaulted collateral), as determined by the Collateral Manager using customary procedures and information available in the servicer reports relating to such Written Down Security.

INDEX OF CERTAIN DEFINED TERMS

Following is an index of certain defined terms used in this Offering Circular and the page number where each such definition appears. Defined terms not appearing in this index are defined in the Glossary of Certain Defined Terms.

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SCHEDULE A

Part I Moody's Recovery Rate Matrix

(see definition of "Applicable Recovery Rate")

A. ABS Type Diversified Securities**

Percentage of Total Capitalization	Moody's Rating ¹								
	Aaa	Aa	Α	Baa	Ва	В			
Greater than 70%	85%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%			
Less than or equal to 70%, but greater than 10%	75%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%			
Less than or equal to 10%	70%	65%	55%	45%	35%	25%			

B. ABS Type Residential Securities**

Percentage of Total		Moody's Rating ¹							
Capitalization	Aaa	Aa	Α	Ваа	Ва	В			
Greater than 70%	85%	80%	65%	55%	45%	30%			
Less than or equal to 70%, but greater than 10%	75%	70%	55%	45%	35%	25%			
Less than or equal to 10%, but greater than 5%	65%	55%	45%	40%	30%	20%			
Less than or equal to 5%, but greater than 2%	55%	45%	40%	35%	25%	15%			
Less than or equal to 2%	45%	35%	30%	25%	15%	10%			

¹ The rating assigned by Moody's on the closing date for such Collateral Debt Security

C. ABS Type Undiversified Securities**

Percentage of Total	Moody's Rating ¹					
Capitalization	Aaa	Aa	Α	Ваа	Ва	В
Greater than 70%	85%	80%	65%	55%	45%	30%
Less than or equal to 70%, but greater than 10%	75%	70%	55%	4 5%	35%	25%
Less than or equal to 10%, but greater than 5%	65%	55%	4 5%	35%	25%	15%
Less than or equal to 5%, but greater than 2%	55%	45%	35%	30%	20%	10%
Less than or equal to 2%	45%	35%	25%	20%	10%	5%

D. Low-Diversity CDO Securities**

Percentage of Total		Moody's Rating ¹							
Capitalization	Aaa	Aa	Α	Baa	Ва	В			
Greater than 70%	80%	75%	60%	50%	45%	30%			
Less than or equal to 70%, but greater than 10%	70%	60%	55%	45%	35%	25%			
Less than or equal to 10%, but greater than 5%	60%	50%	45%	35%	25%	15%			
Less than or equal to 5%, but greater than 2%	50%	40%	35%	30%	20%	10%			
Less than or equal to 2%	30%	25%	20%	15%	7%	6%			

¹ The rating assigned by Moody's on the closing date for such Collateral Debt Security

E. High-Diversity CDO Securities**

Percentage of Total	Moody's Rating ¹							
Capitalization	Aaa	Aa	Α	Ваа	Ва	В		
Greater than 70%	85%	80%	65%	55%	45%	30%		
Less than or equal to 70%, but greater than 10%	75%	70%	60%	50%	40%	25%		
Less than or equal to 10%, but greater than 5%	65%	55%	50%	40%	30%	20%		
Less than or equal to 5%, but greater than 2%	55%	45%	40%	35%	25%	10%		
Less than or equal to 2%	45%	35%	30%	25%	10%	5%		

^{**}If the Collateral Debt Security is a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security, the recovery rate will be 30%.

¹ The rating assigned by Moody's on the closing date for such Collateral Debt Security

Part II

Standard & Poor's Recovery Rate Matrix

A. If the Collateral Debt Security (other than a Synthetic Security, REIT Debt Security or a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security) is the senior-most tranche of securities issued by the issuer of such Collateral Debt Security the recovery rate is as follows*:

Standard & Poor's Rating of Collateral Debt Security	Recovery Rate by Rating of Notes						
	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	В	CCC
"AAA"	80.0%	85.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%
"AA-", "AA" or "AA+"	70.0%	75.0%	85.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%
"A-", "A" or "A+"	60.0%	65.0%	75.0%	85.0%	90.0%	90.0%	90.0%
"BBB-", "BBB" or "BBB+"	50.0%	55.0%	65.0%	75.0%	85.0%	85.0%	85.0%

B. If the Collateral Debt Security (other than a Synthetic Security, REIT Debt Security or a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security) is not the senior-most tranche of securities issued by the issuer of such Collateral Debt Security the recovery rate is as follows*:

Standard & Poor's Rating of Collateral Debt Security	Recovery Rate by Ratings of Notes						
	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	В	CCC
"AA-", "AA" or "AA+"	55.0%	65.0%	75.0%	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%
"A-", "A" or "A+"	40.0%	45.0%	55.0%	65.0%	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%
"BBB-", "BBB" or "BBB+"	30.0%	35.0%	40.0%	45.0%	50.0%	60.0%	70.0%
"BB-", "BB" or "BB+"	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	25.0%	35.0%	40.0%	50.0%
"B-", "B" or "B+"	2.5%	5.0%	5.0%	10.0%	10.0%	20.0%	25.0%
"CCC+" and below	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	5.0%	5.0%

- C. If the Collateral Debt Security (other than a REIT Debt Security or a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security) is a Synthetic Security, the recovery rate will be assigned by Standard & Poor's upon the acquisition of such Security by the Issuer.
- D. If the Collateral Debt Security (other than a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security) is a REIT Debt Security, the recovery rate will be 40%.

*If the Collateral Debt Security is a Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security, the recovery rate will be (a) if such Guaranteed Corporate Debt Security is secured and not by its terms subordinate in right of payments, 21.5%.

Part III

Fitch Recovery Rate Matrix

With respect to any Defaulted Security on any Measurement Date, an amount equal to the percentage set forth in (x) the row of the matrix below corresponding to the type of Collateral Debt Security, domicile and seniority of such Defaulted Security, as applicable, and (y) the column of the matrix below corresponding to the most senior outstanding Class of Notes then rated by Fitch.

Domicile	Seniority	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	ВВ	В
ABS S	enior (> 10%)	60%	65%	75%	85%	90%	95%
ABS Se	enior (<= 10%)	48%	56%	64%	72%	76%	80%
ABS Mezz	anine IG (> 10%)	30%	38%	46%	54%	65%	75%
ABS Mezza	anine IG (<= 10%)	20%	27%	35%	42%	50%	55%
ABS N	on IG (> 10%)	15%	18%	21%	26%	32%	35%
ABS No	on IG (<= 10%)	0%	4%	8%	12%	16%	20%
United States	REITS	52%	55%	59%	62%	63%	65%
United States	Senior Secured (Non IG)	56%	60%	63%	67%	68%	70%
United States	Jr Secured (Non IG)	24%	26%	27%	29%	29%	30%
United States	Senior Unsecured (Non IG)	36%	38%	41%	43%	44%	45%
United States	Subordinate (Non IG)	24%	26%	27%	29%	29%	30%
United States	Senior Unsecured (IG)	44%	47%	50%	52%	54%	55%
United States	Subordinate (IG)	24%	26%	27%	29%	29%	30%
Emer	ging Markets	20%	21%	23%	24%	24%	25%
	Japan	16%	17%	18%	19%	20%	20%

SCHEDULE B

FITCH SECTOR AND SUBSECTOR CLASSIFICATIONS¹Each Collateral Debt Security is assigned one of eleven sectors: CDO of Corporates, CDO of Structured Assets, CMBS, Commercial ABS-Small Business, Commercial ABS-Travel/Transportation, Commercial ABS-Other, Consumer ABS, Corporate, Real Estate, RMBS Prime and RMBS Subprime. In addition, each Collateral Debt Security is assigned an industry. The following includes the sectors and industries which may be assigned to each Collateral Debt Security:

CDO of Corporates

Cashflow Market Value Synthetic

CDO of Structured Assets

Cashflow Market Value Synthetic

CMBS Large Loan Conduit

Credit Tenant Leases

Commercial ABS-Small Business

Equipment Leases Franchise Loans Inventory Financing Small Business Loans

Tax Liens

Commercial ABS-Travel/Transportation

Aircraft Loans/Leases Dealer Floorplan Rail Car Rental Fleet Taxi Medallion

Commercial ABS-Other

12B1 Fees Agriculture Loans Future Flow

Healthcare Receivables Intellectual Property

Other

Stadium Financing Structured Settlements Utility Stranded Costs Weather Bonds Consumer ABS
Credit Cards
Auto Prime
Auto SubPrime
Consumer Loans

Student Loans Charged Off Credit Cards

Motorcycles Timeshare RV/Boats

Corporate

Other

Aerospace & Defense

Automobiles
Banking & Finance
Broadcasting/Media/Cable
Building & Materials
Business Services

Chemicals

Computers & Electronics Consumer Products

Energy

Food, Beverage & Tobacco Gaming, Leisure & Entertainment Health Care & Pharmaceuticals

Industrial/Manufacturing Lodging & Restaurants Metals & Mining

Packaging & Containers

Paper & Forest Products Real Estate

Retail (General) Supermarkets & Drugstores

Telecommunications
Textiles & Furniture
Transportation

Utilities

¹ Fitch Assigned Subsector definitions are subject to reasonable determination and interpretation by the Trustee (in consultation with the Administrative Agent).

Real Estate

REIT-Apartments
REIT-Diversified
REIT-Industrial/Office
REIT-Healthcare
REIT-Hotels
REIT-Retail

RMBS Prime

Residential A

Alt A

RMBS Subprime

Home Equity
High LTV
Manufactured Housing
Residential B/C

Note: Deals guaranteed by an insurer/guarantor should be categorized under Banking & Finance for purposes of Fitch sector.

LTV = Loan to value ratio. RV = Recreational vehicle.

SCHEDULE C

STANDARD & POOR'S ASSET CLASSES

Part A

Consumer ABS

Automobile Loan Receivable Securities Automobile Lease Receivable Securities Car Rental Receivables Securities Credit Card Securities Healthcare Securities Student Loan Securities

2. Commercial ABS

Cargo Securities
Equipment Leasing Securities
Aircraft Leasing Securities
Small Business Loan Securities
Restaurant and Food Services Securities
Tobacco Litigation Securities

3. Non-RE-REMIC RMBS

Manufactured Housing Loan Securities

4. Non-RE-REMIC CMBS

CMBS - Conduit

CMBS - Credit Tenant Lease

CMBS - Large Loan

CMBS - Single Borrower

CMBS - Single Property

5. REITs

REIT - Multifamily & Mobile Home Park

REIT - Retail

REIT - Hospitality

REIT – Office

REIT - Industrial

REIT - Healthcare

REIT - Warehouse

REIT – Self Storage

REIT - Mixed Use

6. Real Estate Operating Companies

Part B

Residential Mortgages

Residential "A" Residential "B/C" Home equity loans

Part C

Specialty Structured

Stadium Financings Project Finance Future flows

SCHEDULE D

STANDARD & POOR'S TYPES OF ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES INELIGIBLE FOR NOTCHING

The following types of Asset-Backed Securities are not eligible to be notched in accordance with Schedule E unless otherwise agreed to by Standard & Poor's. Accordingly, the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Asset-Backed Securities must be determined pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) of the definition of "Standard & Poor's Rating" in the Offering Circular. This Schedule may be modified from time to time by Standard & Poor's and its applicability should be confirmed with Standard & Poor's prior to use.

- 1. Non-U.S. Structured Finance Securities
- 2. Guaranteed Securities
- 3. CDOs of Structured Finance and Real Estate Securities
- CBOs of CDOs
- 5. CLOs of Distressed Debt
- 6. Mutual Fund Fee Securities
- 7. Catastrophe Bonds
- 8. First Loss Tranches of any Securitization
- 9. Synthetics
- 10. Synthetic CBOs
- 11. Re-REMICs
- 13. Market value CDOs
- 14. Net Interest Margin Securities (NIMs)
- 15. Any asset class not listed on Schedule E

SCHEDULE E

STANDARD & POOR'S NOTCHING OF ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES

The Standard and Poor's Rating of an Collateral Debt Security that is not of a type specified on Schedule D and that has not been assigned a rating by Standard & Poor's may be determined as set forth below.

- A. If such Collateral Debt Security is rated by Moody's and Fitch, the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security shall be the Standard & Poor's equivalent of the rating that is the number of subcategories specified in Table A below the lowest of the ratings assigned by Moody's and Fitch.
- B. If the Collateral Debt Security is rated by Moody's or Fitch, the Standard & Poor's Rating of such Collateral Debt Security shall be the Standard & Poor's equivalent of the rating that is one subcategory below the rating that is the number of subcategories specified in Table A below the rating assigned by Moody's or Fitch.

This Schedule may be modified from time to time by Standard & Poor's and its applicability should be confirmed with Standard & Poor's prior to use.

TABLE A

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	equivalent		equivalent	Below "BBB-" or its equivalent
1. Consumer ABS Automobile Loan Receivable Securities Automobile Lease Receivable Securities Car Rental Receivables Securities Credit Card Securities Healthcare Securities Student Loan Securities	-1	-2	-2	-3
2. Commercial ABS Cargo Securities Equipment Leasing Securities Aircraft Leasing Securities Small Business Loan Securities Restaurant and Food Services Securities Tobacco Litigation Securities	-1	-2	-2	-3

Non-Re-REMIC RMBS Manufactured Housing Loan Securities	-1	-2	-2	-3
4. Non-Re-REMIC CMBS CMBS – Conduit CMBS - Credit Tenant Lease CMBS – Large Loan CMBS – Single Borrower CMBS – Single Property	-1	-2	-2	-3
5. CBO/CLO cashflow Securities cash Flow CBO – at least 80% High Yield Corporate cash Flow CBO – at least 80% Investment Grade Corporate cash Flow CLO – at least 80% High Yield Corporate cash Flow CLO – at least 80% Investment Grade Corporate	-1	-2	-2	-3
6. REITs REIT – Multifamily & Mobile Home Park REIT – Retail REIT – Hospitality REIT – Office REIT – Industrial REIT – Healthcare REIT – Warehouse REIT – Self Storage REIT – Mixed Use	-1	-2	-2	-3
7. Specialty Structured Stadium Financings Project Finance Future flows	-3	-4	-3	-4
8. Residential Mortgages Residential "A" Residential "B/C" Home equity loans	-1	-2	-2	-3
9. Real Estate Operating Companies	-1	-2	-2	-3

As of December 10, 2001

SCHEDULE F

TABLE OF MOODY'S ASSET CLASSES

Class A1	Class D		
Credit Card Securities Healthcare Securities Home Equity Loan Securities Manufactured Housing Securities Residential B/C Mortgage Securities Small Business Loan Securities Student Loan Securities Tax Lien Securities	Bank Guaranteed Securities Corporate Debt Securities Insurance Company Guaranteed Securities REIT Debt Securities—Diversified REIT Debt Securities—Health Care REIT Debt Securities—Hotel REIT Debt Securities—Industrial REIT Debt Securities—Multi-Family REIT Debt Securities—Office REIT Debt Securities—Residential REIT Debt Securities—Retail REIT Debt Securities—Storage		
Class A2	Class E		
Franchise Securities Mutual Fund Securities Oil and Gas Securities Restaurant and Food Services Securities	Project Finance Securities		
Class B	Class F		
Aerospace and Defense Securities Automobile Securities Car Rental Receivable Securities Subprime Automobile Securities Recreational Vehicle Securities	Residential A Mortgage Securities		

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Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

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PREFERRED SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

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